The New-York Times.

VOL. XIX.......NO. 5795. NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, APRIL 19, 1870. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

TELEGRAMS.

A Terrible Boiler Explosion Near Brussels, Belgium.

Twenty Men and Women Killed or Shockingly Scalded.

The "City of Boston" not yet "Posted" as Lost, at Lloyd's.

Confederation Rejected by Prince Edward's Island.

Canadian "National" Policy Denounced in Nova Scotia.

EUROPE.

Terrible Disaster Near Brussels—Twenty Persons Killed or Wounded by the Explosion of a Boiler—Wreck—The Turf.

BRUSSELS, April 18.—The boiler of a large linen factory near Brussels exploded today. Twenty men and women were either killed outright or frightfully scalded. Flames broke out after the explosion and the factory was burned to the ground. A large number of operatives are thrown out of employment.

LONDON, April 18.—The Captain of the steamer *Neath Abbey* reports that he saw the topmasts of a wrecked steamer on the Scottish coast, near Troon....The *Produce Market Review* praises the Government for reducing the duties on sugar, and says its action gives universal satisfaction. ....The Press mentions the fact that new wood paper, reported to be as tenacious as that made of rags, is now in process of manufacture at Saukey Mills....The Newmarket Craven Meeting began today. The Craven stakes, of fifteen sovereigns each, with 100 added; second horse to receive fifty sovereigns, was won by Sir **JOSEPH HAWLEY**'s br. h. *Rosicrucian*, by *Beadsman* out of *Madame Eglantine*, 5 years old, carrying 127 pounds.

Insurances on the City of Boston—An Australia and San Francisco Line Opened—The Whale and Seal Fisheries.

LONDON, April 18.—It is said the steamer *City of Boston* will not be posted at Lloyd's on the loss book for some weeks. Until she is so posted the insurances are not payable....The pioneer of the new line of steamers between Australia and California, sailed from Sydney, New South Wales, on March 26, for San Francisco. Mr. **LAIRD** has contracted to build two steamers for the Hamburg and New-Orleans line....Vessels returning here and to other ports of England, report the success of the whale and seal fisheries this season.

The weather today is warm and delightful.

The Emperor's Plebiscite Circular—Instruction of the People—The Question in the Senate.

PARIS, April 18.—The Emperor attended the races at Longchamps today....It is stated that on Monday next a series of public meetings will begin, at which the *plebiscitum* is to be discussed, and the people instructed in the constitutional changes proposed. The Emperor will send his printed circular explaining the *plebiscite* to the different Departments today.... The Senate commences the debate on the *plebiscite* today.

Cuban News in Spain—The Monarchy—The Soldiers and the People.

MADRID, April 18.—The Government has permitted the publication of an official dispatch from Cuba reporting that the insurgents attempted to pass the lines of Count **VALMASEDA**, but were defeated with a loss of 170 killed, and that many are surrendering themselves, to receive the clemency of the Government....The *Imparcial* says it is probable that the question of monarchy will be brought before the Cortes before the discussion of the organic laws, which is fixed to take place at an early day....The ill-feeling between the regular soldiers and the volunteers has in good part subsided.

CUBA.

Another Spanish Victory—One Hundred and Seventy Insurgents Killed—No Details.

HAVANA, April 18.—The Captain-General telegraphs from Puerto Principe that the insurgent forces under the command of **MAXIMO GOMEZ** and **MODESTO DIAZ** made an attempt to pass the lines of **VALMASEDA**'s division at Cauto Abajo, with the object of invading the jurisdiction of Bayamo. They were met by two Spanish battalions, and repulsed, with the loss of 170 killed. The rebels fled in great confusion, and at last accounts were utterly disorganized. The dispatch of the Captain-General gives no further particulars.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Provisional Government of Paraguay—War Threatened in Montevideo.

PARIS, April 18.—Later advices from Asuncion report that a Provisional Government had been formed for Paraguay, under the patronage of Brazil....A dispatch just received from Montevideo states that an attack from the exiled Blanco faction was threatened. Extensive preparations for defense were making.

MEXICO.

Charges Against Romero—Proceedings in Congress—The Revolt—Death of a Guerrilla.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 10, via **HAVANA**, April 18.—In the national Congress serious charges have been preferred against Señor **ROMERO**, Secretary of the Treasury, and a committee of investigation has been appointed. Congress is making a determined effort to put a stop to brigandage. Certain provisions of the Constitution have been suspended and special powers granted to the President for the trial and speedy execution of kidnappers and bandits. The bill providing for the construction of the Tehuantepec Canal has passed. Amendments are proposed which will greatly improve the measure....Great preparations have been made for the celebration of the anniversary of the victims sacrificed at Tacubaya....Gen. **GARCIA DE CADENA** has written a letter to the Governor of Zacatecas asking for pardon and offering to surrender. The Governor has referred the application to President **JUAREZ**. It is known that dissensions have broken out in the insurgent camp. **MARTINEZ**, one of **CADENA**'s chief officers, revolted with the majority of the men, and has deprived **CADENA** not only of the leadership, but of all the moneys he had acquired by forced loans. **CADENA**, with a few followers, is now wandering in the mountains of Teatiemango, closely pursued by the troops. **MARTINEZ** is also pressed by the National forces, and news of his capture or the dispersion of his command is daily expected. The famous guerrilla **RORIEGA** has been killed and his band defeated at Ayoela. The death penalty has been abolished in Yucatan, and imprisonment for the term of fifteen years substituted.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 18.—The steamer *Continental*, from Mazattan, has arrived here. She brings $230,000 in Mexican dollars. At the time of the sailing of the *Continental* Gen. **VEGA** was reported to be eight miles from Masattan with 300 men, all well armed and equipped. **JOHN H. MULLIN**, chief engineer of the American and Mexican Railroad and Telegraph, has reached here from Mexico, en route to New-York. He has completed the survey of the proposed road from the Rio Grande to the Gulf of California. He found a favorable railroad country, of easy grade and with excellent material for all purposes.

CANADA.

Indians Offered for Red River Service—Newfoundland's Appeal to Great Britain—Prince Edward Against Confederation—The Ballot in Nova Scotia—The "National Policy" Denounced.

OTTAWA, Ontario, April 18.—Mr. **DENNY**, of Saugeen, is here offering 100 Saugeen-Chippewa Indians to the Government for service in the North-west. Mr. **DENNY** further offers fully to equip and clothe, and be responsible for their proper conduct during the expedition.

HALIFAX, April 18.—The Newfoundland House of Assembly has addressed Earl **GRANVILLE** on the subject of the withdrawal of the troops from the colony. The address urges that Newfoundland has the misfortune to be the resort of capitalists who come there to make fortunes, but go to England to spend them, thus contributing to the revenue of the mother country and leaving Newfoundland always poor and quite unequal to providing means of defense, the bulk of Newfoundlond property being owned in Great Britain. The relation of the colony to the telegraphic system between England and America; the devoted loyalty of the people, and other points considered to support the view taken by the Assembly, are set forth in the address.... The Prince Edward's Island Legislature has, by a vote of 19 to 5, rejected the resolution in favor of confederation with Canaaa....The Nova Scotia House of Assembly has passed a bill enacting that future elections shall be by ballot. The House has also agreed, without a dissenting vote, to Mr. **DICKEY**'s resolution condemnatory of the Dominion Government's so-called "national policy."

THE WEST.

The St. Louis Defalcations—Rapid Rise in the Mississippi—Kentucky Politics—A Watchman Stabbed in Cincinnati.

ST. LOUIS, April 18.—A committee who have been investigating the accounts of the defaulting City Treasurer, **SUSISKY**, for several days past, reported to Mayor **COLE** last night; they found the deficit to be $163,762 52....A rapid rise in the river here has broken the main caisson surrounding the east pier of the bridge, and the pier is now twenty-four feet under water. No further work can be done on this pier until the river falls, but the labor on the west pier is progressing finely.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 17.—To-morrow morning's *Courier-Journal* will publish a severe attack on Gov. **STEVENSON** by Senator **MCCREERY**, arising out of the charge made by **STEVENSON** that **MCCREERY** had seconded Gen. **BURBRIDGE** for office. The Senator calls for the publication of letters which contain racy developements. His letter is likely to add to the excitement which already prevails among the Democratic politicians throughout Kentucky.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 18.—N. H. **SEARS**, a private watchman in the Cincinnati *Commercial* establishment, was dangerously stabbed in front of that office, last night, by **JERRY LYNCH**. A brother of **LYNCH** had been arrested for some offense, on information furnished by **SEARS**. **LYNCH** sought **SEARS** and struck him; a struggle ensued, in which **LYNCH** used a knife, inflicting wounds on **SEARS** which will probably be fatal. **LYNCH** escaped to Carthage, where he was arrested this morning. **SEARS** was recently on the Police force, and was regarded as a brave officer and excellent man.

A Bold and Successful Bank Robbery in South Carolina—A Man Locked in a Closet by the Robbers.

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 18.—Yesterday morning it was discovered that the banking-house of **SCOTT, WILLIAMS** & Co., in Columbia, S. C., had been entered by burglars. The vault door and inner safe were drilled and blown open. A man named **GAGE** was found locked in a closet of the bank. He claims to have been locked in while drunk, and knows nothing of the robbery. The burglars pillaged the boxes of special depositors of bonds, gold, currency, jewelry and valuable papers amounting to between $50,000 and $60,000. Several thousand dollars in specie on special deposit is included in the loss. The bank loses not more than $20,000; the balance is divided among private individuals. The burglars left behind them all their tools and half a keg of powder.

The Storm in Pennsylvania—Railroad Travel Interrupted.

WILLIAMSPORT, Penn., April 18.—It has been raining continuously for the last forty-five hours. The river has risen seventeen feet and it is still rising at the rate of four inches an hour. The Layal Sock, Lycoming, and Pine Creeks are now higher than they were in 1865. The creeks west of Lockhaven are not so high. Some damage was done to the canals, which will probably take a week to repair. The Northern Central Railway between here and Elmira has been badly damaged. No trains were run over it today.

Miscellaneous Telegrams.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 18.—There was a heavy frost last night which caused great damage to cotton, corn and vegetables generally. Advices from the cane-brake or cotton belt are very unfavorable. The thermometer in Middle Georgia stands at about 32°.

CHICAGO, April 18.—**JAMES RAMSEY**, living between Granville and Hennepin, Ill., was arrested on Saturday for violating his daughter, and while being conveyed to prison was seized by a mob and hung. **RAMSEY** has been suspected of poisoning his wife two years ago and burning his barn to secure the insurance money.

The Alleged Alteration of the Excise Law.

The Utica *Herald* of yesterday morning makes the following statement relative to the alteration in the Excise law, by which, in the interior cities, the Mayor is to appoint the Excise Commissioners without ratification by the Aldermen. "The bill, it appears, was recommitted to the Judiciary Committee, in the House. Two members of that Committee, **FIELDS** and **CULLEN**, secretly made the change in question, without the consent or knowledge of their associates. In reporting to the House this amendment was not announced, although it was inserted in the record. The amendment was not read on the final reading of the bill, and the House supposed that the second section passed as it was originally printed. When, last Friday, the attention of the Assembly had been called to the matter, Mr. **CULLEN**, as we are told, boasted in the presence of several members that himself and **FIELDS** were the only two men in the Legislature who knew that the bill had been thus altered."

Reception of Mr. Burlingame's Remains.

The German steam-ship *Silesia*, with the remains of Minister **BURLINGAME** on board, is expected to arrive at this port today, or to-morrow at the latest. Mr. **EDWARD LIVERMORE BURLINGAME**, a son of the late Minister, is a passenger by the vessel. On the arrival of the body it will be received by representatives of the Union League and Chamber of Commerce, including **ELLIOTT C. CONDIN**, Collector **GRINNELL**, **WILLIAM E. DODGE**, and others, and will be escorted to the Boston Depot. Mr. **LIVERMORE**, father-in-law of Mr. **BURLINGAME**, is now in the city for the purpose of accompanying the remains to Boston, at which place arrangements are now making for a magnificent funeral. The sepulture will take place at Cambridge.

EUROPEAN NEWS BY MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE PALMYRA, COLORADO, FRANCE AND CITY OF WASHINGTON.

The steam-ships *Palmyra*, from Liverpool April 5, and Queenstown April 6; *Colorado*, from Liverpool April 6, and Queenstown April 7; *France*, from Liverpool April 6, and Queenstown April 7, and *City of Washington*, from Liverpool April 7, and Queenstown April 8, reached this port last night. The latest news is fresher by three days than that received by the *Union* on Saturday.

Mr. **THOMAS CARLYLE** had been re-elected President of the Edinburgh Philosophical Institution, and had announced his acceptance of that office.

The Viceroy of Egypt had concluded a new seven per cent. loan for £5,000,000 sterling, notwithstanding, it is said, the protest of the Porte. The terms are onerous, the contractors taking the loan at 70.

Rioting was reported from the neighborhood of Barcelona in resistance to the conscription. The disturbances were easily suppressed, but not without bloodshed and loss of life. This rioting was contemporaneous with the discussion in the Cortes on the army contingent.

It was announced in the *Correspondencia* of Madrid that another candidate for the vacant throne of Spain was in the field—Prince **AUGUSTUS** of Saxe-Coburg Gotha, son-in-law of the Emperor of Brazil and brother-in-law of the Count **D'EU**. The Prince is twenty-five years of age, and among other recommendations is very wealthy and a Catholic.

The *Gazette de Mons* relates that the keepers of the prison of that place and the brigade of *gendarmes* were thrown into commotion a few nights back by finding that the murderer **DESSOUS-LE-MOUSTIER**, lately sentenced to death, had disappeared from his cell through the window. He by some means contrived to get rid of the strait-waistcoat which he wore, and then tearing into strips the canvas of which it was composed, he made a sort of rope, which he tied to one of the bars of the window and let himself down. Previously he had to wrench out, by an immense exertion of strength, the other iron defenses. Researches were made in all directions, and at last the fugitive, who had not been able to get over the walls of the prison, was found concealed in one of the vans, intending doubtless to seize on some opportunity of absconding the first time the carriage might be used. He was, of course, reinstalled in his cell, but under better guard.

CHARLES DICKENS.

The Author on the Newsman of the Day.

On April 5 the annual dinner in aid of the friends of the Newsvenders' Benevolent and Provident Institution was held in London. Mr. **CHARLES DICKENS** presided, and in proposing the toast of the evening said: Ladies and gentlemen: You receive me with so much cordiality that I fear you believe that I really did once sit in a Lord Mayor's coach. Permit me to assure you, in spite of the information received from Mr. Alderman **COTTON**, that I never had that honor. Furthermore, I beg to assure you that I never witnessed a Lord Mayor's show except from the point of view obtained by the other vagabonds upon the pavement. Now, ladies and gentlemen, in spite of this great cordiality of yours, I doubt if you fully know yet what a blessing it is to you that I occupy this chair to-night, because, having filled it on several previous occasions for the society on whose behalf we are assembled, and having said everything that I could think of to say about it, and being, moreover, the President of the institution itself, I am placed to-night in the modest position of a host who is not so much to display himself as to call out his guests—perhaps even to try to induce some among them to occupy his place on another occasion. And, therefore, you may be safely sure that, like *Falstaff*, but with a modification almost as large as himself, I shall try rather to be the cause of speaking in others than to speak myself to-night. Much in this manner they exhibit at the door of a snuff-shop the effigy of a Highlander with an empty mull in his hand, who, having apparently taken all the snuff he can carry, and discharged all the sneezes of which he is capable, politely invites his friends and patrons to step in and try what they can do in the same line. It is an appropriate instance of the universality of the newsman's calling that no toast we have drunk to-night—and no toast we shall drink to-night—and no toast we might, could, should or would drink to-night, is separable for a moment from that great inclusion of all possible subjects of human interest which he delivers at our doors every day. Further, it may be worthy the consideration of everybody here who has talked cheerfully to his or her neighbor since we have sat down at the table, what in the name of Heaven should we have talked about, and how on earth could we have possibly got on, if our newsman had only for one single day forgotten us. Now, ladies and gentlemen, as our newsman is not by any means in the habit of forgetting us, let us form a little habit of not forgeting our newsman. Let us remember that his work is very arduous; that it occupies him early and late; that the profits he derives from us are at the best very small; that the services he renders to us are very great; that if he be a master, his little capital is exposed to all sorts of mischances, anxieties, and hazards; and if he be a journeyman, he himself is exposed to all manner of weathers, of tempers, and all manner of difficult and unreasonable requirements. Let me illustrate this. I was once present at a social discussion which turned upon the question what was the most absorbing and the longest-lived passion in the human breast. A daily editor of vast experience and great acuteness, who was one of the company, considerably surprised us by saying with the greatest confidence that the passion in question was the passion of getting orders for the play. There had recently been a terrible shipwreck, and very few of the surviving sailors had escaped in an open boat. One of these, on making land, came straight to London, and straight to the newspaper office, with his story of how he had seen the ship go down before his eyes. That young man had witnessed the most terrible contention between the powers of fire and water for the destruction of that ship and of every one on board. He had rowed away among the floating, dying and the sinking dead. He had floated by day, and he had frozen by night, with no shelter and no food, and as he told his dismal tale, he rolled his haggard eyes about the room. When he had finished, and the tale had been noted down from his lips, he was cheered and refreshed, and soothed, and asked if anything could be done for him. Even that master passion was so strong within him that he immediately replied he should like an order for the play. My friend the editor certainly thought that was rather a strong case; but he said that during his many years of experience he had witnessed an incurable amount of self-prostration and abasement having no outer object, and that almost invariably on the part of people who could well afford to pay. This made a great impression on my mind, and I really lived in this faith until some years ago it happened upon a stormy night I was kindly escorted from a bleak railway station to the little out-of-the-way town it represented by a sprightly and vivacious newsman, to whom I propounded, as we went along under my umbrella, what was the one all-absorbing passion of the human soul. He replied, without the slightest hesitation, that it certainly was the passion for getting your newspaper in advance of your fellow-creatures; also if you only hired it to get it delivered at your own door at exactly the same time as another man who hired the same copy four miles off; and finally, the invincible determination on the part of both men not to believe the time was up when the boy called. Ladies and gentlemen, I have not had an opportunity of verifying this experience with my friends of the managing committee, but I have no doubt from its reception to-night that my friend the newsman was perfectly right. Well, as a sort of beacon in a sufficiently dark life, and as an assurance that among a little body of working men there is a feeling of brotherhood and sympathy—which is worth much to all men, or they would herd with wolves—the newvenders once upon a time established the Benevolent and Provident Institution, and here it is.

Ladies and gentlemen, I have stated the newsman's simple case. I leave it in your hands. Within the last year the institution has had the good fortune to attract the sympathy and gain the support of the eminent man of letters I am proud to call my friend, who now represent the great Republic of America at the British Court. Also it has enrolled upon its list of donors and Vice-Presidents the great name of **LONGFELLOW**. I beg to propose to you to drink "Prosperity to the Newsvenders' Benevolent and Provident Institution." [Cheers.] The toast was duly honored, and followed by the toast of "The Ladies," proposed by Mr. **CHAS. DICKENS**, Jr. Mr. **EDMUND YATES** proposed the health of the Chairman; and then came the toasts of the Vice-Presidents and Stewards, and the Press.

ALBANY.

Proceedings in the Morning Session of the Assembly—The Supply Bill—More Marine Court Judges—The Governor's Objections to the Union Home and School Bill—The Goodrich Contested Seat—The Tax Levies.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Monday, April 18, 1870.

There was a very slim attendance at the opening of the morning session of the Assembly today, but members kept dropping in until, before the close of the session, there were enough present to pass bills. Among the most important of those passed relating to the City of New-York was the Senate bill for the extension of the Avenue C Railroad, which was concurred in by a vote of 68 to 16. There has been considerable opposition to this bill from the owners of the Belt Railroad who claim that it permits encroachments upon their franchise. The bill authorizes the Avenue C Road to extend their tracks as follows:

A double track in Avenue C, in and through either Seventeenth or Eighteenth streets to Avenue A; thence through and along Avenue A to Twenty-third-street; thence through and along Twenty-third-street to the East River. Also with a single track from Washington-street through and along West Houston-street to West-street; also with a single track from Greenwich-street, through and along Charlton-street to West-street, thence through and along West-street with a double track from West Houston-street to Chambers-street; and also through and along Tenth-street, connecting with double track in Avenue C, with a single track to Avenue D, thence with a double track to the East river; also connecting with the double track in Tenth-street, through and along Avenue D, with a single track to Eleventh-street, thence through and along Eleventh-street, with a single track to and connecting with the double track in Avenue C.

INCREASING SALARIES OF JUDGES.

The Senate bill fixing the salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court at five thousand dollars gave rise to considerable discussion. Mr. **ALVORD** and Mr. **LITTLEJOHN** favored an increase to $7,500, the same as is to be given to the new Judges of the Court of Appeals; but Mr. **FIELDS**, whose salary as Corporation Attorney is to be increased, by an item in the Tax Levy, to twelve thousand dollars opposed it. He thought five thousand dollars for the Supreme Court Judges was "enough to begin with," and as there was no provision in the new Judiciary clause of the Constitution fordidding a future increase, the people could instruct their representatives to raise the salaries hereafter if they saw fit. The discussion closed by laying the bill on the table for the present.

THE SUPPLY BILL.

Mr. **JACOBS**, from the Committee of Ways and Means, this morning reported the annual Supply bill, which was ordered printed immediately, and made the special order for Thursday next. The principal item of the bill, worthy of mention, is the appropriation of one million of dollars for the new Capitol—seven hundred thousand dollars for construction and three hundred thousand dollars for past indebtedness. There is also an item of ten thousand dollars to be paid to Mr. **NORTON**, the Commissioner of the State of New-York at the Paris Exposition, who, it appears, has never been reimbursed for his expenses, although he spent twenty-five thousand dollars of his own money, and, according to the representations of Gen. **DIX**, and others who were in Paris at the time, performed the duties of Commissioner very faithfully and with credit to the State. The reason he has not been reimbursed before is, that he has never asked for it, but is now reported to be in a condition to need the money.

THE MARINE COURT.

An important bill in relation to the Marine Court of the City of New-York has passed the Assembly, and is now pending in the Senate. It provides for the election of three new Judges of the Court, whose salaries are to be fixed by the Board of Supervisors, and whose terms of office are to be six years. It also increases the jurisdiction of the Court to one thousand dollars, and authorizes suits for libel and slander to be brought therein.

THE UNION HOME AND SCHOOL.

It is said that the Governor refuses to sign the bill that passed on Friday last, appropriating sixty dollars each to the children of the "Union Home and School for Orphans of Soldiers," and allowing them their proportionate share of the school fund. The clause which he objects to is that which secured them a portion of the school fund. This he claims, and justly, is open to the same objection that forms part of the argument against the sectarian school appropriation, viz.: that it appropriates money to educate children already provided for in the common schools. The clause was opposed in the Assembly on the same grounds, but it was finally retained, because it was argued that the children of the "Home," being all domiciled at one place, could not avail themselves of the public schools. The bill will be amended to suit the Governor's wishes. It will make a difference of three or four thousand dollars in the amount appropriated to the Home.

THE GOODRICH CONTESTED SEAT CASE.

The Privileges and Elections Committee will this evening make their report in the contested seat case of **GOODRICH** *vs.* **JONES**, in the Fifth Assembly District of Brooklyn. As was to be expected, they report against **GOODRICH**, who is a Republican, and in favor of **JONES**, who is a Democrat. A clearer case for ousting the sitting member was never presented to the Legislature than this, and the decision of the Committee is only an additional sample of the farce of permitting contested seat cases to be determined by a partisan body, instead of by the Courts.

THE TAX LEVIES.

The New-York Tax Levies made their appearance on the files of members this morning, and will be taken up, according to agreement, as the special order to-morrow morning. Those who have had the getting up of the Levies have not fully decided whether they will attempt to put them through without debate, under a call for the previous question, or whether they will allow them to be discussed. The power they wield here now will enable them to do either, and prudence and policy, of which they claim an average share, would certainly dictate that they should permit a full and fair discussion. The Levies are regarded by the Republicans as better, all things considered, than they had reason to fear, for the tardiness with which they were reported, and the pains taken to conceal them from the eyes of members; but there is plenty of room for improvement, as suggested in the TIMES' editorial today, and, if discussion is permitted, they will doubtless undergo many amendments before they get through both Houses. A resolution will be offered from the Republican side that hereafter the Tax Levies be fixed by the City authorities instead of being brought to the Legislature. Last Winter the Democratic members in both Houses talked themselves hoarse over the gross injustice of compelling New-York City to come to the Legislature for a confirmation of her Tax Levies, while all the rest of the cities in the State were permitted to fix them up to suit themselves; and now the Democracy have the power in their own hands, the inquiry is made why they don't carry out their ideas. The Republicans intend to put them on the record on this subject, so that hereafter they will be compelled to hold their tongues. It is the intention also to put them on the record in reference to the sectarian school question, by offering an amendment abolishing the appropriation in last year's Tax Levy. Mr. **WHITE** threw the last bomb-shell into their camp this morning, by presenting a petition signed by over 6,000 citizens of New-York, asking for the abolition of this appropriation.

THE TAX LEVIES.

The City Levies.

The City and County Tax Levies, revised and amended, and placed on the files of members of the Legislature yesterday, are as follows:

MAYORALTY.

Contingencies, Mayor's office	$12,500
Salaries, Mayor's office	48,500

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Advertising for Common Council	$45,000
Contingencies, for incidental expenses of Clerk's office, and office of Clerk of Assistant Aldermen	2,500
City contingencies	40,000
Printing for Common Council	50,000
Salaries	260,000

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Cleaning markets	$35,000
Contingencies, Controller's office	15,000
Charges, arrears of taxes	10,000
Charges, arrears of assessments	10,000
Errors and delinquencies	5,000
Real estate expenses	100,000
Rents	79,575
Reimbursement oft rust funds	5,000
Salaries	247,500
Taxes, Bureau for Collection of, pay of temporary clerks	30,600

LAW DEPARTMENT.

Contingencies	$35,000
Salaries	57,918
Contingencies, Corporation Attorney	3,000
Public Administrator's Office, arrears for advertising	6,416

[The Corporation Attorney shall receive in lieu of his present compensation, an annual salary, to be fixed by the Controller, not exceeding the annual compensation paid to the Recorder of said City, and it shall not be lawful for the said attorney to dismiss any action or complaint unless the costs thereon are paid.]

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Aqueduct repairs and improvements	160,000
Contingencies, Board of Public Works	25,000
Flagging sidewalks and fencing vacant lots	3,000
Lamps and gas	1,106,300
New stone bridge at Kingsbridge	10,000
Preparing maps for Department of Public Works, showing streets paved, regulated, curbed, and gutters flagged and sewered, &c., &c.	60,000
Printing	70,000
Public buildings contracted and repairs	125,000
Public drinking hydrants and urinals	3,500
Removing obstructions in streets and harbors	6,000
Repairing and keeping wooden pavements in order	60,000
Roads, avenues and City Hall Park	120,000
Repairs to street pavements, including repairs of relaying crosswalks in Fifth-avenue and intersecting streets	250,000
Salaries	265,800
Stationery and blank books	100,000
Street improvements	15,000
Supplies for and cleaning public offices	100,000
Sewers, repairing and cleaning	120,000
Sprinkling roads and avenues	30,000
Wells and pumps	2,500
Water-pipe and laying	150,000
Furnishing offices and chambers for Mayor and Assistant Aldermen	35,000
Furnishing and altering Ninth District Civil and Police Court-rooms	25,000

DEPARTMENT PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION.

Relapsing Fever Hospital	$40,000
Constructing gas-works on Blackwell's Island; pipes and gas-fixtures for Randall's Island	30,000
Salary of Warden of City Prison	5,000

HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Removing night soil offal and dead animals	$40,500
Cleaning streets	502,500

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS.

Maintenance and government of Central Park	250,000
Arrears for 1869	27,359
Museum and Observatory	30,000
Improvement of Mount Morris-square, arrears for 1869	1,356
Adopting west line of Park to line of Eighth-avenue	25,000
Parks and places	65,000

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS.

Contingencies	$10,000
Salaries	102,000
Payment for special inspectors from October, 1869, to May, 1870	24,500

CITY DISPENSARIES.

To New-York, Northern, Eastern, Demilt, North-western, Yorkville, Harlem, Manhattanville, Eclectic, New-York Medical College for Women, New-York Homeopathic, Branch Homeopathic, Tompkins-square, New-York Homeopathic College, the German, Western for Women and Children—all dispensaries—Infirmary of the New-York College of Dentistry, each	$1,000
North-eastern Dispensary	3,000
North-eastern Homeopathic and Western Homeopathic, each	2,500
Central, and New-York Dispensary for Diseases of Throat and Chest	2,000

DONATIONS.

Assessment and other liens on church and charitable and educational institutions property	$200,000
St. Vincent's Hospital	10,000
St. Vincent de Paul Orphan Asylum	15,000
Five Points Mission, Ladies' Union Aid Society, St. Joseph Orphan Asylum, Society for Relief of the Destitute Children of Seamen, Blind Mechanics' Association, Female Assistance Society, Patriots' Orphan Home, Sisters of the St. Dominick Hospital, German Mission Society, Hayside Industrial School, Orthopœdic Dispensary and Union Home and School, each	5,000
Ladies' Union Relief and Hahnemann Hospital, Women's Medical College and Hospital, Hospital of St. Frances, New-York Infirmary for Women and Children, Home for the Friendless, each	10,000
Prison Association of New-York	6,000
St. Joseph's Home, Children's Fold in Second-avenue, Sisters of St. Joseph's Church, Fourth-street, each	3,000
Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents	8,000
Home of Good Shepherd for maintenance and support of fallen women (provided like sum raised by private subscription)	25,000
To aid in construction of building for Foundling Hospital, under charge Sisters Charity (on condition like sum raised by private subscription)	100,000
Metropolitan Homeopathic Dispensary (on condition that it be located near Canal and East Broadway)	3,000
Election expenses	38,500
Judgments and interest	305,090
Salaries, Assessors	39,000
Salaries, Board of Revision and Correction of Assessments	3,000
Salaries, City Courts	316,425
Interest on revenue bonds	200,000
Police Station-houses, rents, &c	35,000
Building for Female Normal School	200,000
Repairing and preserving maps and records, Bureau of Arrears, Finance Department	12,000
Arrearage on contract for paving Tompkins-square	83,788
New Police Station-houses	150,000
To reimburse trust funds prepayments on account of Assessors' advertising	32,000
Counsel fees in Seger *vs.* Guntzer's election case	3,009
To John J. Bradley, salary as President of the Croton Acqueduct Board from Dec. 18, 1866, to April 11, 1870	16,583
Counsel fees in suit of John J. Bradley *vs.* Thomas Stephens	10,500
To reimburse Wm. H. Bull and N. H. Fowler for counsel fees and expenses in litigation of title to office of Justice of the Eighth Judicial District	4,000
To Attorney-General for expenses and counsel fees in the case of The People or James McVeaney *vs.* Peter Culkin	4,000
Redeeming and canceling bonds of Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City, issued by Controller under chapter 697 of the laws of 1867, for improving public place at Eighth-avenue and Fifty-ninth-street	40,000

Of the important remaining sections, one provides that the amounts estimated for 1870 for the support of the Metropolitan Police, Health, Fire and Public Charities Departments, and the Board of Education and College of City of New-York, as provided by the then existing laws, are appropriated for the support of said departments as now established by the act entitled "An act to reorganize the local Government of the City of New-York," passed April 5, 1870, and all of said sums so estimated and appropriated shall be included in the taxes for the year 1870, and that portion which has been paid from the County Treasury up to the date of the passage of the aforesaid act shall be raised as county expenses.

CITY BONDS.

The Controller is authorized to borrow, in order to provide for the improvement of the lower reservoir, and for increasing the supply of water in the lower part of the City, a sum not exceeding $500,000, and to issue stock in the usual form, to be designated "Water stock of the year 1870," payable not less than thirty years from the date of issue, and to bear interest not to exceed seven per cent. per annum. Also, for the fire telegraph, to borrow $600,000 and issue bonds, to be designated "Fire Telegraph bonds of the Corporation of the City of New-York," bearing interest not exceeding seven per cent. and payable half-yearly, and principal redeemable within fifteen years. The sums necessary to be raised in the current year by taxation, in the City and county, to pay the portion of the State and county debt required, and to pay that part of the family aid bonds, the bounty debt, and other war debts of the City and county falling due in the current year, shall be raised by the issue and sale of bonds of the City, to be called "Tax Relief Bonds of the City of New-York No. 2;" and the Controller shall issue such bonds of not less than $500 each, payable on Nov. 1, 1881, interest at seven per cent., payable semi-annually. And he shall sell the bonds immediately, at not less than par, and place the proceeds with the Chamberlain, who shall pay it out for the redemption of the aforesaid volunteer family-aid fund bonds, bounty and other war debts, and for the said proportion of the State bounty and other debts due in the current year; and the sum hereinbefore authorized to be raised by taxation shall be diminished to the amount of said bonds. In the year 1881 the Supervisors shall raise, by tax upon the estates in the county, a sum sufficient to pay the principal of the bonds, and every year hereafter, until said principal be paid, a sum sufficient to pay the interest on said bonds shall be raised in the same manner.

FEMALE NORMAL COLLEGE.

"The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund are authorized to transfer to the Board of Education City property north of Fortieth-street suitable for a Female Normal School building, to be known as "The Normal College of the City of New-York."

WATER METERS.

The Commissioner of Public Works is authorized to cause suitable water-meters to be placed in all dwelling-houses, stores, work-shops, hotels, manufactories, public edifices, and in all the places and buildings in which water is furnished by the Department of Public Works, so that all water so furnished may be measured and known by the said department, and for the purpose of ascertaining the ratable proportion which consumers of water should pay for the water received and used. Hereafter the said Department of Public Works shall make out all bills and charges for water furnished by them to each and every consumer as aforesaid, in ratable proportion to the water consumed, as ascertained by the meter on his or her premises as aforesaid. All expenses of meters, their connections and setting, water rates and other lawful charges for the supply of Croton water shall be a lien upon the premises where such water is supplied as now provided by law.

STREET PAVEMENTS.

An important section provides that no street, avenue or public place in the City which has been once paved, and the expense paid for by the owners of the adjoining property by assessment, shall hereafter be paved with any patent or special pavement unless petioned for by a majority of the owners of the property on the line of the proposed improvement, nor unless the resolution or ordinance of the Common Council authorising the same shall be approved by the Mayor, and any ordinance or resolution heretofore passed for any patent or special pavement, which has not been approved by the Mayor, or the work petitioned for by a majority of the owners of the adjoining property to be affected and for which no contract has been made, is declared "inoperative and void."

PUBLIC PARKS.

No member of the Board of Department of Public Parks shall receive any salary or compensation for his services. All parks and public grounds south of Canal-street, excepting the City Hall Park, shall be under the control of the Department of Public Parks, and all powers conferred on the Board of Commissioners of the Central Park by existing laws are transferred to the newly-created department.

THE POLICE.

Additional powers are given to the Board of Police. Among other powers they are authorized, "upon any emergency, or apprehension of riot, tumult, mob, insurrection, pestilence, or invasion, to appoint as many special patrolmen, without pay, from among the citizens, as it may deem desirable, and may demand the assistance of the military of the First Division, or of any brigade, regiment, battalion or company thereof, by order in writing served upon the commanding officer of such division, brigade, regiment, battalion or company; and it shall be the duty of the commanding officer so served, to order out, in aid of the civil authorities, the military force, or any part thereof, under his command." Several amendments are made to the charter recently passed, regarding the detention of persons arrested; the placing of witnesses detained in premises other than those employed for the confinement of persons charged with crime; the establishment of new station-houses; the Police Life Insurance Fund, making the Chamberlain the trustee of the fund; and the transfer of all the duties and powers of the Board of Health to the newly-created Health Department.

ASSESSMENTS.

"In order to remove all doubt as to the validity" of the act of the Board of Revision and Correction of Assessments on the 15th of December, 1869, confirming the assessments imposed on property benefited through the expenditure of large sums of money by the City officials, and which the Supreme Court had adjudged null and void, these assessments are declared liens upon the respective parcels of land which are assessed in and by these assessment lists, from and after the date of entry, subsequent to the 15th December, 1869, in the record of titles of assessments, which is required by law to be kept in the office of the Street Commissioner. Said assessments shall be collected and enforced by the sale of the property assessed in the manner now provided by law for the collection of assessments for local improvements in said City of New-York.

THE DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS.

The Board established for the government of the Department of Docks are to have full and exclusive charge and control of all the wharf property belonging to the Corporation of the City. The Board shall, immediately after organizing, hear parties interested in the improvement of the water-front of the City, and the establishment of permanent wharf accommodations for special commercial interests; and then advertise for plans, consider them, and on or before the 1st of November next, determine on any one or parts of said plans, refer their choice to the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, and, after their indorsement is received, properly advertise the adoption of such plan, and then from the time of the adoption of said plan, no wharf, pier, bulkhead, basin, dock, slip, or any wharf structure, or superstructure, shall be laid out, built, or rebuilt within the territory or district it embraces, except in accordance with such plan. The Board is authorized to acquire for the City, by purchase or process of law provided, all wharf property to which it now has no right or title. When any of the wharves, pierves, bulkheads, slips, docks and basins constructed under the provisions of this act shall be open to the public use, the Board shall regulate the charges for wharfage and dockage of all vessels admitted thereto, and may appropriate any of such wharves, piers, bulk-heads, basins or slips to the sole use of special kinds of commerce, and may, in the name and for the benefit of the Corporation of said City, lease any or all for a term not exceeding ten years, and covenant for a renewal or renewals, at advanced rents, of such leases for terms of ten years each, but not exceeding in the aggregate fifty years. All leases other than for districts appropriated by the board to special commercial interests shall be made at public auction to the highest bidder. All leases made by said Board shall contain covenants on the part of the lessees to make all needful repairs upon or about the property leased, and to maintain and keep in good condition the property leased during the term of the lease, under the penalty of forfeiture of such lease and damages. The Board has $100,000 for its current expenses. Bonds shall be issued by the Controller, under the direction of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, called "Dock Bonds of the City of New-York," at seven per cent., redeemable from time to time, but not before thirty years after the date, for the purpose of raising moneys necessary to carry out the provisions of the act; and moneys to pay the interest and principal shall be raised by taxation. Not more than $3,000,000 of said bonds shall be issued in any one year, and none shall be sold for less than the par value.

The County Levies.

The County Tax Levies are as follows:

Advertising	$45,000
Care and maintenance of Harlem (Third-avenue) Bridge	2,000
Cleaning and supplies for county offices	55,000
County contingencies	40,000
Contingencies, Controller's office	10,000
Contingencies, Register's office	2,000
Contingencies, Tax Commissioner's office	5,000
Contingencies, District-Attorney	5,000
Coroner's fees	30,000
Disbursements and fees of county offices and witnesses	55,000
Lighting and heating county offices	30,000
Board of Audit—Claims for stationery	1,892
Fitting up Register's office	40,000
Fitting up Finance Department	45,000
Fitting up offices of Commissioner and Receiver of Taxes	40,000
Fitting up District-Attorney's office	30,000
County Clerk's office—Preserving records	30,000
Protestant Episcopal House of Mercy	1,621
Call bells, Finance Department	825
Vanderpoel, Andrews & Co., for Smith & Foley litigation	15,000
Colgan, clerk late Board of Audit, three months	1,210
Clancy, messenger	350
James Dennis, salary as Tax Commissioner, twenty-six months	11,042
Care McComb's Dam Bridge	5,000
Printing, Legislative Department	35,000
Printing, Executive and Judiciary	35,000
Rents	9,300
Repairs county buildings and offices	25,000
Repairing and preserving Records Court of Common Pleas	3,000
Salaries, Legislative Department	40,200
Salaries, Executive Department	354,016
Salaries, Judiciary	952,608
Salary Clerk of Records	2,500
Salary J. J. Brown	2,500
Salary Mechanics' Lien Clerk	4,000
Stationery and law books	40,000
Stationery—Blank books for Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments	18,255
Stationery and blank blooks for Receiver of Taxes	15,000
Support prisoners in County Jail	45,000
Return of taxes in error	20,000

Among the closing provisions of the bill it is provided that the next Board of Supervisors of the County shall not have authority to expend, for armories and drill-rooms, a sum $100,000, in any one year, in addition to the amount required for payment of rent of premises used for armories and drill-rooms.

CUBAN AFFAIRS.

LATE MAIL NEWS FROM THE ISLAND.

By the arrival of the *Juniata* at Philadelphia, and the receipt of her mails in this City at 1½ A. M. today, our Havana correspondent's letter, dated April 12, is at hand. No events of importance had occurred since he last wrote. Concerning **RODAS**' movements he writes: "The Captain-General appears to have things his own way in the vicinity of Puerto Principe. His telegrams and letters are of the most cheering character for the Spanish cause. They resemble much, it is true, the Crockett story about the coon. History does not state whether the coon did come down or not, and here the resemblance between **CROCKETT**'s coon and the Captain-General's telegrams becomes still more striking, history not having informed us yet whether or no everything turned out exactly as the Captain-General informs us it did. The telegrams consist usually of reports as statements from different parties, and almost all are couched in such peculiar phraseology that the Captain-General could not be accused of having willfully misled public opinion should the future fail to warrant the statements of the present." Though a uniform *couleur de rose*, let us add that they present no intelligence of vital importance.

Italian Journalism.

A new Italian journal called *L' Unione Dei Popoli*, has just been issued in this City. It is published weekly, and two numbers have already appeared. The fresh periodical will undoubtedly be welcome in matter and in form, by the Italian residents of the United States. The editor and proprietor of *L' Unione* is Signor **CESARE ORSINI**, an accomplished litterateur, and a gentleman whose life-long advocacy of the republican principles answers for the clearness and firmness of the policy of the new organ.

THE McFARLAND CASE.

Proceedings on the Tenth Day of the Trial.

MORE INTERESTING EVIDENCE OFFERED.

Important Ruling of the Recorder Against the Defense.

Testimony Regarding Richardson's Will Excluded.

The Trial Steadily Increasing in Interest.

The McFarland trial entered upon its tenth day yesterday, and though no indications are given when it will terminate, the case really seems to be nearer its close than it appeared on Thursday of last week. Sixteen witnesses were examined yesterday, making an aggregate of fifty-six for the defense since the trial began. The manner in which the events of the two years and nine months—which intervened between the separation of McFarland and his wife and the shooting of Richardson—have been hurried over during the past few days of the trial clearly indicates that that portion of the case, if not exhausted, has been referred to so often and so much in detail that the defense consider further evidence upon that point unnecessary. The almost daily life of the defendant during this period has been quite clearly traced, and the medical testimony that would tend to show the insanity of the prisoner has been produced. On this single point therefore there seems but one thing more to present, and that is the evidence of experts upon the general question of insanity as illustrated in the defendant. The evidence which will hereafter be adduced was pretty clearly foreshadowed yesterday when, after two or three attempts to supply missing links in the chain, witnesses were put upon the stand to show the intimacy between Richardson and Mrs. McFarland while they boarded in the same house at No. 72 Amity-street, immediately previous to the desertion by Mrs. McFarland of her husband.

An important decision was made by the Recorder yesterday which, if adhered to—as it probably will be—will, it is thought, exclude all the events which occurred subsequent to the shooting of Richardson, including principally the Astor House marriage ceremony. This will leave out of the case entirely Rev. Messrs. Beecher and Frothingham—at which the sensation-loving portion of the community will be greatly disappointed. The question on which the Recorder ruled was that in relation to the dictation of the will of Richardson while that person was lying at the Astor House on the night of the shooting. Mr. Nicholson, who was at one time Mr. Richardson's amanuensis, was placed upon the stand and asked, among other questions, how the memoranda upon which the will was dictated were given. A quiet "we object" from Mr. Davis brought Mr. Graham to his feet, and he proceeded to address the Court at some length, stating the object of their question, and what the defense sought to prove by this and other witnesses. It was chiefly to prepare the way for the advent of other persons who figured in that particular stage of the case, and chiefly to show that Richardson was given to understand at that time, that he was *in articulo mortis* or *in extremis* and that the effect upon his mind was such as to endanger his chances of recovery. Notwithstanding the earnest effort of Mr. Graham to get the testimony in, it was rigidly excluded by the Recorder. Exceptions were taken to the ruling which will of course form a part of the bill of exceptions in case it shall be necessary to appeal the case to a higher tribunal. By reference to Mr. Graham's argument, printed below, it will be seen that the scope of his inquiry is an enlarged one. The period—that between the shooting and the death of Richardson—is so important to the defense that counsel will not hesitate at repeated efforts to get testimony relating to it before the jury.

Up to the recess yesterday seven witnesses were examined, but the testimony elicited was of little interest. One was a fellow-clerk in the Appraisers' office, who testified generally to the irrational manner of the defendant after the separation from his wife; another was a blind clergyman who had known McFarland for nearly thirty years, and who, meeting him in Boston during the pendency of the habeas corpus case, was so impressed by his manner that he believed him to be irrational; another, who had a business connection in the office of Sandford & Le Baron, and saw McFarland there frequently, testified that on one occasion his manner was so excited that he feared he would throw himself from the window; two physicians, who prescribed for defendant when he was on Staten Island, gave some comparatively unimportant medical testimony. Mr. Clark, a partner of Sandford & Le Baron, testified that McFarland was unfit to appear in Court, in Boston, as the claimant for his children, and consequently a compromise was effected by which Percy was surrendered; also, in the *crim. con.* suit, McFarland would allow no imputation to be made against the chastity of his wife, and the managing clerk in his law office testified to the inability of McFarland to transact business, owing to his mental derangement.

After the recess Mrs. Owen McFarland, wife of a brother of defendant, was called to the stand. When the counsel summoned this witness he called "Mrs. McFarland," and immediately every spectator's eye was turned toward the door, expecting to see the woman who appears to have been the origin of all this trouble enter. Instead of her there appeared a very ladylike, modest woman, dressed in mourning, who gave her name as Mrs. Owen McFarland. She testified generally to the affection which existed between her sister-in-law and her husband up to the time of the separation, and to the distracted state of mind in which Daniel was plunged by the desertion. She also swore to a declaration by Abbey that McFarland "never would become a drunkard, for he knew if he got drunk three times she would leave him." Witnesses were then called to see if any trace of Richardson's pistol could be found, but in vain, for although it was shown that the deceased carried a pistol, no one could testify that one was discovered on him at the time he was wounded. Two witnesses testified to two separate occasions when McFarland met Richardson subsequent to the alleged abduction of his wife and children, and that he made no attempt to be avenged. The return of income tax for 1866 was produced to show that in that year McFarland's income was $1,710. The lady with whom defendant and his wife boarded at the time the latter left her home was put upon the witness stand and testified to certain improper intimacies between Richardson and Mrs. McFarland. The examination of this witness was not concluded when the Court adjourned, and her testimony will therefore be continued this morning.

Detailed Report of the Tenth Day's Proceedings—Important Testimony Offered but Excluded by the Recorder—Argument of Counsel—A Search for Richardson's Pistol—The Intimacy Between Mrs. McFarland and Deceased.

MR. DAVID T. NELLIGAN.

This was the first witness, who testified as follows in reply to Mr. Graham:

I am a clerk, and reside at No. 23 Grand-street; I was connected with the Appraiser's office in 1867 and for some years previously; I have known the prisoner since his appointment to the same office in 1867; he obtained the appointment about the 1st of January, and in the fore part of March evinced some trouble of mind; I observed him frequently manifest extreme nervousness, and noticed a peculiar wildness of expression about his face: on one occasion he came into my office and asked for tobacco; I handed him a paper full and he nearly took the whole of it for a "chew;" between that period and the ensuing September I observed him very much agitated, and he asked me on several occasions to do his work for him, as he said he was unable to do it himself; I never saw him in liquor during that time.

THOUGHT HIM IRRATIONAL.

Q.—What judgment did you form from these appearances in reference to his rationality or irrationality? A.—I thought he was irrational; he spoke to me about being robbed of his wife and children, and he said he was determined to recover them; he appeared to possess great affection for his wife, if I could judge from his language; I considered him an object of pity, and on that account I endeavored to make his duties as light as possible; I remember seeing him about the Fall of 1867, and his appearance then was haggard and careworn.

Q.—How did his appearance on that occasion compare with his appearance in January, 1867? A.—When he first came to the office he was cheerful and in good health, and his condition at this time was directly opposite.

Cross-examined—To Mr. Davis—When I saw him in the Fall of 1867, he did not tell me he was unwell; it is possible his general appearance could be the result of illness.

REV. BENJAMIN B. BOWEN.

This was a blind clergyman who has been in court several days and manifests great interest in the trial. He testified, in reply to Mr. Gerry, as follows: I preach the Gospel exclusively and deliver sermons in all churches irrespective of denominations; I have known Mr. McFarland since 1842; he was then residing in Boston, and was a harness maker by trade, but all his leisure hours were devoted to study; I saw him in Boston in March 1867, when the habeas corpus litigation was proceeding; he came up to me in the streets and saluted me, when I expressed some surprise at meeting him: he told me not to say anything to him nor to give him any advice; I recognized his voice, but there was an apparent change in it and in his manner since I had previously seen him; he appeared to be very much agitated and excited; I met him about three days afterward, when he told me that Richardson had got possession of his wife and child, that he loved them better than life, and that he would have his children back again; he said he wished he was dead, and groaned in agony; I recognized the same peculiarities I observed in him in insane persons.

Q.—What impression did his manner and conversation make upon your mind at the time? A.—I came to the conclusion that the sufferings he was laboring under had very much impaired the vigor of his faculties.

Q.—Did his remarks impress you that he was rational or irrational? A.—On both occasions I supposed he was irrational.

Cross-examination.—Cross-examined by Mr. Davis—Previous to my meeting Mr. McFarland in 1867 I had frequently heard from him; on this occasion I recognized his voice at the same time I recognized the change in it.

FRANCIS IRISH.

This gentleman was a visitor at the law office of Sandford & Le Baron, and saw McFarland frequently. He testified as follows in reply to Mr. Gerry:

I am at present employed on the proposed Arcade Railroad, No. 156 Broadway; in June, 1867, I was engaged in the office of Sandford, Le Baron & Clarke, No. 80 Broadway; at this time I remember having seen a gentleman pass the office for several weeks before, and I noticed a strangeness in his appearance—an unnatural appearance; I was told it was Mr. McFarland, who had some difficulty with Mr. Richardson; shortly after this I was for some time alone with him in the office, and he commenced conversation with me relative to his troubles; he told me he had been robbed of his children, and he was determined to recover them if possible; he also said Richardson was the robber.

FEARED HE WOULD LEAP FROM THE WINDOW.

He spoke of his affection for his children and exclaimed: "My God, I am about to be robbed of my dear children;" we were in the fourth story of the house, and I was afraid he would jump out of the window which was open; his was about the month of July; he did not attempt to leap through the window; his manner was so wild I was afraid he would do so; he would be sitting in his chair and would start up, pace the room in great rapidity, strike his hands together violently, and walk toward the window; we were together for about half an hour, and during that time his language was entirely incoherent; I came to the conclusion that he was irrational; after this he went to Staten Island, to Mr. Sandford's, and I did not see him until the Fall; his manner then was apparently more quiet, but he had the appearance of a man who had been prostrated by fever.

TWO WEEKS BEFORE THE TRAGEDY.

I saw him about two weeks before the shooting of Richardson, opposite No. 156 Broadway, and he informed me that Richardson was selling out his property in New-Jersey; was going to California with his wife and child; but he was determined to use all means to secure the latter; I shook hands with him, and his hand was hot, quite feverish and very tremulous; his conversation at that time, also, was incoherent, and I believed he was irrational; between 1867 and 1868 I saw him about twenty times, but I never observed such incoherency in his conversation as on those two occasions to which I have referred.

Cross-examined by Mr. Garvin—I came to the conclusion on the subject of his irrationality from his manner and conversation; in all our interviews he adverted to the subject of his domestic troubles and the story was always the same, except on the last occasion when he spoke about Mr. Richardson's leaving New-Jersey for California; I never saw McFarland transact any business in the office of Sandford, Le Baron & Clarke; at the time that he and I were together in the upper story of these premises he did not attempt to leap through the window, but such was his conduct I thought it was probable he would; I did not see him between that time and the shooting of Richardson, nor do I remember having heard him speak of the manner in which his wife obtained a divorce in Indiana.

DR. ISAAC LEE.

This gentleman gave some unimportant medical testimony, as follows: I am a practicing physician for twenty-five years, and have resided in Staten Island for almost seventeen years; I have known Mr. McFarland since the Summer of 1867, when he called upon me professionally at my residence; he manifested symptoms of a high state of nervous excitement, and I first thought his appearance was that of a person who had been drinking, but on examination I was satisfied that was not the case; he alluded to his domestic troubles and complained of want of sleep; his pulse was very quick, but there was no evidence of sickness; he mentioned to me that Richardson had seduced his wife; his physical condition was feeble, and I prescribed an anodyne mixture; I met him a few days afterward on the road, and he told me he was going to my house; I noticed no improvement in his appearance, and the symptoms were exactly the same; as he promised to call upon me in the course of the day, I did not prescribe for him, but he never called on me since.

Cross-examined by Mr. Garvin—This was in the month of July; I never saw him before that time, and only once since; at that time he told me he had not slept for several nights, and spoke in general terms in reference to his domestic troubles; in introducing himself to me, he asked me if I had heard of his difficulty with Richardson, and he said he was McFarland; he had no physical affection, and whatever he had, was a mental affection.

To Mr. Graham—It was my impression that this excitement was produced by great mental pressure.

DR. JAMES ELLIOT.

This gentleman had been acquainted with McFarland for many years. He testified as follows: I am a physician, and have practiced extensively for twenty years; I have known McFarland for over thirty years; I first knew him in Newark, and he was then learning the business of harness-maker; I saw him in the Fall of 1867, and noticed a great change in his appearance from what it had been previously; when I first knew him he was buoyant and cheerful, but at this time his manner was directly the opposite, and he appeared to be subdued and restive; his features also had undergone a change, and he told me he had suffered more than tongue can tell; as a medical man I came to the conclusion his mind was diseased; he read this "intercepted" letter, and while opening it his hand trembled; his eyes, also, had that peculiar glassy expression which indicates a disordered brain; his features were emaciated and thin, and he complained to me of want of sleep.

Cross-examined—To Mr. Davis—The prisoner's manner impressed me with the opinion that he was irrational, but I would not pronounce it insanity; he did not ask me to prescribe for him; this was after the first shooting, for I remember once having jocosely said to him "he was a bad shot."

ISAAC E. CLARK.

This gentleman is a lawyer and editor and at one time was a partner in the firm of Sandford & Le Baron. His evidence was quite important. He testified as follows: I reside at Yonkers and was formerly the editor of the *Yonkers Statesman*; I know Mr. McFarland, having first made his acquaintance in April, 1867, at the office of Sandford & Le Baron; it was about the time of the commencement of the habeas corpus proceedings in Boston; about four weeks after our first meeting he read the intercepted letter to me; on that occasion he had a wild, unsettled look about his eyes, and he wrung his hands and wept as he always did on other occasions when I saw him; he spoke of his wife's beauty and her devotion to him, and afterward showed me some of her letters which showed this devotion; my impression was that he was irrational and a decided monomaniac; this impression was afterward confirmed, particularly on one occasion, when he went down to Staten Island with Mr. Sandford; Mr. Sandford is now practicing law in Boston; in all the conversations which I had with Mr. McFarland the sole topic was his domestic afflictions; he spoke of his sufferings at night, said that it was impossible for him to sleep and that his torments were almost unendurable; his physical system was evidently running down, and he was all the time growing feverish; I never saw any other person under such excitement as he was subject to from the time I first knew him until he went down to Staten Island with Mr. Sandford.

WHY THE HABEAS-CORPUS CASE WAS SETTLED.

The reason why the habeas-corpus case was never brought to trial was because his counsel thought his condition would prejudice the case, and that his appearance in Court would show him to be unfit to take charge of his children; this was the sole reason which the counsel had for discontinuing the suit; my own opinion is that he was not a fit person to have the custody of children, and believe that the same impression would have been produced in Court; my impression is that he was irrational, and I think no one could have had a different opinion at the time he went down to Staten Island.

HIS WIFE'S CHASTITY.

Mr. Graham—Do you remember anything having been said by his counsel with reference to assailing his wife's chastity?

Recorder—What is the object of this?

Mr. Graham—We propose to show that he had the impression all along that his wife loved him, and would return to him but for the conspiracy which had been formed to prevent it, and that he did not surrender that conviction until he was forced to it.

Recorder—Go on.

The witness continued—He would allow no suggestion against his wife's chastity, and asseverated constantly that she still loved him; he frequently alluded to influences which were brought to bear upon her by friends to prevent her returning to him, and mentioned the names of Richardson, Mrs. Calhoun and Mrs. Sinclair as concerned in it; I do not remember that he mentioned a sister of Mrs. Calhoun; the letters which he showed me as evincing the affection which his wife had for him, were taken from an inside breast pocket; I remained in the office of Sandford & Le Baron until the latter part of August, and during that time McFarland came in very often, sometimes several times a day; he came up from Staten Island two or three times while he was stopping there with Mr. Sandford; I saw him twice; the first time he did not seem to be improved at all; the second time he was slightly so.

PERCY SHOWS NO FEELING FOR HIS MOTHER.

I met him on one occasion in 1868 in Bleecker-street, a short distance west of Broadway, when he had his boy Percy with him; either at that time or afterward he spoke of his wife having come to see Percy, and the boy having refused to exhibit any feeling for her; I saw him half a dozen times during the year 1868, and three or four times in 1869; the last time I saw him was in October last, about six weeks before the shooting occurrence; I met him in Broadway, near Twenty-third-street, and was with him about ten minutes; he was still running on the same subject.

ASKING ABOUT THE DIVORCE.

In the Summer of 1867 the firm to which I belonged, (Sandford, Le Baron & Clark,) sent notes to the clerks of all the counties of Indiana requesting to be informed whether any divorce proceedings had been instituted by Abby S. McFarland against Daniel McFarland; I never knew of any answers being received to these communications.

Cross-examined by Mr. Davis—I was not present at the proceedings in Boston on the writ of habeas corpus, and I do not know whether the prisoner was present or not; I understood that he went on to Boston for the purpose of attending the trial. [Questions concerning the agreement by which that suit was settled were put in and ruled out.] I don't know that any order or decree was prepared in the office here and sent to Boston; I saw none of the proceedings except the testimony; I was not familiar with the final disposition of the case, because I was taken sick about the 25th of August, and was out of town for several weeks; I think it was about the middle of July that he went to Staten Island with Mr. Sandford; he remained there about ten days, during which time I saw him twice; I don't remember when he went to the establishment of Mr. Taylor, but it was after his return from Staten Island; I know nothing of fever and ague being common on Staten Island and know nothing of his being afflicted with that malady; I went into the firm of Sandford & Le Baron as a partner, having been with them for a few weeks previously in a different capacity; it was about the time I joined the firm that McFarland read to me the intercepted letter; at that time he manifested great excitement; I think the habeas corpus suit was abandoned or the compromise made because the counsel did not dare to have McFarland in Court; it was feared that if he appeared in Court it would ruin his chance of getting the custody of his children; this was the reason given for discontinuing the case.

DENNIS SHEA.

This gentleman was a clerk in the law-office of Sandford & Le Baron at the time McFarland had a desk there. He testified as follows:

I reside in New-York, and am a clerk in the office of Townsend, Dyett & Goldsmith; in 1867 I was a managing clerk in the office of Sandford & Le Baron, having been in the office from the time they began business together until February, 1869; I first became acquainted with Mr. McFarland in the Fall of 1866, when he had a desk in Mr. Sandford's office, which he occupied from latter part of 1866 to the latter part of 1867; when I first knew him he was a very sociable, lively and entertaining man; about the 1st of March, 1867, he became very much changed; I cannot precisely fix the date, but I know that it was about the time his wife went upon the stage; he then seemed to have lost all disposition to enter into lively conversation, and became very gloomy and depressed; when spoken to he appeared to pay no attention to what was said; I remember the habeas corpus proceedings which were instituted for the recovery of his children; while they were pending he was in the office nearly every day, and always appeared wholly absorbed in his domestic troubles; at times he tried to repress his emotion and give attention to other subjects, but would soon break down and become very excited, walking backward and forward, clasping his hands, weeping and calling on God; my judgment at such times was that he was wholly irrational, and not fit to be trusted alone; his eye was wild and his excitement greater than I ever saw in any other human being.

M'FARLAND AS A LAWYER.

While he had a desk in Mr. Sandford's office he had several cases as a lawyer; before his trouble he always seemed to understand his business, and when any paper was shown him he comprehended its object at once, but after his calamity he appeared confused, and it was with difficulty that I could make him understand anything; sometimes I would take a paper to him to sign, and after I had explained its character he would take it and look up and ask me what I wanted; I would explain it a second time, and he still failed to comprehend it, and would begin to talk on the subject of his wife and children; in fact, he became entirely incompetent to transact law business; I assisted in the preparation of the notes which were sent to the County Clerks in Indiana; they simply asked whether divorce proceedings had been begun, and directed any replies to be sent to Sandford & Le Baron; I never heard that any replies were received.

INCOHERENT TALK

The last time I saw Mr. McFarland was in October last, when I met him on Broadway, not far from the Fifth-avenue Hotel; he appeared very much depressed, and talked in a more quiet and subdued manner than usual; he tried to talk on some other topic than his troubles, but his remarks were made at random and his replies were often inappropriate; in his moods of excitement his conversation was usually incoherent, and the symptoms increased in violence from the time I first knew him until the latter part of the Summer of 1867, after which they remained about the same; on the occasion when I met him in October, his manner was at first quiet and subdued, but when he came to speak of the subject of his troubles, he became very much excited; I never saw him under the influence of liquor, but always attributed his condition to the mental suffering which he had endured; if he had euer been indulging in liquor when I was with him, I should have known it.

Cross-examined by Mr. Garvin—I knew about the suit which was brought against Richardson in the Fall of 1868; it was brought in the office where I was, but was not continued there; Mr. McFarland went down to Staten Island, I think, in July, 1867, where I lived for some days with Mr. Sandford at his place, about half a mile from the village of Stapleton; I don't know Dr. Lee, and do not know whether he was under a physician's care or not; I saw him in the office once or twice during the time, and understood that he was stopping at Staten Island.

WHAT IS A MONOMANIAC.

My idea of a monomaniac is a man whose mind is wholly absorbed in one subject, which takes possession of it to the exclusion of all others, or a man who is irrational on one subject but sane on others; McFarland always showed an impatience of other subjects when they were forced upon him, but when he did make any general remarks they were generally intelligent; after one or two remarks he would always be off again on his old subject; when I saw him in October last I was going up town and he was coming down, and I turned back and walked with him to Eleventh or Tenth-street; after the ordinary salutations, he asked me about my business affairs, and we spoke of his suit against Richardson; he asked me when I thought it would be reached, and I then asked him what its number was on the calendar; I don't remember what he told me, but I know that I said it would probably be on sometime this Spring; he remarked that the wheels of justice moved very slowly, and a man's witnesses might all die before his case was reached on the calendar; I don't remember anything else that was said about the suit, or that we talked on any other subject except his family troubles.

A recess was here taken until 1½ o'clock.

DR. WILLIAM C. ANDERSON.

This gentleman resided on Staten Island, and prescribed for defendant on two occasions. He testified as follows:

I reside at Stapleton, Staten Island; I am a physician; have been so for thirty years; have been six years on Staten Island; I formed prisoner's acquaintance Aug. 25, 1867; saw him once afterward; he called on me professionally for medical treatment; he was in a high nervous state, with pulse 125 to 130, and had symptoms of a fever; I thought he might have an attack of either typhoid or intermittent fever; I prescribed for him the extract of valerian, to be taken once every two hours; the usual dose is given once in about twelve hours; I noticed prisoner's restlessness; he had much fever; his tongue was greatly furred; I asked him if he had taken any spirits, and he said he had not; his appearance confirmed his statement as to his condition of ill health; I have no doubt that his symptoms were genuine, and that his physical condition was not exaggerated by his statements; I formed the opinion that he was laboring under great mental depression; that his domestic troubles had taken full possession of him to the exclusion of everything else; I formed the opinion that he had a functional derangement of the brain; he seemed utterly incapable of speaking of anything else but his domestic troubles; I should say he was laboring under a delusion.

Cross-examined—Twice I prescribed for him; he was laboring under an attack of fever; also under great nervous excitement; he said he was stopping with some friends on the Island, but I do not recollect with whom he mentioned; Judge Sandford resided at Stapleton then; on the second day the prisoner visited me I found the same symptoms as before, only they were rather more exaggerated; Mr. McFarland said he had not had much sleep for fourteen days; I cannot say if he was taken to any institution in New-York for his health after he left Staten Island; the second time I gave him tincture of opium; I gave him that to produce sleep, but not for the fever symptoms; I made up my mind he must go through a fever of some kind, and told him to go home and go to bed; when a person becomes delirious from fever, we call it a functional derangement of the brain; this is distinguished from organic disease of the brain; it may occur, too, when there is no fever; this functional derangement was what I observed in the prisoner; saw nothing in his appearance or manner that indicated organic derangement of the brain.

To Mr. Graham—If he had had no fever he would, in my opinion, have had the functional derangement of the brain on account of his mental troubles.

MRS. OWEN M'FARLAND.

This lady, the sister-in-law of the defendant, testified as follows: I reside in Thirty-fourth-street, and am the wife of the prisoner's brother; knew the prisoner for about thirty years; he resided with me four or five years; he came to my house with his wife after their marriage, and stayed eight or ten days; I recollect in the Spring of 1866 Mrs. Daniel McFarland went to the White Mountains; saw both the prisoner and his wife frequently every year from 1857 to 1866; they stopped in my family in April, 1866; they were perfectly devoted to each other; never knew of any trouble between them before February, 1867, the third day of the separation, when Mrs. McFarland left prisoner and went to Mr. Sinclair's; Mrs. McFarland came to witness' house immediately after her return in 1866; they were then happy, and apparently well contented with each other; they stayed some time at witness' house.

Q.—Did she say anything to you about her leaving him if he became drunk three times?

Objected to, objection sustained and exception taken by the defense.

Witness—Saw Mr. McFarland during 1867 very frequently; never saw him on any occasion when his conversation did not almost wholly refer to his troubles after the separation; I formed the judgment that he was irrational; witness saw the intercepted letter shortly after Mr. McFarland got it; this was between the 1st and 20th of March, 1867; he rushed frantically in, put both hands on my shoulders and exclaimed, "Would you believe it of Abby—would you believe it?" He then went into my son's room, and was afterward found there reading the letter; I made the remark then that he was hardly fit to be left to return home alone.

Cross-examined—His whole conversation, when he called at any time, after the separation, was with regard to his troubles; he had a louder voice than ordinary whenever he spoke of them; in conversing with witness' husband the prisoner's manner was the same as when speaking to witness—always excited; knew prisoner before his marriage to his brother; never saw Richardson; the first occasion when witness noticed the change in prisoner's manner was after the separation, when he rushed in as stated on the direct examination; he said then that Richardson was aiming to get his children from him; that it was a cruel thing; that is all witness remembers of that interview, except what was before stated; prisoner stayed about one hour in the house then; this was in March, 1867; saw him next in April, and after that very frequently; do not remember having heard him talk about anything else except his family troubles, after the separation; he never even inquired after witness' family; witness knew prisoner's devotion to his wife, and remarked that he was very ill able to bear up under his troubles; his manner gave indications of great mental anxiety and trouble.

PATRICK O'ROURKE.

This witness was called for the purpose of tracing the pistol of Richardson. He testified as follows:

Lives at No. 109 Attorney-street; is engineer of the *Tribune* building; was there on November 25, 1869; was down-stairs when the shooting of Richardson occurred; the night watchman told witness that a man was shot, and that he had gone up-stairs; witness went up to the editorial room, and saw Mr. Richardson there; he was suffering from a shot-wound; Dr. Swan and other gentlemen were there; cannot say who was the first to handle Richardson after he was shot; saw no pistol that belonged to Richardson; can't say whether or not Richardson had a pistol; I helped three policemen carry him to the Astor House; we carried him there on a stretcher.

DONALD NICHOLSON.

This gentleman was called in relation to the will of Richardson, also to inquire about the missing pistol. He testified as follows: Is secretary of the managing editor of the *Tribune*; knew Richardson two years before his death; was an amanuensis for him in Fordham from April, 1868, to January, 1869, and also in Woodside from April to August, 1869; have seen a pistol at his house; it was a revolver, with five or six barrels; first saw it at Fordham; saw no pistol at the Astor House; Richardson had the pistol witness referred to when he first knew him; he kept it locked in his desk; cant say I saw it at Woodside at all; saw Richardson at the Astor House; he dictated to witness then the memoranda of a will to be drawn up afterward; this was the same night of the shooting; Mr. Knox, Mr. Brown, Mr. Stetson, Dr. Swan and others were present.

RICHARDSON'S DEATH-BED WILL.

I was sent for to take the memoranda; Richardson asked me if I had my note-book; I said I had not; this was about nine o'clock in the evening; we then got some note-paper.

[Here the prosecution objected to the bringing out of testimony concerning anything that transpired at the Astor House. The Court sustained the objection, when Mr. Graham addressed the Court.]

He contended he had a right to show all that took place between the shooting of Albert D. Richardson and his death, with a view to show whether death was produced solely by the act of defendant or partly by the trial to which he was subjected during this time. It appeared to him this man was impressed with death from the start. He was told before he was warm in his bed at his hotel he could not live. They marked him for a dead man before death marked him for its victim. Why did they call in the will-maker at this stage of the injury?

THE PROPERTY.

Their object was to hasten this accursed ceremony to obtain possession of the property, even before it was known he was dying. It is an important element of recovery not to impress a man with death at the outset of his injury. How many men have died from a simple apprehension of death? Why, before the doctors pronounced upon the character of the wound, which was not pronounced upon that night, was this man told to put his house in order. He had a right to show he crouched within himself from the time they placed him on his back in the bed in the hotel. He had a right to show they held up to him a mirror of despair from the time they took him there and satisfied him there was no possibility of recovery. He meant to attend literally to the ruling of the Court when he first raised this question, but why did the prosecution keep this secret back? Was he not entitled to show to what they subjected this man from the time they placed him on his back until the consummation of his injury in his death? He submitted that the indictment charged that Richardson came to his death as a result solely of the act of the prisoner, sooner or later, and he had a right to put that fact before the jury.

TRYING TO SHELD ONE OF THE PARTIES.

The only objection made to that evidence on the first occasion was, that he was trying the defense in the case for the prosecution, but now the opposition was to shield one of the parties to this prosecution, a woman, as machinating and contriving as ever belonged to her sex, and to prevent him from impeaching her. It was said she was to be examined in this case; the probability was that it was true, but why had not he right, as in the case of Mrs. Calhoun, to prepare the defense for her access to the witness-stand? Were not the jurors entitled to know who were the actors in this matter, who promoted it from the start and brought out the result which maddened and frenzied this man? Where was the moral guilt in this transaction? If they had bereft this man's body of his soul and mind for a period of two years and nine months, it was they who were responsible for the pistol shot that terminated in the life of Richardson. Where was the separation between the guilty authors of this transaction and Richardson's death if the defendant stood proved in this Court bereft of his mind at the time he became the instrumentality by which Richardson was killed? Who were those that frenzied and maddened him? Who were responsible for the condition in which he was found at the time he was made the instrument for consummating the death of Richardson?

THE TORTURE OF DEFENDANT.

It would be well for those who brought about this death if they had considered the torture to which they subjected the defendant, and they would learn that death was a consequence of their act. It would have been well for them if they had considered that the last ounce broke the camel's back, and they would have hesitated before they placed it on the shoulders of this much-wronged defendant. They should have asked themselves whether, under the accumulated load of wrongs they heaped upon him, he might not become insane, and as a result of that mental aberration, bring about the result which they sought to visit on him as though he was a guilty and malicious man. He submitted he had a right to take the stand before that jury, that those engaged in this iniquity murdered Albert D. Richardson. The defendant was no more the agent in this deed than the pistol which he held in his hand.

WHAT CAUSED RICHARDSON'S DEATH.

That pistol did not act on his mind, but it was controlled by the wicked machinations of those who were the origin and promoters of his misfortunes. He submitted he had a right to make known every incident of this occurrence from the time Richardson was wounded by the pistol of the prisoner until he went to the bar of his Maker, before whom he has already been judged. Why did the prosecution endeavor to keep these things out of the case? Did it not give construction to the whole transaction? Here was a man reveling in wealth, then the affections of his wife reveled on him. The very moment that wife found fortune frowned on him, when he was prostrated by misfortune, and when above all others she should have stuck to him with a stronger and dearer affection, she falsely deserted him for the money which this memorandum, in reference to which he was speaking to this witness, bore witness. He did not believe she possessed any affection for Richardson. She was a scheming woman, as was proved by the evidence of Dr. McFarland. She had an idea than all she wanted to have the *elite* of New-York on their knees before her was money. She could not obtain it from her husband; the money she wanted through Richardson, and a hecatomb of Richardsons went to their graves, and those who were linked with her in this iniquity. What an indecent occurrence was this, for it was known that Richardson was in the extremeness of life to call in this will-matter? He was not then married.

"THIS HELLISH CEREMONY."

This hellish ceremony was not then determined upon, therefore nothing in the way of money could accrue to the woman, and ere the doctor had pronounced an opinion on his condition the will-maker was called in. Was it not then important to show to the jury that this man was told he was marked for death, and that he must be prepared to die? The last hope was taken. The elasticity of expectation was crushed out. There was nothing but the goal to arrive at, and that was reached within a few days. The experience of all men proved that one of the surest elements of recovery was for a patient to start with the conviction that he cannot and will not die. They all knew the solemnity of a will under any circumstances, and especially when a man is lying in that bed from which it is supposed he will not recover. What more agonizing to a man who wanted to live than that, and what more calculated to make death a certainty? Next to the bullet there was nothing more fatal than to be told he must prepare for eternity, for his life was limited. He contended that the defense should not be unduly restrained. He asked to make every part known, and then they would ascertain that the real murderers of Richardson were those who maddened the defendant. They took from him the only thing that could restrain her from the commission of an act like that. They deprived him of his reason and judgment; they divorced him from that immortal part which raises man above the level of the brute, and on them alone devolved the responsibility of this man's death. The defense would make that fact so plain that in the light of it its present aspect would seem darkness. He (counsel) did not mean to minister to anything like revenge, or give utterance to calumnies which were not perfectly maintainable, but he wished to show that as the evening of this man's days was setting, and everything becoming darkness, when he was admonished his spirit was about resigning itself to his Creator, he was prepared for the doing of an act which must have bereft him of all confidence and expectation of life, and it not actually caused, hastened the death which finally overtook him. He maintained then he stood within the proper line of the Court, and that this Satanic ceremony, if not the principal cause of death, accelerated it. The mode of death was the substance of the issue. If they charged Albert D. Richardson went into eternity as a consequence of the act of the prisoner, the defense had a right to show, if it could, that that act was not the sole cause of death, and it was hastened and contributed to by other agencies. In conclusion he submitted he was entitled to put that in evidence. He proposed to show that at the hour mentioned by this witness the will-making was commenced, what then and there took place, what excitement this man was subjected to, for the purpose of arguing whether the indictment against the prisoner should be maintained, because, if it were contributed to by other means, the prisoner was not responsible.

DECISION OF THE RECORDER.

The Recorder decided that the evidence was inadmissible. He quoted from Chief-Justice Bigelow to show that if a wound was dangerous and calculated to destroy life, it was sufficient to show in support of murder or manslaughter that the person who inflicted it was guilty of the crime charged, even though the injured party might have recovered but for professional ill-treatment or other causes which accelerated it.

REPLY OF MR. GRAHAM.

Mr. Graham acknowledged that the authority cited by the Recorder was a very important one, but in every-day practice it was not the rule. If Richardson, after receiving the injury at the hands of the prisoner, was strangled or beaten to death by other parties, certainly the prisoner could not be held the cause of death. A similar rule applied in this case, and if he were able to establish that Richardson came to his death by other agencies than the act of McFarland, the latter was not responsible for it.

The Recorder excluded the question, and the examination of the witness was resumed.

OTHER QUESTIONS RULED OUT.

The Court having decided to exclude all testimony regarding the memoranda for the will, Mr. Graham excepted to the decision, and then put the following questions *pro forma*, all of which, by direction of the Court, were unanswered by the witness, exception to the ruling being taken by Mr. Graham in each case: Where is the memorandum? Are you able to produce it? Did you give it to any person, and if so, to whom? Did Richardson sign that paper? Do you know where, or in whose custody it now is? When did you last see it? Was it written extendedly, or in short-hand? Did Richardson ever see it? Did you ever read it to him?

Witness, in answer to further questions by Mr. Graham, said: I have not taken Mr. Richardson's place in the *Tribune* Association.

AN EQUIVOCATION.

Question—Did you, the morning after the shooting, see Mrs. McFarland? Answer—I did not.

Q.—Did you see the woman who now calls herself Mrs. Richardson? A.—I did.

Q.—Did you not understand that she was Mrs. McFarland when you then saw her? I.—I did not.

Q.—What did you understand her name to be, then? A.—Sage.

Cross-examined—The *Tribune* Association is a joint stock concern.

To Mr. Graham—Mr. Horace Greeley is one of the editors of the *Tribune*. [Two pictures were here shown the witness, and he testified that they represented the woman who was in Richardson's room on the morning after the shooting of Richardson.]

THOMAS W. KNOX.

This witness was examined in relation to Richardson's pistol, but knew nothing of the weapon. He testified as follows: Lived in New-York, and is a journalist, connected with four or five newspapers; first formed Richardson's acquaintance in 1859 or 1860; saw him at short intervals since August, 1867; visited him at Fordham; never saw a pistol at his house there; saw him with a pistol in 1860, in Denver, Colorado Territory; saw him have one also in February, 1861; also in 1862; also in 1865; also in 1866; it was a six-barreled revolver; witness bought it for him; last saw him with it in 1866; knew he had it from July 1865 to February, 1866.

Q.—Where did you last see him with it? A.—In Siberia, Northern Asia; saw no pistol in Richardson's room at the Astor House; did not go up into the editorial-room of the *Tribune* when he learned that Richardson was shot; was in the *Sun* office at the time.

Cross-examined—Did not know the prisoner at all.

JAMES F. LE BARON.

This gentleman was called to testify to a meeting between Richardson and McFarland. He was re-examined by Mr. Graham and said:

I have known Mr. McFarland since the Fall of 1865, but never knew Mr. Richardson; I saw him once, early last Fall, I think, directly in front of the TIMES office; I had met McFarland in Broadway and asked him to walk along with me, as I was going to a printing-office in Nassau-street; we stopped in front of the TIMES office, and while we were standing there Mr. Richardson and Mr. Samuel Sinclair passed by us on their way from Park-row to the *Tribune* office.

Cross-examined by Mr. Garvin—They passed near enough to us to brush against our clothes; I did not know Mr. Richardson at the time; this picture (handed to the witness by Mr. Graham) might be the same man, but I could not swear to it; I can see a general resemblance.

WHITELAW REID.

This gentleman testified to another meeting. he said: I live in New-York, and am an editor; I have been connected with the *Tribune* for a year and a half; I made the acquaintance of Mr. Richardson in the Winter of 1861-'62; never knew McFarland; I saw him in the Summer or Fall of last year in a saloon on Nassau-street; I was in the saloon with Mr. Richardson and Mr. McFarland and Mr. Cleveland came in; McFarland was there but three or four minutes and then went out, leaving Mr. Cleveland, who then joined our party; McFarland and Cleveland took some refreshment, but I didn't notice that; I never saw them together at any other time.

To Mr. Garvin—I went into the saloon to take a glass of wine with Mr. Richardson, and was not there more than five or six minutes.

SPENCER KIRBY.

This gentleman testified to McFarland's income in 1866. He produced the income return of McFarland for 1866; it was signed and sworn to by McFarland on the 28th of June, 1867, and represented his full income for the year ending March 1, 1867 to be $1,710, of which $1,624 was exempt from taxation.

MRS. MARY MASON.

This witness kept the house in which McFarland and his wife and Richardson boarded. She was examined by Mr. Graham, and testified as follows:

In March, 1867, I resided at No. 72 Amity-street but left that place about a year after; Mr. McFarland had a room there three or four months of that year; his wife was with him, and was the person represented by this picture; (produced;) they had a back parlor and extension on the first floor; I knew Mr. Richardson; this is his portrait; (produced;) he came to my house to live about two weeks after McFarland, and had a front room and closet on the first floor; his room was separated from McFarland's by folding doors, which were never fastened.

MRS. M'FARLAND INTRODUCES RICHARDSON.

Mrs. McFarland had applied for the room for Richardson, saying that she had a gentleman friend across the way who would like to have a room there; this was about a week before Mr. Richardson came; when he came he had the carpet covered and the furniture taken out and inferior furniture put in; he himself furnished one chair, a lounge and desk; Mrs. McFarland did not tell me the name of her friend when she spoke of the room, but afterward introduced him to me; the first time I saw him was in the morning, a day or two before I let the room to him; Mr. Richardson slept in that room at night on an ordinary bed, which was placed near the folding-doors, where he could hear every thing which was going on in the next room; Mr. Richardson was out a good deal in the evening, but I never knew Mr. McFarland to be out at night; he usually left the house at eight or nine o'clock in the morning, and returned about four in the afternoon; he would sometimes go out for a short time afterward, but return early; his family then consisted of his wife and the boy Percy, and he used generally to spend the evening in teaching Percy; Mrs. McFarland generally went out in the day-time, returning sometimes at about one or two o'clock; I never knew McFarland to be in liquor, and he was always very kind to his wife; I was always at home, and should have known if there had been any trouble between them.

THE DESERTION.

I remember very well the day when she left her husband; it was the 21st of February; he left home at about nine o'clock; I knew of no trouble having arisen between them, and she made no complaint that her husband had not treated her well; her husband came in at four, and she was gone; she went out with Percy about two o'clock, but I saw no one else with her; she did not say where she was going or how long she should be gone; I had not the slightest idea that she was going to abscond from her husband; had Mrs. Kate Stevens with me as a servant at that time, and all the time McFarland was at my house; Mr. Richardson was there on the morning that Mrs. McFarland left home, and had slept there the preceding night; I had known Mr. Richardson and Mrs. McFarland to go out together before that day and be gone for two hours or more; I heard them go out, but never noticed which way they went or in what manner.

RICHARDSON IN MRS. M'FARLAND'S ROOM.

There was a bed in Mrs. McFarland's room, and I saw Mr. Richardson enter the room with her three times one afternoon about a week before she left home; the first time I went to the room they were sitting by each other with their chairs about a yard apart; the second time they were in the same situation, but Mr. Richardson showed some embarrassment; he said I must not be surprised to find the handle off the door; the third time I saw them, a young lady called to see Mrs. McFarland and I showed her into the room; the young lady passed into the room before me and I did not notice their situation.

AFTER THE SEPARATION.

Mr. McFarland removed a few days after his wife left him, but Richardson continued to have the same room until the middle of March; Mrs. McFarland came to the house two or three days after her husband left, and wanted the back parlor again; she said she had an engagement at the Winter Garden Theater, and wanted the room for a few weeks; there was a young lady with her whom she introduced as Miss Gilbert, saying that she was Mr. Richardson's intended; I told her I could not let her have the room because it was occupied at that time by my husband, and then she wanted to go into Richardson's room; Richardson was at that time at Hartford, having left town a week or ten days before; she told me she wanted to sleep in his room for a week, saying that Mr. McFarland's niece would sleep with her; I had seen this niece before; I think she was the same young lady that I spoke of as calling on the afternoon when Richardson was in Mrs. McFarland's room.

At this point the examination was suspended, the hour of 4 having arrived, and the Court was adjourned to 11 o'clock this morning.

Mr. Frothingham on Matrimony.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I find the following language in your yesterday's paper ascribed to Rev. O. B. FROTHINGHAM, used by him on Sunday in his sermon preached at Lyric Hall on the Resurrection:

"The laws of matrimony should be so remodified that the husband and wife could not be jealous of one another—so that the bond should not be merely a legal one, but that a condition of marriage should be a permission to each to act as he or she thought proper, and at the dictates of the feelings and affections."

It seems almost incredible that such morality could proceed from a clergyman who professes to be a Christian minister. Does Mr. FROTHINGHAM indeed believe in such loose doctrines—they surpass in their boldness of expression and utter subverting of all the sacred rights of marriage, anything ever before used, even in the pages of the most dissolute writers on the "infamy of marriage." Again, permit me to ask, did Mr. FROTHINGHAM use such language? If he did, he is an unfit person for any virtuous fireside.

A PARENT.

THE ELECTION FRAUDS.

The Brooklyn Cases in Court—Supervisor James W. Walsh Acquitted—The Trial of Patrick McLaughlin and Peter Fitzpatrick Commenced.

In the Kings County Court of Oyer and Terminer, yesterday, before Judge JOSEPH F. BARNARD, Supervisor JAMES W. WALSH was tried on an indictment charging that at the last election for Supervisor of the Twenty-second Ward he fraudulently altered these returns by taking twenty votes from the other candidate for that office and adding them to the votes received by himself, thus making a difference of forty votes in his favor.

Numerous witnesses were examined, who testified that the returns were altered while in the possession of the accused, but none of them could swear that he made the alterations or connived at them. After Mr. WINCHESTER BRITTON, for the defense, and Ex-Judge MOORE, for the prosecution, had addressed the jury, Judge BARNARD said that at the election in November last the defendant was a candidate for re-election as Supervisor, also occupied that office in Twenty-second Ward. The defendant owed a duty under the law as a public officer to give the returns as he received them, without mutilation and alteration, to the Board of Supervisors. If the alteration which had been proved in the returns was made by the hands of the defendant, then he was guilty. If he procured, incited or advised any one else to do it for him, he was equally guilty. If they had any doubts upon either of these two points, they would return a verdict of not guilty. They were not to decide on either side from passion or prejudice, but were simply to regard the evidence submitted to them, and nothing more.

The jury retired at 4¼. After a retirement of half an hour, an inspection of the three copies of the altered returns was requested by the jury. A few minutes before 5 o'clock the jury returned and announced that they were agreed on a verdict of not guilty.

The case of The People against PATRICK MCLAUGHLIN and PETER FITZPATRICK was called and a jury impaneled.

District-Attorney MORRIS stated that the defendants had acted as canvassers of the Third Election District of the Second Ward at the last election. The allegation of the indictment was that they had fraudulently counted more votes for CUNNINGHAM, who was a candidate for Sheriff, than he had received, and a less amount for Mr. WALTER. The same allegation was made with reference to the vote for two Superintendents of the Poor who were upon the same ticket. He detailed various circumstances shown in evidence with reference to the mode of conducting the canvass. This was one of the frauds which were not corrected. He counted the cases of actual alteration of the returns to be of minor importance, since the fraud was generally obvious and the remedy comparatively easy; but in a case like the present, where the frauds occurred in the original canvass, they were of the most dangerous kind.

JOHN B. PITT testified that he was present at the canvass of the votes of the Third Election District of the Second Ward, on the evening of the 2d November. Before his examination was concluded, the Court was adjourned till this morning at 10 o'clock.

Internal Revenue Judgments in Brooklyn.

Judgment was issued yesterday morning, in the United States Circuit Court, against the following individuals, who were prosecuted by District-Attorney Allen: Michael Shields, H. Wardell and J. F. Gardiner, $1,923 07. Judgment on a bond for transportation of spirits. E. F. Hilker, Charles Roscher and Fred. Schwartz, $112 55; suit on a distiller's bond.

In the District Court the following judgments were rendered against H. M. Burncliffe, William Hignett and Clement Reed for $9,840 33—suit on tobacconists' bond; John Thompson, Mark Tishler and Etheridge M. Fish, $391 33; and R. G. Newell, Bernard Woods and M. Tisher, $820 26—both suits on tobacconists' bonds.

Appointments in the Department of Public Works.

The following additional appointments have been made in the Department of Public Works: John Lynes, Second Book-keeper; Stephen McCormack, Clerk in Bureau of Lamps and Gas; John Quinn, Janitor Seventh District Court; Ambrose S. Cassidy, Third General Clerk in Department of Public Works; Robert H. Clifford, Chief Clerk; Charles T. McClenachan, First Book-keeper; Theodore Froment, Deputy Superintendent in Bureau of Repairs and Supplies; J. C. Halligan, Second Clerk in the Bureau of Repairs and Supplies, and Peter O'Keefe, Third Clerk in same Bureau.

Mr. James M. Sweeny, a brother of Peter B. Sweeny and Clerk of the Superior Court, was yesterday appointed Deputy City Chamberlain.

Organization of the Health Board.

The Health Commissioners appointed by Mayor HALL under the new charter, will meet on Wednesday next, for the purpose of organization. It is now generally understood that Hon. JOSEPH S. BOSWORTH will be elected President, Col. EMMONS CLARK Secretary, and Dr. MOREAU MORRIS Chief Sanitary Inspector, as the new law designates the official formerly known as the Sanitary Superintendent. The Committees of the new Board will not be completed on Wednesday, and some weeks must elapse before the new body is in thorough working order. The Executive Department, however, will be ready at once for intelligent effort, as Dr. MORRIS for some time past has been the Deputy Sanitary Superintendent, and is consequently thoroughly familiar with the duties of the advanced position to which he is called.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Held by Ingraham, P. J., and Cardozo and Barnard, JJ.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.

Enumerated Motions.

Nos.	Nos.
82—Osgood vs. Columbian Insurance Co.	97—Goodrich, vs. Davis Trustee, &c.
84—Provost vs. Provost.	100—Annie E. Fields vs. Thomas C. Fields.
85—Weston vs. Chamberlain.	101—Ferris vs. Aspinwall.
86—Kirby vs. McFarland.	102—Coon vs. Hud. River Railroad Co.
87—Merritt vs. Briggs.	103—In re Morgan, &c.
88—Barry vs. Van Vorst.	104—In re Morgan, &c.
90—Pendleton vs. Millwater.	105—In re Morgan, &c.
91—Wiese vs. Schlichting.	106—In re Morgan, &c., Trustees, &c., of Robbins.
92—Pellatier vs. Walker.	107—Molloy vs. McAvoy.
93—Hull vs. Ayres.	108—Salters vs. Salters.
94—Matthews vs. Coe.	109—Bergmay vs. Schwartz
95—Harrison vs. N. J. Steam-boat Co.	110—Moneghan vs. Masters.
96—Caldwell, Jr., vs. Pioneer Iron Works.	

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Brady, J.—Calendar called at 12 M.

Nos.	Nos.
31½—Falk vs. Koehler.	53—Lawless vs. Mahony.
38—Bennett vs. Fischer.	66—Franklin vs. Randall.
49—Koehler vs. McEvall.	67—Kushmann vs. Ledeard
62—Laurie vs. Burke.	

The call commences at No. 79—Howe vs. Rice.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Held by Freedman, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
1413—Trustees Congregation Ba-Yeth vs. Swift.	1663—Rhodes vs. Dimock.
1529—Bennett vs. Brinker.	1685—Brown vs. Windmuller, &c.
1579—King vs. O'Brien, Sheriff.	1691—McCafferty vs. Crowe
813—Lennox vs. Hoppock.	1697—Schnitt vs. Cutter.
843—Kellogg vs. Nicoll.	1701—Tallman vs. Wilkes.
1675—Crowley vs. Moen Asphalte Co.	1703—Brown vs. Eusich.
1681—Lazarus vs. Rutgers Fire Ins. Co.	1705—Brown vs. Jaroslawski.
	1709—Fellows vs. De Ronge

Part II.—Held by McCunn, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
2056—Ryan vs. H. R. R. R. Co.	2104—Vaelker vs. Istel.
1482—Schieb vs. D. D., E. B. & B. R. R. Co.	1738—Smith vs. Tunis.
1366—Marx vs. N. Y. & H. R. R. Co.	1992—Tooney vs. Old Dom. S. S. Co.
734—Clare vs. National City Bank of New-York.	280—Clapp vs. Devlin.
2102—Sterne vs. Zinn.	2156—Norton vs. Farmer.
2176—O'Granness vs. Sixth-av. R. R. Co.	2140—Chittenden vs. McDonald.
	1170—Miller vs. Hening.
	254—Birdsall vs. Dorman.
	1122—Kerr vs. 42d-st. & G. S. R. R. Co.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Held by Gross, J.—Calendar called at 10 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
201—Wordell vs. Cariena.	1000—Jackson vs. Pattore.
620—Roberson vs. Colorado Gold Co.	1003—Bailey vs. Wheaton.
874—Jones vs. Hayden.	1004—Koch vs. Bonitz.
914—Moneuse vs. Cox.	1009—Crooks vs. Dupignac.
918—Anspach vs. Wolf.	1010—Philips vs. Briggs.
939—Arnoux vs. N. Y. Central R. R. Co.	1011—Yeoman vs. Thompson.
969—Hawkins vs. Salomon.	1012—Morrison vs. Devine.
	1013—Page vs. Fowler.
	1014—Levy vs. Peck.

Part II.—Held by Curtis, J.—Calendar called at 10½ A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
938—Dean vs. Rector of Trinity Church.	912—Fleischt vs. N. Y. Life Ins. Company.
1130—Meyer vs. Sullivan.	951—Hammill vs. Hammill.
206—Harrington vs. Goodspeed.	1001—Smith vs. Rank.
227—Henshaw vs. Goodspeed.	1002—Sullivan vs. Fenn.
870—Baumann vs. Kapp.	1005—Watson vs. Seaver.
907—Tompkins vs. Coshman.	1006—Curry vs. Nicolson Pavement Co.
893—Latin vs. Carew.	1007—Hallegan vs. Fowler.
	1008—Glen Cove Starch Co. vs. Fowler.
	855—Lavin vs. Doherty.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Held by Bedford, J.

Nos.	
1—The People vs. John Doyle; burglary.	9—The People vs. Bernard Moses; grand larceny.
2—The People vs. Thomas Davis; burglary.	10—The People vs. Julia Prince; grand larceny.
3—The People vs. Isaac Hendrickson and John Fountain; burglary.	11—The People vs. Mary Reardon; grand larceny.
4—The People vs. John McCabe; assault and battery, felonious.	12—The People vs. Philip Grosfeld; grand larceny.
5—The People vs. William Dunn; assault and battery; felonious.	13—The People vs. Harry Miller; grand larceny.
6—The People vs. William Dwyer; assault and battery, felonious.	14—The People vs. Elizabeth Kelley; grand larceny.
7—The People vs. James M. Geery; forgery.	15—The People vs. John McCaul; receiving stolen goods.
8—The People vs. Wm. Cunningham; grand larceny.	

KINGS COUNTY COURT—CIRCUIT.

Held by Pratt, J.

Nos.	Nos.
27—Williams vs. New-Amsterdam Fire Ins. Co.	245—Frawley vs. The Flushing and North-side R. R. Co.
28—Williams vs. Mech's' and Traders' Ins. Co.	80—Wade vs. Bendall.
40—Miller et al. vs. O'Brien et al.	219—Hirsch vs. Dunkert.
69—Burrell vs. Ketcham.	328—Smith vs. Smith.
78—Force vs. Hildreth.	370— ——— vs. ———.
83—Wood vs. Central Park N. & E. R. R. R. Co.	75—Wilson vs. McKillop.
96—Dippel et al. vs. Crenk.	77—Quintard vs. Campbell.
98—Anderson et al. vs. Schultass.	85—Packer vs. Lindeman.
104—Studwell et al. vs. Merritt.	91—Clark vs. Harriman.
115—Doherty vs. Stafford et al.	161—Belding vs. Barber.
128—Cooper vs. Sheppard.	176—Yenni vs. Hickey.
132—Frost vs. Haynes.	187—Pray vs. Long Island R. R. Co.
169—Bendall vs. McAleeran	223—Seabury vs. Underhill.
186—Martin vs. Fischer.	340—McGregor vs. Railway Pass. Assurance Co. of Hartford.
195—Trumbull vs. McDonald.	232—Ennis vs. Burtis.
199—Burnett, receiver, vs. Kimball et al.	233—Melville vs. Collart.
209—White vs. Smith et al.	234—Waggoner vs. Hill et al.
215—Meyer vs. Thoms.	235—Cockle vs. Stanton.
218—Whitman vs. Seaman.	236—Millbank vs. Miller.
	237—Landon vs. Pomeroy.
	239—Daighnan vs. Sheridan.

CITY COURT—BROOKLYN.

Held by Thompson, J.

Nos.	Nos.
111—Viles vs. Dickerson.	135—Rich vs. Tighe et al.
121—Colligan vs. Wilson et al.	138—Valentine vs. Ash.
123—Scheld vs. Schmidt.	142—Taylor vs. Campbell.
125—Dennis vs. Well.	145—Wilcox vs. Blauvelt.
126—McGrath vs. Duffy.	146—Lawrence vs. Lawrence.
127—Lehmann vs. Calhoun.	148—Gildersleeve vs. Oddie
128—O'Leary vs. Walter, Sheriff, &c.	149—Guderlin vs. Glasseser
132—Trautwein vs. Goerz.	150—Doyle vs. Owen.
133—Recht vs. Middleton.	151—Gibbs vs. Hart.
134—McLean vs. Haynes.	152—Rogers vs. Burnham.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—APRIL 18.

By Judge Brady.

Danforth vs. Canfield; motion must be granted.
Morton vs. Morton; motion denied.
Lassing vs. Tifft; motion denied, with $10 costs to abide the event.
Carver vs. Bonner; motion denied, with $10 costs to abide the event.

By Judge Ingraham.

Van Cott vs. Gordon; reference ordered to take proofs, &c.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 18.

By Judge Monell.

Young vs. White; motion granted.
Sless vs. Frank; order of arrest vacated and set aside without costs.
Pardee vs. Foster; motion granted and referee appointed.
Jaques vs. Braisted; motion granted with $10 costs.
Weeks vs. Marshall; motion granted.
Howard vs. Clark; motion granted.
Lockwood vs. Latimer; motion granted.
Meyer vs. Wilkie; motion substituting receiver granted.

By Judge Spencer.

Ferguson vs. Moore; motion granted.
Campbell vs. Mullen; motion granted and cause referred.
Hack vs. Hack; motion granted and cause referred.

By Chief-Justice Barbour.

Niff vs. Freedman; case settled and filed.

By Judge McCunn.

Patton vs. Miller; judgment for defendant.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 18.

By Judge Van Brunt.

Schirmir vs. Vander Bosch; motion denied.
Ashton vs. John; motion denied.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—APRIL 18.

Before Presiding Justice Ingraham, and Judges Barnard and Brady.

THE EXPLOSION ON THE ST. JOHN IN 1865—VERDICT OF $20,000 FOR INJURIES TO A PASSENGER—APPEAL TO THE GENERAL TERM.

Nathaniel Caldwell, Plaintiff and Respondent vs. The New-Jersey Steam-boat Company, Defendants and Appellants.—This case came up today on an appeal from a judgment entered on the 12th of December, 1868, against the New-Jersey Steamboat Company for $22,000 damages and costs. The facts briefly stated are as follows: The plaintiff, a resident of Indiana, was, on the 29th of October, 1865, a passenger on board the defendants' steam-boat *St. John* on her regular passage from Albany to New-York. When the boat was opposite the Elysian Fields, on the Hudson, a boiler exploded, and the plaintiff was badly injured by the rush of steam and hot water. He was so badly injured that for months his life was despaired of. For these injuries he brought an action against the defendants, alleging gross negligence on the part of the engineer, and other agents of the Company. The case was tried in the month of May, 1868, before Judge Cardozo and a jury, which resulted in a verdict of $20,000 damages against the defendants. The appeal is based mainly upon the refusal of the Court below to charge in accordance with certain requests made by defendants' counsel; in refusing to permit certain witnesses to be recalled, and also on the ground that the damages were excessive. The Company claim that the evidence conclusively shows that the boat was new and well constructed, costing more than half a million of dollars; that they contracted with a first-class firm to build first-class boilers, and paying a first-class price; that the iron was first-class, and such only as is used for the construction of boilers, at the place of the rupture which caused the explosion. If it was defective it could not be discovered before the rupture, except by submitting it to a test which the most careful and skillful boiler-makers never subjected it to; that the workmanship was good, and that eight witnesses testified that the bracing was all that was necessary. Prof. WIARD says it was braced too much; that round surfaces are never braced. True, three witnesses say that the bracing was not sufficient, but the defendants claim that they admitted facts such as totally to overthrow their opinions as experts. At all events, the boilers stood the Government test perfectly. They were permitted to carry thirty-five pounds of steam, and at the time of the explosion they were carrying twenty-eight pounds. She was at all times properly fired and supplied with water; daily and weekly careful examinations were made of her boilers; her engineer, Hook, was the oldest and best on the river, and his second and assistants were all experienced and skillful men. Everything which enterprise, wealth and skill could command and furnish were embodied in that boat to render the plaintiff's passage pleasant and safe. Eleven witnesses were unable to tell the cause of the rupture, each having a theory of his own, each opposed to the other. The last witness says the cause was as inscrutable as are the ways of Divine Providence. One thing they claim, they say is clear, that is, that defendants were wholly ignorant of the existence of defects in the iron, if such existed; they were ignorant, also, of the defective bracing, if any such existed.

The case was argued at length by Messrs. Ira Shafer and C. and S. T. Jones for the appellants; and by Messrs. Dickinson and W. C. Traphagen for the respondents. Decision of the Court reserved.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—APRIL 18.

Before Judge Monell.

THE CLARKE-BININGER CONTROVERSY.

Abraham B. Clarke vs. Abraham Bininger.—This case came up today before Judge MONELL, on an adjourned motion to punish Thomas J. Barr and Daniel Hanrahan, receivers, appointed by the Superior Court; one Gorham, an acting-deputy receiver, and Mr. Hersh, an auctioneer, for contempt of Court, in having proceeded to make a sale of the partnership property in violation of a stay of proceedings made by Judge Jones on the 30th of March last; and also, on a motion to remove the receivers for neglect and mismanagement of the trust imposed on them by the order of the Court. It appeared that the whole property had not been sold, but only about one-tenth part thereof. In opposition to the motion, affidavits were read setting forth at large the history of the litigation, in which, it is alleged, the receivers have been put to large and unusual expenditures by reason of the attempt of Bininger, the defendant, to oust the receiver appointed by order of the Superior Court, and to have the proceedings transferred to the jurisdiction of the United States Court; that such opposition on the part of Bininger has hindered, delayed and embarrassed the receivers in the execution of their trust; that had it not been for such opposition, they (the receivers) would long since have completed their trust and rendered an account, and that they are now ready to account for all moneys which have been placed in their hands when called upon so to do, and deny that in any way have they violated their trust or delayed the execution of the same, except as they have been interrupted and embarrassed by the proceedings of the defendant Bininger, and the orders issued in pursuance of such proceedings. They deny the allegations in the affidavits, on which the motion is founded, that exorbitant charges had been made, or that large sums of the co-partnership moneys had come into the hands of the firm of Morgan & Hanrahan, but, on the contrary, none of such moneys had come into the hands of Morgan & Hanrahan, neither could they have made overcharges, inasmuch as the amount of costs had to be fixed by the Court.

On behalf of the motion, it was contended by Mr. Titus that, notwithstanding the order of receivership directed that all the moneys obtained as proceeds of this property should be deposited in the New-York Life and Trust Company, yet but $200 had been there deposited up to this time, and that was done in the month of November last. He also contended that Mr. Morgan, the attorney for Hanrahan, should be stricken from the rolls, because, after the order staying the sale had been made by Judge Jones, then sitting at Special Term, and by whom alone, according to the rules of the Court, such orders could be made, he (Morgan) went to Judge McCunn out of Court, and obtained a modification of the order permitting the sale. This, Mr. Titus contended, was a violation of Morgan's duties and obligations as an attorney of the Court, and in which he was not shielded by the order of Judge McCunn out of Court, that order being irregular. On behalf of Morgan and Hanrahan, the main charges of fact were contradicted; and in relation to their being protected by the order of Judge McCunn, it was contended that they were so protected, because the order of Judge Jones, instead of being a Special Term order, was an *ex parte* order made at Chambers, and which could be modified or set aside by another Judge out of Court. On the part of Mr. Barr, the other receiver, it was shown that he and his attorney had protested against the sale, but did so without knowledge that the stay of Judge Jones had been modified by Judge McCunn. Aside from the conflict in the affidavits as to the facts on which the motion was founded, the motion turned on the question whether the order of Judge McCunn was an absolute nulity, or merely irregular, or neither. Roger A. Prior contended that the order was not only not a nulity, but not even irregular, and though it was irregular, it would nevertheless sustain and justify the acts of the receiver. The Judge took the papers and reserved decision.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—APRIL 18, 1870.

FIRST BOARD—10½ A. M.

$10,000	U.S.6s,'81,C.b3	114⅛	20	Cent. Nat. Bank..	110
10,000	U.S.5-20 C.,'64...	111	24	Fourth N. B'k....	106
2,000	U. S. 5-20 C.,'65	111⅝	20	Merchants'Ex.Bk	100
10,000	do.	111⅝	15	Amer. Ex. Bank..	115
1,000	U. S. 5-20 C.,'65 new.......c	109⅛	65	Del. & H. Ca.....	120
2,000	U.S.5-20 C.,'67.c	109⅛	300	Canton Co.........	70
1,500	do.	110	100	do...bet. call	70⅞
10,000	do.........b3	110⅛	100	At. Mail..........	27
15,000	do.	110⅛	100	do.	25
1,000	U.S.5s,10-40 C..	106⅜	100	Quick. M. Co......	9⅞
3,000	do.........c	106⅛	42	U. S. Ex. bet. call	43
2,000	U. S. 6s, Cur...	111⅞	200	N.Y.C. & H. R.R.	93⅛
5,000	Tenn.St.6s, x. c.	59⅛	200	do...bet. call	93
10,000	Tenn. St. 6s, n.	54⅞	200	Reading...........	99⅛
7,000	do.	55	1100	do...bet. call	99⅛
1,000	Vir. St. 6s, new	69⅛	11	Lake S. & M. S...	89
10,000	N. C. St. 6s., n.	22⅛	500	do.	88⅛
7,000	Missouri 6s....	92⅞	1000	do...bet. call	88⅛
10,000	S. C. St. 6s....	88⅛	100	do..........b4	88⅛
10,000	Ala. St. 8s, bds..	99	600	Clev. & Pitts....	99⅛
10,000	do.	99⅛	200	do.........b60	100⅛
6,000	Erie 4th M.....	84⅛	200	Chic. & N. W. b.c.	73⅛
6,000	N. Y. Cen. 6s,'83	93⅛	100	Chi. & N.W.Pf.b30	85⅛
3,000	Mich. S. 2d M..	97	300	do...bet. call	85⅛
3,000	M. So. S.F.Bds.	102	650	N. J. Central.....	106
1,000	Union P. 1st M	84⅞	100	do.	105⅛
1,000	do.	84⅞	400	do.	105⅛
2,500	Tol., & W.E.B	80	1600	Chi. & R. I......	116
2,500	Del., L. & W. 1st	96	200	Mil. & St. P.....	59⅛
5,000	Cen. P. Gold Bs	91⅛	200	Mil. & St.P.Pf...	73⅛
1,000	Mor. & Es. 1st..	103	100	Tol., W. & W.....	49⅛
9,000	Mor. & Es. 2d..	96⅛	200	do.	49⅛
1,000	Pitts., Ft. W. & Chi. 3d M.	94	500	do.	49⅛
1,000	Mil. & St. P. 8s. 1st M.	105	110	P., Ft. W. & Chi. Guar........	93
3,000	Lake S. Div. B's	90⅛	100	Chic. & Alt.......	111⅛
11,000	St. L. & I. M. 1st M. bds.	88	100	Chi. & Alt. Scrip.	106⅛
1,000	Col., C. & Ind. C. 1st M.	80⅛	200	Ohio & Miss......	30
4,000	do.	80⅛	43	Del., Lac. & W. R.	103⅛
1,000	Chi., St. L. & Jack'nville 1st	90	100	do.	103⅛
			50	N. Y. & N. H. Sc.	134
			10	New-Jersey R....	120
			200	Col., C. & Ind. C.	17⅛
			100	Bos., H. & E. R.	4

SECOND BOARD—12½ AND 2½ P. M.

$500	U. S. 6s, '81, C..	114⅛	$3,000	U. S. 5-20 R., '65, new	109⅛
20,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new	109⅛	3,000	do.	109⅛
10,000	U. S. 5-20 R., '67.	109⅛	10,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '67, b3	110⅛
15,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '68..	110⅛	27,000	do.	110⅛
6,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40 C..	106⅛			

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$10,000	Tenn.St.6s,x c	59⅛	100	Mich. Cen. R..b. c	120
10,000	Tenn. St. 6s, n.. s 10	54⅛	525	L. S. & M. So....	88⅛
40,000	Ark. 7s, Is. to L. R. & F. S. R	75⅛	300	do.	88⅛
10,000	Ala. 8s	99⅛	250	do.	88⅛
2,000	N. Car. St. 6s..	46⅛	100	do...bet. call	88⅛
3,000	Chi. & N. W. 1st.	94⅛	200	Clev. & P........	99⅛
7,000	Cen. Pacific R. R. Gold Bds.	91⅛	100	Chic. & N. W. b. c	73⅛
1,000	Col., C. & I. C. 1st M.	80⅛	200	Chi. & N. W. Pf..	85⅛
1,000	N. Y. & N. H. 6s Bds.	99	100	do.	85⅛
20	West. U. Tel...	33	200	N. J. Cen. R.....	105⅛
100	do.	32⅛	100	do.	105⅛
300	Mariposa Pf...	14⅛	100	Chic. & R. I......	116
100	U. S. Ex. Co. b. c	43	300	T., W. & W.......	49⅛
800	N. Y. C. & H. R. bet. call	93	500	do.	49⅛
10,000	N. Y. C. & H. R. Cer.	89⅛	800	do.	50
1700	Reading.........	99⅛	100	Morris & Essex...	92⅛
			100	Mil. & St. P..b. c	59⅛
			100	Alt. & T. H.......	38
			25	Chi. & Alt. Sc....	106⅛
			100	H. & St. J. R. Pf.	106⅛
			100	Dub. & S. C. R...	107
			500	Ohio & Miss. b. c	30⅛

MONDAY, April 18—P. M.

We have to report a dull day in the Wall-street markets. Money is easier than last week, on account of the light transactions at the Stock Exchange and the pause in the Gold speculation. The latter was barely sustained at 113½@113⅝ ₩ cent., and it seems doubtful whether the upward movement, inaugurated about ten days ago, can be safely pressed much higher at present. The Foreign Exchanges are quoted nominally firm on the basis of 109@109½ ₩ cent. on London, but there is not business enough doing, except in the way of settling credits with the Bankers to justify any calculation upon the export of Gold until after the May interest on the United States 5-20s is disbursed. It is said that the pleasure travel to Europe this season, from the present date down to the middle of July, promises to be as large as in 1869, and if so, the resulting demand for Exchange may influence higher rates and a moderate shipment of Gold Coin. But there is nothing in this or the trade balances with Europe to justify the talk of much higher Gold, while the Treasury is prepared, and could readily make it profitable, to be a large seller through May and June, if the price should go up.

On the Stock Exchange the Public Funds are steady at Saturday's last rates. The business was comparatively light, and in the Railway speculation there was scarcely an average movement, while the quotations scarcely varied, on the average, ½@¾ ₩ cent. Lake Shore Stock attracted the best demand, while Reading, North-west, Rock Island, New-York Central and Toledo and Wabash were fairly supported. Among the Miscellaneous Shares, Canton Company Stock was the favorite, and sold up to 70@70½ ₩ cent. The Southern Bond list was again firm on new Tennessees at

@55 ₱ cent. There was also a demand for the Alabama 8 ₱ cents, and a fair business done in the new 7 ₱ cents of the State of Arkansas.

After the late Boards the following quotations were made as compared with Saturday night. The prevailing feeling in the market is one of dullness.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS, APRIL 18.

	Saturday.	Monday.
United States 10-40s	106¼	106⅜
United States 5-20s of 1862	112⅜	112⅜
United States 5-20s of 1867	110⅛	110⅛
American Gold Coin	113⅝	113⅝
Bills on London, 60 days	109	109⅛
New Bonds of Tennessee	54⅞	54¾
N. Y. Central and Hudson	92⅞	93⅛
N. Y. C. and H. Debt Certificates	89¾	89⅞
Reading Railroad	99½	99
Chicago and Rock Island	116	116½
North-western Common	73⅞	73½
North-western Preferred	85⅝	84½
Pacific Mail Company	37	37
St. Paul Preferred	73⅞	73½
St. Paul Common	59¾	59¼
Lake Shore	88½	88¾
Erie	24⅞	24¾
Ohio and Mississippi	30	30
New-Jersey Central	106	105⅛

UNITED STATES TREASURY, }
NEW-YORK, April 18. }

General balance yesterday	$85,231,397 15
Gold receipts	635,462 10
Gold payments	25,014 64
Gold balance	82,314,163 23
Currency receipts	174,284 36
Currency payments	348,371 86
Currency balance	1,863,599 48
General balance	84,601,297 63
Customs	551,000 00

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₱ cent. reg., 1881	114	5-20 reg., n. i., 1865	109
6 ₱ cent. coup., 1881	114⅜	5-20 coup., n. i., 1865	109⅜
5-20 reg., 1862	107	5-20 reg., 1867	109⅛
5-20 coup., 1862	112	5-20 coup., 1867	110⅛
5-20 reg., 1864	107	5-20 coup., 1868	110⅛
5-20 coup., 1864	110⅝	10-40 registered	105⅝
5-20 reg., 1865	107	10-40 coupon	106⅛
5-20 coup., 1865	111⅛	6s currency	111⅞

And the following for the State Bonds:

Tenn. 6s, ex coup	59⅛	Ohio 6 ₱ cent., '81	102
Tenn. 6s, new bds	54⅝	Ohio 6 ₱ cent., '86	103⅛
Virginia 6s, ex coup	69⅛	Kentucky 6s	98
Virginia 6s, new bds	69	Ill. Canal Bds., '70	100
Georgia 6s	85	Ill. coup. 6s, '77	101
Georgia 7s, new bds	93	Ill. coup. 6s, '79	100
North Carolina 6s	46¾	Ill. War Loan	100
North Car. new bds	22⅝	Mich. 6 ₱ cent., '73	95
South Carolina 6s	87⅛	Mich. 6 ₱ cent., '78	95
South Car. new bds	81	Mich. 6 ₱ cent., '83	95
Missouri 6s	92⅝	Mich. 7 ₱ cent., '78	99
Mo., H. & St. Jo. Iss	92¾	Mich. 7 ₱ cent., W. L.	100
Louisiana 6s	75¾	N. Y. reg. Bt'y Loan	109⅛
La. 6s, new bds	73	N. Y. coup. Bt'y L'n	109⅛
La. 8s, Levee Bds	91	N. Y. 7s, C'l L'n, '70	104
California 7s	112	N. Y. 6s, C'l L'n, '73	105
Connecticut 6s	100½	N. Y. 6s, C'l L'n, '74	105
Rhode Island 6s	100½	N. Y. 6s, C'l L'n, '75	105
Alabama 8s	99	N. Y. 6s, C'l L'n, '77	105
Ak. 7s L. R.&Ft.S.Is	75	N. Y. 6s, C'l L'n, '78	105
Ohio 6 ₱ cent., '75	102	N. Y. 5s, C'l L'n, '75	101

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83	93	Gt. W. 2d, '93	81¼
N. Y. Cen. 6s, '87	93½	Q. & Tol. 1st, '90	84¾
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Est.	91	Gal. & Chic. Ext.	99
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub'n	89	Gal. & Chic. 2d	94
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	103	Chic. & R. I. 1st	101
Erie 1st, Extended	100	Chic., R. I. & Pacific	98
Erie 7s, 2d Ind., '79	93	Morris & Essex 1st	103
Erie 7s, 3d Ind., '83	88	Morris & Essex 2d	96
Erie 7s, 4th Ind., '80	84	N. J. Central 2d	103
Erie 7s, 5th Ind., '88	81	N. J. Cen., New Bds	98⅜
B., N. Y. & E. 1st, '77	90	Pitts., F. W. & C. 2d	97
H. R. 7s, 2d S. F., '85	105⅛	Pitts., F. W. & C. 3d	94
C., B. & Q. 8 ₱ ct., 1st	112	Cleve. & Pitts. 2d	94
Mich. So. 7 ₱ ct., 2d	97	Cleve. & Pitts. 3d	93
M.S.& N.I.S. F.,7 ₱ c.	101¾	Cleve. & Pitts. 4th	77
P. R. 7s, guar. by Mo.	97	Chic. & Alt. Income	89
Cen. Pacific Bonds	91⅛	Ohio & Miss. 1st	96
Union Pac. 1st Bonds	84¾	Dub. & Sioux C. 1st	96
Alton & T. H. 1st	94	Penin. R. Bonds	90
Chic. & N. W. S. F.	94⅛	St. L. & I. M. Bonds	87⅛
C. & N. W. Int. Bds	91	Mil. & St. P. 1st, 8s	105
Con. 7 ₱ ct., Conv	88	Mil. & St. P. 1st	92
H. & St. Jo. Ld. Gts	105⅝	Mil. & St. P., L & M.d.	86
Lack. & W. Bonds	96¾	Mil. & St. P. 2d	83⅛
Del., L. & W. 1st	96	Marietta & Cin. 1st	91⅛
Del., L. & W. 2d	96	Chic. & Mil. 1st	91
Tol. & W. 1st, Ext	93	Col., Chic. & Ind. 1st	80⅛
Tol. & W. 2d	82	Col., Chic. & Ind. 2d	61½
Tol. & W., Equip. Bds	80	N. Y. & N. H. 6s	97⅜
Gt. W. 1st, '68	101	Tol., Peo. & W., E. D.	83
Gt. W. 1st, '88	86	Tol., Peo. & W., W. D.	79

And the following for the City Bank and and Miscellaneous Shares:

New-York	139	Continental	96
Manhattan	142	St. Nicholas	116
Merchants'	125	Commonwealth	114
Mechanics'	139	New-York County	200
Union	130	Importers' & Traders'	150
America	146	Park	166
City	215	Manufs' & Merchts'	100¼
Phenix	108	Central National	109⅛
Tradesmen's	154	Fourth National	106
Mechanics' & Traders'	125	Ninth National	110
National	115	Tenth National	104½
Merchants' Exchange	100	Oriental	150⅛
Seventh Ward		Gold Exchange	55
State of New-York	108	Bkrs. & Brokers' As.	108⅛
Commerce	125	Del. & Hudson Canal	120
Ocean	80	Cumberland Coal Pf.	30
Mercantile	123	Canton Co., Baltimore	70
American Exchange	114⅛	West. Un. Telegraph	32⅜
Chatham	170	Mariposa Mining	5⅛
Bank of the Republic	117	Mariposa Pref	13¾
Bank of N. America	104	Mariposa Trust. Certs	40
Hanover	108	Boston Water Power	16¾
Irving	116	Adams Express	61¼
Metropolitan	140	Wells-Fargo Express	19
Grocers'	117	American Express	38
East River	103	United States Express	43
Market	124	Merchants' Union Ex.	8
Corn Exchange	128	Pacific Mail	37⅛

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS—APRIL 18.

Telegraphed to Messrs. E. D. Randolph & Co.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 6s, Old	101¼	101½
City 6s, New	102⅝	102¾
Camden and Amboy	119¼	119⅜
Pennsylvania Central	116½	116¾
Reading	97⅛	97¼
Lehigh Valley	55⅞	56
Catawissa Preferred	37¼	37¾
Philadelphia and Erie	29	29¼
Northern Central	47¾	48
Lehigh Navigation	33½	33¾
Lehigh Gold Loan	91	91¼

The trustees, Capt. WILLIAM H. SWIFT and others, to the Land Grant Mortgage of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Road, again advertise that they are prepared to buy $50,000 of the bonds under sealed proposals, to be left with Messrs. WARD, CAMPBELL & CO., No. 56 Wall-street, on or before Friday of next week, April 29. See official advertisement.

About two months ago Messers. VAN SAUN & Co., of the Gold Room, were unjustly charged before the Courts with improper transactions. The case has been investigated and the Board of the Gold Exchange have caused the following note to be addressed to these gentlemen:

GENTLEMEN: Your note of this date was read to the Board, whereupon the following preamble and resolution were unanimously adopted, viz.:

Whereas, Heretofore, to wit, on the 10th day of February, 1870, Messrs. VAN SAUN & CO. did, at the request of a Special Committee of this Board, suspend business therewith pending the investigation of certain charges which had been presented against them, and

Whereas, The said firm of VAN SAUN & CO. have since then entirely refuted said charges, now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That they be and they are hereby requested to resume their business with the Board.

THOMAS B. AKERS, Secretary.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* says of the Coal Trade of the past week:

"There is no marked change in the Anthracite Coal trade to notice this week. In the Schuylkill Coal region the general strike continues. Only four small collieries sending coal over the Reading Railroad are reported in operation, and in the Shamokin region but half a dozen or so, and the great bulk of the product of the latter is sent West. Of the Coal tonnage reported by the Reading Railroad last week, a good portion of it was on hand at the time of the strike. There are three collieries that have heretofore shipped Coal over the Reading that now ship by the Lehigh Valley Road, and arrangements have been made to supply Coal on the line of the Reading, below the City of Reading, with Lehigh Coal by way of the East Pennsylvania Road. Some lawless violence is reported among the workmen, which may be taken as a sign of the near approach of the end of the strike. A telegram was published here on Saturday afternoon from Mauch Chunk, stating that the Miners' Association had notified the Lehigh miners to stop work today, the 18th instant, but as we were with some of the officers of the carrying companies of that region on Saturday afternoon, who made no mention of the fact, we are inclined to doubt the truth of the telegram. It is true that the workmen at the Lehigh Navigation Company's mines at Summit Hill have not resumed work, having been on a strike for six weeks. The *Miners' Journal* condemns the course pursued by the miners, and 'calls upon the consumers of Coal abroad not to submit to high prices; there is no necessity for it. The market can be supplied even with the Shamokin and Schuylkill regions almost entirely suspended. If the whole trade were to start now, Coal would go down to $2 a ton in less than a week, in the present state of business.' The operators seem determined not to give in. The Reading Railroad brought down of all kinds for week ending on the 14th inst., 42,308 tons, against 38,355 tons for the previous week, and for the fiscal year, beginning Dec. 1, 994,551 tons, against 1,071,288 tons to corresponding time last year—a decrease of 76,937 tons. The total product of all the anthracite regions for the week, as far as reported by the several carrying companies, was 247,471 tons, against 217,985 tons the previous week—an increase of 29,486 tons—and for the fiscal year, 3,380,672 tons, against 3,038,235 tons to the same dates last year, showing an increase of 342,437 tons. The Coal market in this city, as between sellers and buyers, is steady; the general feeling is that prices cannot advance and are very likely to go lower. Prices of Coal by the cargo at Port Richmond, for shipments east of Bordentown and south of Cape Henry, are firm at quotations: Schuylkill Red Ash, $4 45@$4 50; Steamboat, Broken, Egg and Stove, $4 50, and Chestnut, $4. Shenandoah coal, of same sizes, 10c.@15c. ₱ ton higher. Freights are unchanged."

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS.

The subscribers offer for sale Seven Per Cent. Bonds of the State of Arkansas, due in 1900, coupons payable in New-York April and October, issued to the Little Rock and Fort Smith Railroad. These bonds are issued under act of July, 1868, approved by a vote of the people of the State November, 1868. According to the Constitution of the State no debt beyond the amount already authorized can be created, unless confirmed by a vote of the people. The above law provides for a tax on the railroad equal to the annual interest of the State bonds issued to them, and five years after their completion an additional special tax to constitute a sinking fund to redeem the principal. The taxable property of the State amounted Jan. 1, 1870, to $180,000,000, and the entire indebtedness of the State was only $4,430,000.

R. L. CUTTING, JR., & CO.,
No. 19 William-st.

☞ LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD
FIRST MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS AT 90 AND INTEREST.

We have only a limited amount to offer at this price.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.
No. 18 Wall-st.
JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
No. 59 Wall-st.
J. B. ALEXANDER & CO.,
No. 19 Nassau-st.

☞ THE SOUTHERN CENTRAL RAILROAD is now completed the entire distance from Owego to Auburn. A popular and prosperous Agricultural and Manufacturing district is thus efficiently provided for. The local business of the Southern Central will be very large both in freight and passenger traffic. The rich Agricultural country through which it runs will afford a constantly increasing business. The great manufacturing establishments at Auburn, whose water-power is the best in the State, and the enterprising towns along the line, will always secure to this road a good income.

VERMILYE & CO., the Financial Agents of the Road, offer the remaining unsold portion of the Bonds with the greatest confidence, believing them to be as good a security as any that has ever been placed on this market.

The Bonds bear Seven per cent., have thirty years to run, and they are convertible into stock at the option of the holder.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, April 18, 1870.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pks	4	Resin, bbls	892
Bees-wax, pks	5	Pork, bbls	165
Cotton, bales	3,742	Cut-meats, pks	329
Cotton-seed, bags	615	Grease, pks	45
Eggs, bbls	1,575	Lard, pks	106
Flour, bbls	5,156	Stearine, pks	88
Corn-meal, bags	600	Butter, pks	2,269
Wheat, bushels	26,026	Cheese, boxes	1,004
Corn, bushels	14,790	Moss, bales	118
Oats, bushels	2,652	Pea-nuts, bags	428
Hops, bales	9	Rice, pks	385
Hides, No.	2,791	Starch, pks	830
Hides, bales	89	Skins, bales	8
Leather, sides	4,750	Tobacco, hhds	134
Crude Turp., bbls	202	Tobacco, bxs. & cs	109
Spirits Turp., bbls	455	Whisky, bbls	338
Tar, bbls	1,231	Wool, bales	128

The export clearances since our last, reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, have been as follows:

By the steamer *City of Baltimore*, for Liverpool—214 pks. Leather, 70 bbls. Potashes, 1,200 bales Palm Leaf, 540 boxes Extract Bark, 150 boxes Axes, 200 boxes Cheese, 50 bbls. Beef, 200 tcs. Beef, 30 bales Cotton, 15,985 bushels Wheat, 400 bbls. Pork, 4 cases Machinery, 5 cases Paint.

By the brig *Amy A. Lane*, for Cadiz—105,960 Staves.

By the brig *Maurice*, for Cadiz—113,880 Staves.

By the bark *Favorite*, for Hamburg—394 pks. Hardware, 173 cases Clocks, 232 tons Logwood, 720 Staves.

By the bark *Christianshaon*, for Konigsburg—1,424 bbls. Refined Petroleum.

By the steamer *Holsatia*, for Hamburg—2 cases Kid Gloves, 26 cases Knitting Machines, 7 cases Oil Peppermint, 30 hhds. Melado, 24 hhds. Sugar, 4,200 boxes Extract, 26 tons Logwood, 1,162 bags Coffee, 3 cases Cigars, 101 bales Cotton, 44 bales Furs, 20 boxes Flavine, 50 bbls. Apples, 1,560 bbls. Resin, 3 cases Tools, 25 coils Packing, 96 tcs. Honey, 80 pks. Agricultural Implements, 50 cases Sewing-Machines, 57 boxes Clocks.

By the brig *Aabine*, for Alicante—15,000 gallons Refined Petroleum, 1,150 Oak Planks, 40,000 Staves.

By the brig *Salinas*, for Para—900 bbls. Flour, 409 pks. Hardware, 14 pks. Cotton Goods, 18 pks. Clocks, 45 pks. Lard, 5 bales Cotton Duck, 2 cases Fish-lines, 3 cases Sewing-machines, 25 cases Matches, 100 boxes Flour, 10 cases Blacking, 15 cases Chairs, 30 cases Drugs, 200 Oars, 1,443 gallons Refined Petroleum, 20 bags Pepper, 600 Shooks.

By the schooner *C. A. Farnsworth*, for Para—400 Pine Boards, 50 kegs Lard, 900 bbls. Flour, 83 bbls. Refined Petroleum, 60 bundles Paper, 107 pks. Hardware, 15 rolls Matting, 30 bags Pepper, 13 pks. Fire-crackers, 30 cases Biscuit, 40 cases Drugs, 5 cases Cotton Goods.

ASHES—Continue in request at from $6 50@$7 for Pots, and (nominally) $9 25@$9 75 for Pearls, ₱ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Holders have been quite firm in their views as to price, and the available supplies have been light. The demand, however, has been limited. We quote: Java at 20c.@22c.; Maracaibo, 16½c.@19c.; Laguayra, 16¾c.@18½c.; Rio, 9¾c.@13½c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 17½c.@19c.; Jamaica, 15c.@16½c.; Singapore, 18c.@19c.; Costa Rica, 14½c.@18½c.; Manila, 16c.@17c.; Mexican, 15c.@18c.; Savanilla, 16c.@17½c.; San Domingo, in bond, 9½c.@10c., gold, ₱ lb.

COTTON—The market has been quoted steady, but has been without animation. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,525 bales, including 756 bales to shippers, 472 bales to spinners, 147 bales to speculators and 150 bales in transit; also, 750 bales for forward delivery, including 450 bales, basis Low Middling, for May, 21 13-16c.@22c.; 100 bales, do., for June, at 21⅝c.; 200 bales, do., for July, at 22c.

Closing Prices of Cotton.

	Uplands.	Mobile.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary	18¾	19	19⅛	19⅛
Good Ordinary	20¾	21	21⅛	21⅛
Low Middling	22⅛	22⅜	22⅝	22¾
Middling	23⅛	23⅜	23⅝	23¾
Good Middling	24⅛	24¾	25	25¼

Movements of Cotton at this Port.	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week	3,742
Receipts last week	10,824
Receipts the preceding week	13,155
Receipts since Sept. 1	561,424
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1870	682,100
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1869	638,720
Export clearances since our last	131
Exports since Sept. 1	292,600
Exports for the year ending Jan. 1, 1870	338,067
Exports for the year ending Sept. 1, 1869	328,479
Estimated stock here	45,000

COCOA—The main call has been for Guayaquil, of which 700 bags have been taken for home use, during the past week, on private terms.

FLOUR AND MEAL—A rather better inquiry has been noted for State and Western Flour, at a shade firmer prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 8,450 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western here at $4 50@$4 65; very inferior to good Extra State at $4 75@$4 90; good to choice Extra State at $4 90@$5 50; and poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop Ohio at $4 80@$5 15 ₱ bbl. We quote:

Superfine State and Western	$4 50@$4 65
Extra State	4 75@ 5 50
Extra Indiana, Illinois, &c.	4 70@ 7 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop shipping brands	4 80@ 5 15
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	5 20@ 7 25
Extra City, shipping	4 80@ 6 00
Extra Genesee	5 50@ 7 25
Poor to Fancy Extra Missouri	5 40@ 9 25

Southern Flour has been in moderate request at buoyant prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,250 bbls., in lots, at $5 25@$6 10 for Poor to Good Ordinary, and $6 10@$9 75 for Good Ordinary to Choice Extra, ₱ bbl. Rye Flour continues in fair demand, and quoted firmer at $4@$5 15 for inferior to choice, ₱ bbl.; sales, 285 bbls. Corn-meal has been in light supply and demand at $4 40@$4 80 for Western; $4 45@$4 60 for Jersey; $5 for Caloric; $5 20@$5 25 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl.; sales, 120 bbls.

FRUIT—Sales have been reported of some 1,200 boxes Currants at the extreme figures of 12¼c.@12½c. for fancy pks. ₱ lb.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in more demand, chiefly for export, though in part for milling, at firmer prices, closing buoyantly. Sales have been reported since our last of 143,000 bushels, including White Western at $1 30@$1 40; Red and Amber Western at $1 21@$1 25, in store and delivered, chiefly at $1 21 in store; No. 1 Spring at $1 13@$1 14½, delivered; No. 2 Spring at $1 08@$1 10, delivered; No. 3 Spring at $1 01; rejected Spring at 95c.@98c.; White Genesee at $1 45@$1 50; Amber State at $1 25, delivered, ₱ bushel. Corn has been in good request, partly on speculative account, at decidedly higher prices, closing in favor of sellers. Sales have been reported since our last of 61,000 bushels at $1 12@$1 15 for Old Mixed Western, in store and delivered, closing at $1 14@$1 15 for Prime, in store; $1 10@$1 15 for New Mixed Western; $1 05 for unsound do.; $1 15@$1 18 for Yellow Jersey, Pennsylvania, Western and Southern; $1 14@$1 15 for White Southern; $1 05 for unsound do., ₱ bushel. Rye has been quiet but firm, at 93c.@$1 for Jersey and Western; $1 03@$1 06 for State, ₱ bushel; Barley has been quite dull at former prices; sales have been reported since our last of 7,100 bushels at 70c.@75c., for two-rowed State, and $1@$1 01½ for Canada West, ₱ bushel. Barley Malt has been inactive since our last, ranging from 80c.@$1 10, as extremes. Oats have been in brisk demand, largely on speculative account, at improved prices, closing strong and buoyant. Sales have been reported of 105,000 bushels, in lots, at 58c.@63c, for Mixed Western in store and delivered, chiefly at 58c.@60c. in store, and closing at 60c. in store; 68c.@68½c. for White Western, from track and delivered; 66½c.@69½c. for State, delivered; 62c.@65c. for Jersey and Southern, ₱ bushel. The export clearances have been 1,800 bbls. Flour for Para.

Stock of Grain in New-York and Brooklyn Warehouses, April 18, 1870.

	Bushels.		Bushels.
Wheat	1,727,125	Barley	194,642
Corn	242,191	Malt	99,938
Oats	655,428	Peas	4,996
Rye	31,247		

HAY—Bale Hay has been in moderate request at 80c.@85c. for shipping, and 90c.@1 10 for local use, ₱ 100 lbs. Straw continues in limited demand at 65c.@$1 for Short and Long, ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been moderately inquired for, including New-York at 18c.@25c.; Eastern at 14c.@21c.; Ohio at 13c.@20c.; Michigan at 13c.@20c.; Wisconsin at 16c.@23c.; Yearlings at 4c.@8c.; Old Olds at 2c.@3c. ₱ lb. Receipts today, 9 bales; exports, — bales.

MOLASSES—There has been a fair call for Porto Rico, and the better grades of Cuba, at steady rates; 432 hhds. Porto Rico were sold on private terms. We quote: Old and New Crop Porto Rico at 30c.@68c.; Old and New Cuba, 25c.@55c.; New Crop English Islands, 30c.@50c.; New-Orleans, 60c.@85c., ₱ gallon.

	Old Crop.	New Crop.
Cuba, Centrifugal and Mixed	20c.@23c.	30c.@33c.
Cuba, Clayed	24c.@28c.	35c.@40c.
Cuba, Muscovado, refining grades	—@—	37c.@43c.
Cuba, Muscovado, grocery grades	—@—	40c.@45c.
Porto Rico	30c.@50c.	40c.@65c.
English Islands	—@—	30c.@50c.
New-Orleans	—@—	60c.@85c.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been in quite moderate supply and fair request, on the basis of $2 10 for Strained, ₱ 280 lbs.; receipts, 892 bbls.; sales, 2,800 bbls.; exports, 1,560 bbls. Tar and Crude Turpentine unchanged. Spirits Turpentine has been offered rather more freely and quoted cheaper, on a moderate inquiry; sales, 230 bbls. merchantable at 46c.@46½c. ₱ gallon; receipts, 455 bbls. We quote: Spirits Turpentine at 46c.@47½c. ₱ gallon; Crude nominally at $3 62@$3 75 ₱ 280 lbs.; Resin, $2 10@$8 ₱ 280 lbs., the latter for choice White; Tar, $2 25@$2 40; Pitch, $2@$2 50 ₱ bbl.

OILS—The inquiry for all kinds has been limited, on the basis of our quotations: Crude Whale at 65c.@75c. for Southern and Northern; Bleached Whale, 85c.; Crude Sperm at $1 55@$1 60; Unbleached Sperm at $1 70; Bleached Sperm at $1 75@$1 76; Lard-oil at $1 20@1 30; Red-Oil at 72c.@75c.; Linseed-oil at 85c.@89c., in casks and bbls.; Olive-oil at $1 40@$1 50; Menhaden at 64c.@65c.; Spermaceti at 22½c.@33c.; Extra Refined Seal at 95c. ₱ gallon; Cotton-seed Oil, Crude, 50c.@52½c.; Southern Yellow, 60c.@62c.; Refined Yellow, 72½c.@75c.; White, 82½c.@87½c. ₱ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Crude in bulk has been quiet here at 14¼c.@14½c. ₱ gallon. At Parker's Landing sales to 1,000 bbls. were sold at 11c. ₱ gallon. At the Upper Creek, 10,000 bbls. at $4 05 ₱ gallon. In shipping order here Crude has been moderately inquired for, and quoted at from 19c.@19½c. ₱ gallon, with sales reported since our last of some 2,800 bbls. The receipts of Crude here were — bbls.; in Philadelphia 550 bbls. arrived. Refined has been in moderate demand, mainly for forward delivery, at somewhat steadier prices. Sales have been reported here of 1,200 bbls. Standard White, for early delivery, at 26c.@26¼c., chiefly at 26c.; 1,500 bbls. do., May, on private terms; 2,000 bbls. do., June and July, at 26¾c.; and 3,000 bbls. do., June, July and August, at 27c. ₱ gallon. Also, at Philadelphia, 500 bbls. Standard White, early delivery, at 25¼c.; 1,000 bbls. do. May, at 25¾c. ₱ gallon. The receipts of Refined Oil here have been — bbls.; at Philadelphia, 1,620 bbls. The export clearances hence have been 1,507 bbls. and 16,443 gallons. Refined Oil in cases has been quiet and irregular, within a range of from 30c.@32c. ₱ gallon. Sales, 1,000 cases Canada Oil at 30c. ₱ gallon. Naphtha is dull at 9¾c.@10c., in shipping order, ₱ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been depressed and quoted lower, on a decidedly less confident demand. Sales have been reported since our last of 425 bbls., in lots, at $27 60@$27 75 for New Mess; $27@$27 25 for Thin Mess; $23 75@$24 for Prime Mess, here, and $25 for Fancy, to arrive; $21@$22 for Prime, ₱ bbl. Also, 500 bbls. New Mess, seller and buyer April, $27 62½@$27 75 ₱ bbl., closing quite heavily. Cut-meats have been in fair demand at full prices; sales have been reported of 260 pks. at 10½c.@12c., chiefly at 11½c.@12c. for Shoulders, and 15c.@16½c. for Hams, ₱ lb. Bacon continues quiet but firm; sales equal to 75 boxes, including Cumberland at 13½c.@13¾c.; Short Rib at 14½c. ₱ lb. Lard has been dull and heavy. Sales have been reported since our last of only 480 tcs. and bbls. in lots, at from 14¼c.@16¼c. for poor No. 1 to choice Kettle-rendered, chiefly at 15¼c.@15¾c. for City and 15½c.@15¾c. for fair to choice Western Steam, ₱ lb. Beef has been in moderately active demand at steady prices; sales have been reported of 310 bbls. at $8@$14 for Plain Mess, $13@$17 for Extra Mess, and $4@$8 for inferior grades, ₱ bbl. Tierce Beef continues inactive at $31 ₱ tierce; sales, 70 tcs. Beef Hams have been inactive at from $27@$32 ₱ bbl.; sales, 135 bbls. Butter has been in demand, including State, inferior to prime, at 18c.@38c., and Western, ordinary to prime, 15c.@28c. ₱ lb.; the day's receipts were 2,269 pks. Cheese continues in fair request at from 6c.@16½c. as the extremes for very common to fancy Factory; the day's receipts were 1,001 boxes.

RICE—Has been in demand at rising prices.

TALLOW, &c.—Sales have been reported since our last of 70,000 lbs. Tallow at 9¼c.@9⅝c.; 48,000 lbs. Stearine at 15¼c.@16½c., and 31,000 lbs. Grease at 8¼c.@12c., ₱ lb.

WHISKY—Has been held more firmly, but has been quiet. Sales, 170 bbls., in lots, at $1 05 for wood and iron-bound Western and State pks. ₱ gallon; receipts, 338 bbls.

FREIGHTS—The market has been quiet in all lines. Rates have not varied remarkably. For Liverpool, there were taken 1,650 bales Cotton at ⅛d., by sail, and ½d. by steamer, ₱ lb.; 50 hhds. Tallow, by steam, at about 15s. ₱ ton. For London, 3,000 bbls. Flour, by sail, at 1s. 9d. ₱ bbl.; 33,000 bushels Wheat, by sail, at 5¼d.@5½d. ₱ bushel; 700 tons Oil-cake, at 15s.@17s.6d. ₱ ton. For Hamburg, a North German bark from Philadelphia with 3,500 bbls. Petroleum, at 4s. 6d. ₱ bbl. For a Mediterranean port, an Italian bark with 500 tons Merchandise, at £800.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

Prices current for Monday, April 18, reported exclusively for the NEW-YORK TIMES. *Our quotations are the wholesale prices paid by Dealers and Jobbers for sound, merchantable property, in good clean packages.*

BUTTER—The receipts of Butter, both New and Old Crop, continue light and insufficient for the demand. The market rules firm at our quotations, which are unchanged.

NEW CROP BUTTER.

State, half-firkin tubs, good to fine, ₱ lb	35@38
State, Welsh tubs, good to fine, ₱ lb	32@35
Ordinary qualities, ₱ lb	25@28

OLD CROP BUTTER.

Good to fine State, firkins, ₱ lb	30@35
Fair to good State, firkins, ₱ lb	25@27
Common State, firkins, ₱ lb	18@20
Good to fine State, half-firkin tubs, ₱ lb	30@35
Common to fair State, Welsh tubs, ₱ lb	20@25
Good Yellow Western, firkins, ₱ lb	18@25
Fair Western, firkins, ₱ lb	14@17
Western and Canada, Common and Store Packed, ₱ lb	13@14

CHEESE—We note a further advance in Cheese, particularly the fine grades, which are now in small compass and firmly held. A fair demand prevails at our quotations, and the tendency of the market is in favor of a further advance. New Crop Cheese must soon be on our market, but that event will have no effect in reducing the price of sound Old Crop Cheese, which for a considerable period will take precedence with most consumers. We quote:

Extra State Factories, ₱ lb	17 @17¼
Fine State Factories, ₱ lb	15½@16½
Fair to good State Factories, ₱ lb	14 @15
Extra State Farm Dairies, ₱ lb	16 @ 17
Good to fine State Farm Dairies, ₱ lb	14 @15
Good to extra Pine-apple, New-York, ₱ lb	26 @27
Good to extra Pine-apple, Connecticut, ₱ lb	26 @28
Good to extra English Dairy style, New-York, ₱ lb	18 @20
Good to extra English Dairy style, Connecticut, ₱ lb	16 @18
Fair to good Orange County, Skimmed, Factories, ₱ lb	6 @12

POULTRY AND GAME—We drop quotations for Dressed Poultry, as the weather is now too warm to guarantee its arrival in good condition. Live is selling well.

LIVE POULTRY.

Turkeys, ₱ lb	28@ 29
Fowls, ₱ lb	20@ 22
Ducks, ₱ pair	$1 50@$1 75
Geese, ₱ pair	2 75@ 3 25

GAME.

Pigeons, flight, ₱ dozen	1 00@ —
English Snipes, ₱ dozen	2 00@ 2 25

EGGS—Trade is good, but no market could sustain itself under the enormous stock that has poured on it for the past few days, and prices in accordance have declined materially, and are still unsettled. The asking price today is 20c.@21c., but the prospects are for lower rates.

State and Pennsylvania fresh, ₱ dozen	21
Western fresh, ₱ dozen	20
Canada, ₱ dozen	20
Southern, ₱ dozen	20

BEANS AND PEAS—The market is without decided change.

Beans, Marrow, prime, ₱ bushel	$2 30@$2 40
Beans, Marrow, fair to good, ₱ bushel	1 90@ 2 00
Beans, Medium, prime, ₱ bushel	1 65@ 1 75
Beans, Medium, fair to good, ₱ bushel	1 20@ 1 30
Beans, Pea, prime, ₱ bushel	2 00@ 2 25
Beans, Assorted, common, ₱ bushel	50@ 1 00
Peas, Canada, free, ₱ bushel	1 10@ 1 15
Peas, Southern, Black Eyes, two-bushel bags	4 00@ 4 25

POTATOES, &c.—Trade is dull with considerable lots offering at low figures.

Bermudas, ₱ bbl	$9 00@$10 00
Peach Blows, White, ₱ bbl	1 75@ 2 06
Peach Blows, Red, ₱ bbl	1 25@ 1 50
Peach Blows, Northern, ₱ bbl	1 00@ 1 25
Prince Alberts, ₱ bbl	1 75@ 2 00
Dyrights, ₱ bbl	1 75@ 2 00
Buckeye, ₱ bbl	50@ 1 00
Onions, Red, ₱ bbl	4 00@ 4 50
Onions, Yellow, ₱ bbl	4 60@ 5 00
Turnips, Russia, ₱ bbl	1 50@ 2 00
Cabbage, ₱ 100	7 00@ 10 00
Marrow Squash, ₱ bbl	4 50@ 4 75
Tomatoes, Bermuda, ₱ box	1 50@ 1 75

FRUITS—With a moderate inquiry for local trade, Apples are steady at quotations. Cranberries are in small compass, and holders are anxious to rid themselves of remaining lots.

Apples, Greenings, ₱ bbl	$4 50@$5 00
Apples, Spitzenbergs, ₱ bbl	4 50@ 4 75
Apples, Baldwins, ₱ bbl	4 50@ 4 75
Apples, mixed lots, ₱ bbl	4 00@ 4 25
Apples, common, ₱ bbl	3 00@ 3 50
Prime Cranberries, ₱ bbl	18 00@19 00

DRIED FRUITS—The market is weak, and prices have a downward tendency.

Apples, Sliced, ₱ lb	9@11
Apples, State, good to prime, ₱ lb	7@ 8
Apples, Western, good to prime, ₱ lb	6@ 7
Apples, Southern, good to prime, ₱ lb	6@ 7
Apples, State and Western, fair, ₱ lb	5@ 6
Peaches, Peeled, prime, ₱ lb	20@22
Peaches, Peeled, fair to good, ₱ lb	14@16
Peaches, Unpeeled, halves, prime, ₱ lb	8@ 9
Peaches, Unpeeled, halves, fair to good, ₱ lb	7@ 8
Peaches, Unpeeled, quarters, prime, ₱ lb	8@ 8½
Peaches, Unpeeled, quarters, fair to good, ₱ lb	6@ 8
Blackberries, ₱ lb	12@12½
Raspberries, ₱ lb	25@26
Cherries, ₱ lb	19@20
Plums, ₱ lb	24@25

SUNDRIES—We quote:

Hickory Nuts, ₱ bushel	$1 10@$1 25
Bees-wax, ₱ lb	37@ 38
Ginseng, Southern, ₱ lb	60@ 65
Ginseng, Western, ₱ lb	50@ 55
Broom Corn, Red, ₱ lb	11@ 12
Broom Corn, Green, ₱ lb	12@ 14
Clover-seed, Prime, ₱ bbl	14½@ 15
Rough Flaxseed, ₱ bushel	2 20@ 2 30
Timothy Seed, ₱ bushel	6 50@ 7 00
Maple Sugar, ₱ lb	16@ 18
Feathers, Live Geese, new	80@ 88

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—SOME WHOLESALE GROCERY, tea or coffe and spice house that would like their goods sold by sample by an agent that canvasses most of Connecticut and part of Massachusetts. Address WM. STEELE & CO., New-Hartford, Conn.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE AND FURNITURE of one of the most popular hotels; always full to its capacity; which will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TWO LOFTY FRONT ROOMS, LARGE bay-window, suitable for dress-maker or milliner. Second door from Broadway, opposite New-York Hotel, No. 5 Waverley-place.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the name of JOSEPH & HERTS, doing business at No. 913 Broadway, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

G. A. JOSEPH.
NEW-YORK, April 1, 1870. A. C. HERTS.

The business will still be carried on at the same place by A. C. HERTS, who is alone authorized to settle the affairs of the late firm.

COAL.

A PARTY HAVING A DAILY PRODUCTION of about 350 barrels oak charcoal, would like to contract to deliver same in New-York, by vessel load, packed in barrels. Address, stating bid per barrel, Box No. 1,041 Post-office, New-York, for all or part.

IRON WORKS.

J. B. & W. W. CORNELL,
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL
IRON WORKS.

All kinds of cast and wrought iron work for building. Counting house and warerooms,

NOS. 139 AND 143 CENTRE-ST.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A VERY SUPERIOR BAY horse, with coupe and harness; the horse 8 years old, 16 hands high, a fine traveler, and sound; the coupe made by Wood Bros., and in good order; also the coupe harness; the whole establishment will be sold cheap. Apply at private stable, No. 126 West 17th-st., between 9 and 10 A. M. and 5 and 6 P. M.

SAFES.

SAFES FOR SALE—ONE OF HERRING'S burglar and fire proof and one of Lillie's burglar-proof. GWYNNE & DAY, No. 7 New-st.

AUCTION SALES.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER. Sales-rooms Nos. 25 Chambers and 77 Reade sts., Art Galleries Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway, south-west corner of 12th-st.

THE SALE OF THE SEASON.

Messrs. LEEDS & MINER on MONDAY, APRIL 18, AND SUCCEEDING DAYS, will offer for sale the household furniture, rare curiosities, and entire PRIVATE COLLECTION OF PAINTINGS OF J. P. BEAUMONT,

constituting the

MOST VALUABLE SALE OF WORKS OF ART

ever advertised in this City. They are

ADMIRABLY FINE SPECIMENS

of our own American artists and the modern European schools, including a few undoubted

GEMS BY THE OLD MASTERS.

Among the former may be mentioned paintings by GILBERT STUART, CHURCH, EASTMAN JOHNSON, COLE, SULLY, LEUTZE, HUNTINGTON, MOUNT; while among the latter are works by CIGNANI, DOMINICHINI, L. CARACCI, VELASQUEZ, J. CUYP, TINTORETTO, ZUCHARELLI, VAN DER MEULEN, SNYDERS, ROSA DA TIVOLI, GONZALES, COYPEL, CARL HUBNER, ZIEM, VERBOECKHOVEN, MADOU, CHAVET, ROBBE, GUILLEMIN, TSCHAGGENY, DE BYLANDT, FAUVELET, OTTO ERDMANN, CALISCH, HERRING, PERCY, HILL, ARMFIELD, PASSMORE, GENTZ, CARL BECKER, DE BLOCK, FLORENT WILLEMS, PLATTEEL, VAN HOVE, WALRAVEN, VAN SCHENDEL and others of a similar or greater celebrity in the ART CIRCLES OF MODERN EUROPE.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
On SATURDAY, April 16 and 23,
At 11 o'clock each day,
AT OUR SPACIOUS CARRIAGE REPOSITORY
SALES-ROOMS, NO. 501 BROADWAY,
ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,
BLOCK BETWEEN BROOME AND SPRING STS.
GREAT TRADE SALE OF ELEGANT CARRIAGES BY FIRST-CLASS MAKERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF THIS CITY,

And comprising all the newest styles and varieties of vehicles now in use, of the very best workmanship and elaboration,

COMPRISING

CLARENCES, LANDAUS, LANDAULETS, COUPES, COUPELETS, BAROUCHES, SUMMER COACHES, PARK PHAETONS, DOG CARTS, VICTORIAS, CABRIOLETS, SIX-SEAT FAMILY ROCKAWAYS, SUNDOWNS, COUPE ROCKAWAYS, LIGHT FOUR-PASSENGER ROCKAWAYS, BASKET PHAETONS, DEPOT AND JAGGER WAGONS, LIGHT-TOP AND NO-TOP BUGGIES, to include several ROAD WAGONS AND TROTTING WAGONS, made by Messrs. Brewster, Miner & Stevens, Baldwin, Mix & Co., Wood Brothers, Adams, Marsh, Armstrong, Manville, Kean & Lines, and other well-known makers; also, a line of basket pony phaetons, just manufactured by a well-known firm as a specialty.

All of which will be SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE, and will be on exhibition as above on and from Monday, 11th inst. The sale of SATURDAY, 16th inst., will comprise about one-half of the stock, ABOUT SIXTY VEHICLES, to be followed on the next SATURDAY, 23d inst., with the balance of the stock, ABOUT SEVENTY-FIVE LOTS.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
On SATURDAY, April 23,
At 11 o'clock,
AT OUR SPACIOUS CARRIAGE REPOSITORY
SALES-ROOMS, NO. 501 BROADWAY,
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All of which will be SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE, and will be on exhibition as above on and from Tuesday, 20th inst.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—On TUESDAY, April 19, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 331 Lexington-av., corner 39th-st.; ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, carved rose-wood 7¼ octave Steinway & Sons' piano, cost $1,000, real bronzes, elegant Sevres china vases, royal velvet carpets, elegant carved rose-wood suite in green-figured brocatel, green reps, window-curtains, with green and gold-figured border, superb ebony and ormolu-mounted center and side-tables, elegant lace curtains and cornices, elegant decorated china vases and card-receivers, fine oil-paintings and engravings, rose-wood suite in crimson reps, curtains to match, elegant real bronze clock and figures, elegant carved black-walnut French-plate, mirror back hall-stand, carved rosewood and black-walnut bedsteads, marble-top dressing bureaus, superbly carved rose-wood crib, with rose-wood canopy and lace curtains, dining-room en suite, oak buffet, extension-table, chairs in green reps, elegant china, glass-ware, &c., &c. All the above furniture was made to order for the present owner by Henry Stoney.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—On THURSDAY, April 21, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence, No. 313 West 31st-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE MADE TO ORDER BY ONE OF OUR BEST CITY MAKERS, ROSEWOOD PIANO, BY PIRSON; FRENCH PLATE MANTEL AND OVAL MIRRORS, VELVET AND BRUSSELS CARPETS, &c., &c.

Carved rose-wood solid-back parlor suite, in crimson satin brocatel; rich lace window curtains, artistic real ormolu and alabaster French clock, and candelabras to match; carved rose-wood mirror-back marble-top etagere, mahogany parlor suites, in hair-cloth; carved black-walnut library tables, ditto marble-top buffets, extension table, ditto bedsteads, elegant carved rose-wood bureaus, bedsteads, commodes, tables, Turkish lounges and easy chairs, mahogany wardrobes, hair mattresses, pillows, bolsters, oil-cloths, crockery, glass-ware, cutlery, dining chairs, kitchen utensils, &c., &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—On WEDNESDAY, April 20, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 51 West 38th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.:

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HERRING SAFE, &c., consisting of velvet and Brussels carpets, elegant black-walnut parlor suites in color-de-cuir flower-striped reps, Turkish lounges and easy chairs, carved oak marble-top buffet, carved oak marble-top extension table and chairs, black marble and bronze clock, superb oblong oiled black-walnut book-case in three sections, black-walnut library table, black-walnut mirror-back etagere, bedrooms in oiled black-walnut bedsteads, marble-top dress bureaus, wardrobes, wash-stands, curled-hair mattresses, spring beds, Grover & Baker sewing-machine, silver-plated ware, crockery, &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, ON WEDNESDAY, April 20, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 153 East 30th-st.:

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., consisting of velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, carved rosewood parlor suites, marble-top center-tables, curtains and cornices, decorated vases, bedsteads, bureaus, wash-stands, chairs, lounges, window-shades, stair carpets and rods, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, &c., dining-room furniture, china, crockery, glass-ware, kitchen furniture, &c.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer—No. 82 5th-av., corner 14th-st.

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF SUBSTANTIAL FURNITURE IN GREAT VARIETY, SUITABLE TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SEASON, WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION BY ROBERT SOMERVILLE, AT HIS GALLERY, ON TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY, 19TH AND 20TH APRIL.

The catalogues will comprise elegant parlor suites, in walnut and rosewood frames, covered in satin; satin damask; coteline, broche tambourline, Paris Exposition prize terry, and fine French and English terries, in all shades; Turkish and Oriental lounges and chairs, in rich coverings.

Reception and occasional chairs and divans, of the newest patterns; chamber, dining-room and library suites, of the most substantial makes and elegant designs; walnut, ebony, inlaid and gilt tables, flower stands and ornamental articles, in large variety, all carefully manufactured from the very best materials.

This stock is worthy the special attention of all interested. Will be on exhibition, with catalogues, day and evening before the sale, and will be sold in lots to suit housekeepers as well as dealers.

GEORGE BARKER, Auctioneer.

A.—ART SALE.
GALLERY OF ART, NO. 845 BROADWAY.

Now on exhibition, Wm. M. Brown's entire valuable collection of American fruits and flowers, being the result of his labor for the last eighteen months. The generous encouragement heretofore received has induced an effort to make the present collection superior to any he has before offered to the public. They are drawn with great skill, and most powerfully and beautifully colored, and cannot but excite the admiration of all who see them. In addition, there are also many charming contributions from our favorite City artists; several admirable specimens from A. F. Tate, Mrs. Julie Beers, W. Whitredge, L. Lang, R. M. Pratt, Pope, Williamson, Casilear, Laurie, Gifford, Brevoort, W. Hart, Wyants, Feuchsel, Gay, Bispham, Bricher and others. The whole of them will be peremptorily sold on the EVENINGS of FRIDAY and SATURDAY, the 22d and 23d of April, commencing at 7½ o'clock.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY T. S. MINTURN, BROWN & CO.—THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) April 19, at 12 o'clock, on Pier No. 20 North River:

4,193 boxes fresh Messina Oranges.
4,744 boxes fresh Palermo Oranges.
1,832 boxes fresh Messina Lemons.
2,105 boxes fresh Palermo Lemons.
Cargo steamer *Palmyra*.

A. B. WALDRON & Co., Auctioneers—Sales-rooms, Nos. 108 Liberty and 111 Cedar sts.

TWENTY-SEVEN PARLOR SUITES.
THIS DAY, AT 10½ O'CLOCK:

Twenty-seven parlor suites of the most beautiful designs and finish, made for City retail trade; Turkish and Oriental suites, rosewood, walnut and mahogany, in brocatel, plain and fancy reps and hair-cloth.

R. S. BRASSEL, Sheriff's Auctioneer.

BY VIRTUE OF SEVERAL EXECUTIONS, and also by order of the Court, I will sell on TUESDAY, 19th of April, 1870, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the coal-yard, corner of 14th-st. and Avenue D, the stock of coal, fixtures, coal scale, &c., &c.

JAMES O'BRIEN,
Sheriff.
JAMES DUNPHY, Deputy Sheriff.

D. BURKE, Auctioneer.

SEE AUCTION NOTICE UNDER this head in the *Herald*, for the largest and most important furniture sale of this season, on WEDNESDAY, 20th inst., at 10½ o'clock, at the first-class private hotel, No. 42 Clinton-place, and descriptive catalogues on the premises and at the office of the auctioneer, 7 and 9 West 22d-st., (Fifth-avenue Hotel.)

AUCTION SALES.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

ATTRACTIVE SALE OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, CARPETS, &c., &c. E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell by auction on WEDNESDAY, April 20, at 11 o'clock, at the PRIVATE RESIDENCE NO. 128 5TH-AV., NEAR 19TH-ST.

A very large assortment of fine household furniture made to order by Roux, Bembe & Desmoir, comprising rose-wood parlor suites in reps and plush, sofas, tete-a-tetes, rockers and easy chairs, marble-top center and fancy tables, rose-wood and gilt etegeres, fine rose-wood piano-forte, made by Raven & Bacon, walnut and mahogany French bedsteads, wardrobes, dressing bureaus and tables, Pickhardt's sofa bed, three walnut extension tables, dining-room suite, large lot dining chairs, damask and lace curtains, enameled bedroom furniture, large lot of mattresses and bedding, a quantity of china, glass and silver-plated ware, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, kitchen utensils, &c. Descriptive catalogues at No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO., will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 19, 1870, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the private residence, No. 36 Washington-square, (Macdougal-st., between West Washington-place and West 4th-st.,) entire furniture contained in said house, consisting of ebony and gilt parlor suite, blue damask, rose-wood arm and easy chairs, buhl center table, buhl cabinet with medallion, rose-wood center table, bronze and bisque figures, rose-wood parlor suite, crimson satin, black-walnut extension table, black-walnut dining chairs, rose-wood bedsteads, dressing bureaus, washstands, wardrobes, armoire a glace, black-walnut rockers, lounges, &c., Axminster, Brussels and velvet carpets, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, &c.; an assortment of china and glass-ware, with which sale will commence.

Catalogues now ready at the office, No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c., &c.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO., will sell by auction on THURSDAY, April 21, at 11 o'clock, at No. 7 Clinton-place, (8th-st.,) near Broadway, all the furniture, &c., of said house, viz.: Parlor suites, sofas, easy chairs, marble-top center and fancy tables, French plate pier mirror, brocatel and lace curtains, rose-wood and mahogany French bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, armoire a glace, mahogany extension table, rose-wood buffet, book-cases, palliasses, mattresses, bedding, velvets, Brussels and ingrain carpets, China and glass, kitchen utensils, &c. Also, Herring fire-proof safe, chandeliers, fixtures, &c. Catalogues now ready at No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., AT THE RESIDENCE OF MRS. COMMODORE PERRY, NO. 38 WEST 32D-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.

We shall sell by auction, on FRIDAY, April 22, 1870, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the above private residence, all the elegant furniture, mirrors, curtains, carpets, &c. Also, a superb collection of Japanese and China dinner and tea services, mantel ornaments, antiques, &c., selected by the late Commodore of the Japan squadron. More particulars in time.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO.

EDWARD E. HOYT, Auctioneer.

BY HOYT & WHEELER—STORE NO. 114 Church and Nos. 125 and 127 Duane sts. Our REGULAR BOOT and SHOE SALES will be held on MONDAYS, and our DRY GOODS SALES on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS throughout the season.

CASH ADVANCES made on CONSIGNMENTS, without additional charge.

On THURSDAY, April 28,
at 12¼ o'clock,
at No. 79 Cedar-st., second floor,
Office No. 3,
1 large iron safe, made by Wilder.
1 medium size iron safe, made by Herring.
To be sold by order of RICHARD WARREN,
Assignee of B. Loder.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN & Co., Auctioneers.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, AT 10 A. M., at No. 304 Dean-st., near 4th-av., Brooklyn, two pier mirrors, parlor suites, library and secretary book-cases, chamber furniture, china, glass-ware, Brussels carpets, &c.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN WOMAN, TO obtain a situation in a gentleman's family as housekeeper or to do chamber-work and sewing; assist with growing children. Can be seen for two days at No. 158 9th-av., between 19th and 20th sts., in the store; City references given.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FRENCH lady as companion with a family who are going to Europe or California; speaks French, German, Spanish and English; wages not the object. Address A. B. ROBBS, No. 450 West 31st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Irish girl as cook and willing to help at washing and ironing; also by a German girl as chamber-maid and willing to help at sewing. Can be seen at No. 51 West 38th-st. for two days from 10 to 2 o'clock.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED AND ECOnomical woman as cook in a private family, or would take care of a house in the absence of the family; City reference from her last place. Call at No. 156 West 41st-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS SEAMstress, work by the day or week; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's or Willcox & Gibbs' sewing-machine. Call at No. 142 West 28th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation in a private family as chamber-maid or waitress, or both. May apply to her present employer's for character, &c., at No. 9 East 33d-st., near 5th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation as first-class cook; understands cooking in all its branches; has first-class reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 118 East 11th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG Protestant girl as chamber-maid in a private family, or take care of grown children; has best City references. Call at No. 260 West 33d-st., two flights of stairs front.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class, competent and trustworthy young woman as chamber-maid and seamstress in a gentleman's family; no other but good families need apply. Call two days at 416 West 47th-st., between 9th and 10th avs.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A situation as chamber-maid and waitress, or chamber-maid and seamstress; good City reference; no objection to a short distance in the country. Call for two days at No. 450 7th-av., third floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion in a private family as chamber-maid and waitress, or chamber-work and take care of children; has the best City reference. Call for two days at No. 135 7th-av., corner of 18th-st.; entrance on 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation in a private family as good cook; would do the coarse washing; would take care of a house for the Summer, if necessary; the best of City reference from last place. Call at No. 151 East 32d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS by an American Protestant; can operate on a sewing-machine; would take care of grown children and do chamber-work. Can be seen at No. 225 East 29th-st.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH WOMAN, A situation as cook; is thoroughly competent and can furnish unexceptionable City references from former employers, who can be seen at No. 1,284 Broadway, second floor, near 33d-st.

WANTED—A LAUNDRESS' SITUATION, by a respectable young woman; or would take chamber-work and fine washing; competent for either situation; City or country; good testimonials. Call at No. 329 4th-av., new No. 335.

WANTED—A FRENCH COOK'S SITUAtion by a highly recommended and efficient woman, about 30; can do French, English or American cooking; will go to Newport, or most anywhere else in country or City. Call at No. 329 4th-av., new No. 335.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Scotch Protestant woman, a situation as chambermaid; no objection to do up fine linen; has the best of City reference. Apply to No. 237 4th-av., near 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent young woman as chamber-maid; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine; has one of her own. Can be seen for two days, or until suited, at No. 333 West 40th-st., two stairs up, front.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, a situation as first-class cook; fully competent, and understands her business in all its branches; the best of reference; no objections to the country. Call at No. 222 East 27th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS chamber-maid and seamstress; highest testimonials given. Address ELIZA, Station G; will meet prompt attention.

WANTED—A SITUATION EXCLUSIVELY as first-class laundress in a private family; understands all kinds of fluting and ladies' finery. Call at No. 122 West 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as waitress and to assist in chamber-work in a small family; is to be seen at her present employer's, No. 232 East 15th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO SISTERS as waitress and chamber-maid; would assist in the fine washing; best references. Apply at No. 1,327 Broadway, in cleaning store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS or chamber-maid; competent, willing and obliging; undoubted City references. Call at No. 472 6th-av., in jewelry-store.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, a situation as child's nurse; is willing and obliging; City reference. Call for two days at No. 110 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl as chamber-maid and waitress, or waitress; no objection to the country; good City reference. Call at No. 231 46th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUation to do general house-work, or chamber-work and waiting; City reference. Call at Mrs. CHRISTOPHER'S, No. 29 Monroe-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, a situation as chamber-maid, or would do chamber-work and fine washing. Apply at Mrs. SANDERS' office, No. 49 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITuation as seamstress and chamber-maid, or nurse; can cut and fit; has good City references. Apply at No. 1,284 Broadway, near 33d-st., second floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as first-class nurse; is kind to children; can do plain sewing; first-class reference. Apply at No. 505 5th-av., in dress-maker's.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT AMERIcan, a situation as first-class seamstress and operator. Call this day at her present employer's, from 12 until 4, at No. 5 West 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook in a private family; understands her business thoroughly. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 311 7th-av., in the fancy-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS waitress by a Protestant. Address No. 20 West 22d-st., New-York.

ATTENTION.—THOSE WANTING GOOD servants for country or City can be promptly supplied at the New-York Employment Agency, No. 1,284 Broadway, near 33d-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A situation as ladies' maid and seamstress; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; understands hair-dressing perfectly; best of City reference from her last place. Call on Monday and Tuesday at No. 765 6th-av., between 46th and 47th sts., up one pair of stairs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN a situation as cook; understands all kinds of cooking; can take care of a house when the family is traveling; has a little girl she would wish in the house with her; can be found very useful; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 416 East 11th-st., near 1st-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as chamber-maid and to do plain sewing, or as chamber-maid and waitress, in a private family; has no objection to going to the country for the Summer; best City references. Can be seen at No. 344 East 23d-st., between 1st and 2d avs., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY an experienced woman fully competent to take the entire charge of an infant from birth; thoroughly understands the care of young children and management of a nursery; can give undoubted City reference. Can be seen at No. 644 3d-av., near 41st-st.

WANTED—SITUATION BY TWO RESPECTable young American women, one in charge of house for Summer, the other for chamber-work or to assist in light house-work and sewing; City or country, and taken any time; good reference. Address H. W. or N. W., Station F.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS meat and pastry cook by a person that understands it in all its branches; no objection to a first-class boarding-house; would go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 207 5th-st., near Bowery, in the rear.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT woman, a situation as laundress; can furnish four years' City reference. Apply at Mrs. SANDERS' office, No. 49 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as first-class cook in a private family; no objections to the country; best of City reference. Call or address No. 215 East 25th st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, TO GO OUT by the day as first-class dress-maker, or take the work home; can sew on the machine. Call at No. 331 East 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl, a situation as chamber-maid and plain sewer; can give the best City reference. Call at No. 212 East 23d-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as first-class laundress; understands French fluting; no objection to the country; good reference given. Can be seen for two days at 115 West 30th-st.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH PERSON, TO wait on an elderly or invalid lady, and sew or assist with housekeeping; or would take an infant from its birth. Can be seen at No. 237 East 24th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion as chamber-maid and waitress; would do plain sewing; is willing and obliging; good reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 152 West 28th-st.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED YOUNG woman, a situation as first-class waitress; best of City reference given; no objection to the country. Can be seen at No. 347 East 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant girl, a situation as first-class waitress; best City reference; no objection to go to Newport. Apply at No. 251 West 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG Protestant girl as nurse to take care of growing children in a private family; country preferred. Call for two days at No. 102 East 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman lately landed to do chamber-work and sewing, or would take care of children. Call at No. 204 West 34th-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDress, a situation in a private family; understands her business perfectly; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 200 West 24th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MOST EXperienced waitress; one that can take the place of a man in waiting; best City reference. Inquire at No. 145 West 45th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class laundress; understands her business perfectly; has good City reference. Apply at No. 104 7th-av., between 16th and 17th sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant young woman a situation as chamber-maid and plain sewer. Call for two days at 329 East 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN PROTESTANT girl a situation as chamber-maid and nurse, or for house-work. Apply at No. 138 6th-av., above 10th-st.

WANTED—IN A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, A situation as nurse; is willing to go to the country or travel with a lady. Apply at 122 West 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS CHAMBER-maid, a situation; is willing to assist the waiting; best City references. Call at No. 301 West 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion as chamber-maid and waitress. Call for two days at her last place, No. 314 East 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERman girl to do general house-work. Call at No. 127 Norfolk-st., between Rivington and Stanton sts.

A LADY WISHES TO TRAVEL WITH a family as courier; speaks French, German and English, and has traveled much in different countries; or as buyer for a business house; has excellent taste and an extensive knowledge of goods and business in all the principal countries; best references given. Address care JOHN S. GRAHAM, No. 51 John-st., New-York, or J. P. GAY, No. 1 Apollo Building, corner of 5th and Walnut sts., Cincinnati.

AN EXPERIENCED OPERATOR would like to engage with a few more families by the day or week; understands Wheeler & Wilson and Grover & Baker's machines thoroughly; best City reference. Call at No. 776 3d-av., between 32d and 33d sts.

AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 329 4TH-AV., NEW No. 335—For country or City, a large number of recommended professed Protestant and other cooks, experienced nurses, seamstresses, waitresses, chamber-maids, laundresses, houseworkers, young girls, &c.

AMERICAN, GERMAN, FRENCH servants our specialty, and, with Catholic and Protestant Irish, constantly ready at the Great International, No. 138 6th-av., above 10th-st.

SIMMS' INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, No. 132 West 30th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., supplies first-class colored coachmen, waiters, grooms, gardeners, &c.

A YOUNG LADY DESIRES A POSITION as traveling companion to a lady; is well educated, and able to make herself useful in any way. Address F. R. S., Brooklyn Post-office.

GERMAN FEMALE SERVANTS, CApable and trustworthy, constantly to be found at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, No. 1 1st-st.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS coachman by a Scotchman, single, recently from England; thoroughly understands the care and treatment of horses; a good, careful driver; good reference from last employer. Call at No. 9 West 44th-st., private stable.

W. S.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom (private) by a young man (colored) who thoroughly understands the business; has the best of references; is willing and obliging. Call or address THOMPSON, No. 59 Irving-place.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE SINGLE young man, a situation as coachman or groom; would assist in garden if required; is a sober, steady man and a reliable driver; best City reference. Address T. S., Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a married man, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; has the best of references for the last twelve years. Call or address a note to MICHAEL DONOHOE, No. 158 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A COACHMAN AND GARDENer's situation by a single man; is willing and obliging; thoroughly understands his business; has the best of reference from his last and former employers. Address P. M., Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A STEADY, sober man as watchman in a hotel, or any place where a trusty man is required; best references. Address WATCHMAN, No. 224 West 11th-st., in rear house, for one week.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS waiter in a private family; understands his business thoroughly; can be well recomended. Address WAITER, No. 488 6th-av., between 29th and 30th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE man as coachman and gardener; thoroughly understands his business; has the best of City references; is willing and obliging. Address J. M., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT SINGLE man, employment as groom and coachman; is willing to help in a garden; he thoroughly understands his business in every respect; has good reference. Address C. M., Box No. 220 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a reliable man, who understands his business thoroughly; will assist in gardening if required; will be found willing and obliging; can be highly recommended from his last place. Call at No. 7 East 18th-st.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, A SITUation as first-class waiter in a private family; will make himself generally useful; will do the marketing if required; the highest City references. Address or call on F. C. D., No. 133 West 31st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant young man as waiter in a private family; has the best of old-country reference from where he has just left; no objection to the country. Address M. M., No. 915 Broadway, for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUAtion as coachman and plain gardener; can milk; is willing to make himself generally useful; no objection to go any distance in the country; good reference. Address M. H., Box No. 192 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a single young Scotchman; understands the care and management of greenhouse, grapery, flower and vegetable gardening; good City and country reference. Address HALLY, seed-store, No. 15 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER and coachman by a single man who has been employed in that capacity several years; has best recommendations. Address M. N., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, by a respectable married man; understands the proper care of horses, harness, and carriages; long experience in the City and excellent City reference; useful and obliging. Address W., Box 219 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; perfectly understands his business in all its branches, and has excellent City references. Call at No. 129 East 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a respectable middle-aged man; fully understands his business. Address M. S., Box No. 204 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE young man as coachman and gardener; is both willing and obliging; is a Protestant; has good reference. Address D. C., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION, by a Scotchman; married, with small incumbrance; has fourteen years' experience in this country in the care of greenhouses and graperies; is willing to take charge of a small farm; understands all kinds of cultivation; has no objection to going South; has the best of City references. Apply to, or address J. M. C., No. 87 Nassau-st., New-York.

WANTED—A COACHMAN AND GARDENer's situation by a sober, industrious single young man; thoroughly understands both in their various branches; can milk; is willing to make himself useful; has good reference. Address for two days, H. C., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class coachman and groom; understands the care of both thoroughly; leaving on account of his employer going to Europe; can come highly recommended from his last employer. Address P. C., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUAtion as coachman and gardener; understands taking care of horses and is a good driver; has the best of City and country reference; has been sixteen years in the business; understands his business well. Address D. S., Box No. 209 *Times* office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by an Englishman, who perfectly understands the proper care of horses, carriages, &c.; is a careful, good driver, a Protestant and single; first-class reference can be given by gentlemen whom he has lived with before. Call or address J. J., No. 240 East 23d-st.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY a married man without any incumbrance, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; is not afraid of work; can furnish several years' undoubted reference. Address C. W., Box No. 196 *Times* office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant young man as coachman; good groom and driver; has thorough knowledge in all its branches; strictly sober and obliging; best City reference; no objection to the country with a good family. Address X. G., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a Protestant single man about leaving his present employer; sober man; a good driver; in City or country; three and one-half years' recommendations. Call or address J. G., present employer's stable, No. 9 West 44th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a Protestant married man; no family; has seven years' City reference; is a careful driver; would go to the country; is willing and obliging. Can be seen at a private stable, No. 32 East 40th-st., for two days, or address note to W. G.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COMPETENT waiter in a private family; best of City reference; can be highly recommended. Address L. G., No. 941 Broadway, corner of 22d-st., in the drug-store, for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUAtion as coachman and plain gardener; is willing and obliging and will make himself generally useful; first-class reference. Address M. F. D. Box No. 245 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN, A situation as coachman and groom in City or country; thoroughly understands his business; will be found willing and obliging; best of City reference. Address J., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener by a respectable married man; no incumbrance; many years' experience both in this country and England; of good habits, and highly recommended. Address H., Box No. 196 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a trustworthy single Scotchman; is very efficient in greenhouse, graperies, fruits, flowers, vegetables, and laying out grounds; reference. Address B. R., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a single man; can take care of a gentleman's place; can milk; understands care of horses; wages no object; good references. Address D., Box No. 216 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUAtion in the capacity of gardener; understands fruit trees, flowers or hot-beds; would care one horse or cows; has City reference. Address G. G., Box No. 206 Post-office, Flushing, L. I.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION, by a man of long experience in the above capacity; no objection to assist in garden and be generally useful in every respect. Address M. M., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a single man; will make himself generally useful; can milk if required; has the best of reference; country preferred. Address J. L., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE young man; is a good plain gardener; thoroughly understands the care of horses, and is competent to take general charge of a small place; good references. Address M. C., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family by an experienced waiter; understands his business; can be well recommended by the family he has lived with for three years. Address No. 221 East 35th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT MAN, A situation as waiter in a private family; best of City reference from his last place; country preferred. Call for two days at CORWIN'S, corner of 20th-st. and Broadway.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG man, a situation as coachman; good groom and understands his business in all its branches; strictly sober and obliging; no objection to the country; best City reference. Address T. H., Box 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN a private family by a middle-aged Englishman; single; no objection to the country; good City reference. Address WAITER, No. 211 West 31st-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT MAN, A situation as coachman; understands his business in all its branches; good City references. Apply at private stables, No. 119 West 18th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant young man, a situation as coachman and groom, or groom and footman; would prefer the country. Can be seen and engaged at No. 146 East 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant single man; is a first-class coachman; has fifteen years' City reference. Address for two days A. D., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN, A SITUAtion as coachman; has a small family; no objection to City or country; refer to my last employer. Call, or address No. 30 East 14th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG man as coachman and plain gardener; strictly temperate workman; twelve months' reference from his last employer. Address S. M., Box 190 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT EXPERIenced waiter, a situation in a private family; best City reference. Address H. D., No. 437 East 12th-st., in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COLORED man as coachman; has three years' reference; has no objections to the country. Call at No. 132 West 30th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., first floor.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO GENERAL house-work in a small family, ten miles from the City; must have good reference. Apply, Tuesday, from 11 to 1 o'clock, at No. 177 9th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

SEVERAL GOOD PLACES NOW ready for well-recommended girls; also, a quiet home for one or two ladies at a reasonable price, at the Flushing Intelligence Office, Main-st., near Washington, Flushing.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS thorough seamstress and to wait on young ladies. Must be able to use Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine. Apply between the hours of one and three, at No. 10 East 40th-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS nurse and to sew, in an army family going to Texas; good wages to a neat, competent woman. The lady can be seen at Mrs. SANDER'S' Office, No. 49 3d-av., from 10 to 2 o'clock.

WANTED—TWO WOMEN, SWEDES, Danes, Germans or colored; one to cook and assist with washing, the other as chamber-maid and laundress. Call before 12, at No. 26 East 39th-st., near Madison-av.

WANTED—A SOBER, INDUSTRIOUS MAN (single) as gardener to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 180 South-st., from 2 to 3 o'clock today, April 19, 1870.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS CANVASSER for an established business in this City; to an energetic man this is a good opportunity. Address, with references, B., Box No. 130 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GERMAN WOMAN TO DO general house-work for a small family, in the country. Call before 12 at No. 26 East 39th-st., second door east of Madison-av.

WANTED—A GIRL FROM FOURTEEN TO sixteen years of age, to tend a baby. Apply for two days, between 9 and 12 o'clock, at 119 West 49th-st.

MEDICAL.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARriage—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

DR. LEWIS, NO. 7 BEACH-ST., NEW-York, cures all diseases of a peculiar nature without exposure, trouble or change of diet. Let those who despair of getting cured elsewhere, or have been pronounced incurable, consult the Doctor at once, and they will be astonished at the speedy cures which he makes. Consult him and satisfy yourself. Forty years' successful practice.

DR. OLIN, CONFIDENTIAL PHYsician, No. 27 Bond-st., of Union-wide reputation, cures the unfortunate. Boarding for patients in the establishment if desired. No matter who failed, state your case. Consultation free. Send three stamps for sealed pamphlet. Hours 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

LOSS OF MANHOOD OR IMPOTENCY, resulting from the follies of youth or other cause, young, middle-aged, or even old men, permanently restored to manly vigor in one week by Dr. HUNTER'S Botanic Cordial. $5 a pint. No. 56 Bond-st., late No. 3 Division-st., New-York.

DR. HUNTER, NO. 56 BOND-ST., ONE door from Bowery, (late of No. 3 Division-st.,) can cure worse cases of private diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no charge. Consultation and medicine, $5. Book, 60 pages, gratis.

DR. EVANS' OFFICE, NO. 94 CHATham-st., only place for speedy cure of private diseases; manhood restored by Dr. EVANS' Elixir.

NERVOUS DEBILITY AND PRIVATE complaints of either sex cured by Dr. EVANS, No. 94 Chatham-st. Manhood restored in fifteen minutes.

$1.000 REWARD FOR ANY PRIVATE disease that Dr. EVANS' remedies fail to cure. Apply to Dr. EVANS, No. 94 Chatham-st.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, APRIL 19, 1870.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st., corner Irving-place.
THE MAGIC FLUTE. (Italian Opera.) Characters by Miss Carlotta Patti, Miss Canissa, and Messrs. Hermanns, Habelmann, Formes and others.

BOOTH'S THEATER.
6th-av., corner 23d-st.
A WIDOW HUNT and TOODLES. Leading characters by Mr. John S. Clarke.

WALLACK'S THEATER.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
MEN AND ACRES. Characters by Messrs. J. W. Wallack, Stoddart, Ringgold, and Miss Henriques, Miss Mestayer and Mrs. Phillips.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, near Houston-st.
PIPPIN; OR THE KING OF THE GOLD MINES. Leading characters by Miss Lydia Thompson, Miss Pauline Markham, Mr. Harry Beckett, &c.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
8th-av., corner 23d-st.
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS. Leading characters by Mr. George C. Boniface, Miss Nully Pieris and Mme. Ponisi.

OLYMPIC THEATER.
Broadway, near Bleecker-st.
MACBETH. Leading characters by Mr. George L. Fox and Miss Longmore.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATER.
24th-st., near 5th-av.
FROU FROU. Leading characters by Messrs. Geo. Clarke, Davidge, Lewis, and Miss Agnes Ethel, Miss Fanny Davenport, and Mrs. Gilbert.

BOWERY THEATER.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
NEW-YORK IN 1840—1870, and PRIDE OF THE OCEAN.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE.
Broadway, corner 30th-st.
THEATRICAL PERFORMANCE afternoon and evening. Large collection of curiosities.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
No. 585 Broadway
NEGRO MINSTRELSY. Birch, Wambold, Bernard, Backus, &c.

COOPER INSTITUTE.
8th-st. and 3d-av.
LECTURE BY REV. DR. E. H. CHAPIN. Subject—"The Roll of Honor."

STEINWAY HALL.
14th-st., near 4th-av.
LECTURE BY MR. C. W. BURKE. Subject—"Irish Bards and Ballads."

THIRTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT ARMORY.
Broadway, junction of 6th-av.
BAZAAR AND MUSIC. Benefit of the "Sheltering Arms."

HIPPOTHEATRON.
14th-st., near Irving-place.
PROF. RISLEY COMBINATION TROUPE.

APOLLO HALL.
28th-st., corner Broadway.
EXHIBITION OF A PANORAMA OF IRELAND.

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The Sunday Edition, per annum	2
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Two copies, one year	5
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An extra copy to getter-up of club, and a splendid steel engraving of the late HENRY J. RAYMOND.	
The WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	2
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Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in the TIMES will be received at No. 54 West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av., at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

☞ Messrs. DREXEL, HARJES & Co., Bankers, No. 3 Rue Scribe, Paris, are the accredited agents for the NEW-YORK TIMES in that city.

Our Circulation.

The subscription list and the daily sales of the TIMES are now greater than at any period within the last twelve months, and are rapidly increasing. The fact is mentioned for the information of friends and in reply to the misstatements of enemies.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

A London dispatch says the steamer *City of Boston* is not yet posted at Lloyd's as lost, and until then insurances will not be paid on her. The whale and seal fisheries are reported successful this season by vessels arriving at British ports. ....A Provisional Government has been established for Paraguay under the "patronage" of Brazil, a Paris dispatch says. The exiled BLANCO is again threatening Montevideo....The question of the Spanish monarchy will probably be brought before the Cortes shortly.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, yesterday, a memorial from the Philadelphia Board of Trade was presented, protesting against the Government's taking possession of the telegraph lines or incorporating a company with power to do so. Bills were reported favorably—Aiding the sufferers from the *Oneida* disaster; shortening the terms of Government prisoners for good behavior, and incorporating a society in the District for the prevention of cruelty to animals. Adverse reports were received on the bills increasing the number of Supreme Court Circuit Judges and in reference to amending the law regulating trademarks. In regard to the bill to prevent prizefighting an indefinite postponement was recommended. A bill was introduced prohibiting all persons and Government officials leaving or boarding ships before entry at the Custom-house, and another donating two hundred thousand acres of land to the improvement of the Upper Mississippi. Mr. DRAKE introduced a joint resolution for an amendment to the Constitution authorizing the President, on sufficient proof shown, to suppress domestic violence in any State, and giving Congress the power to enforce the act. The bill protecting the rights of actual settlers upon public lands was passed. A resolution of inquiry was adopted as to alleged charges of an attempt to improperly influence the vote of Senators on the Georgia bill. The further discussion of the bill was then proceeded with and continued until 5 P. M. A recess was then taken until evening, when, only five Senators being present, a motion for an adjournment was made and carried.

In the House, bills among others were introduced, relative to the appointment and examination of cadets; for a telegraph between this country and Central and South America; providing for observations in Asia and Europe of the next total eclipse of the sun; for a mail steam-ship line between the United States and Mexico; increasing the number of money order post-offices; to enforce the Fifteenth Amendment, and proposing an amendment to the Constitution preventing donations to sectarian schools. Mr. JONES introduced a bill for the apportionment of the next Congress, fixing the number of members at 275, exclusive of representatives from newly-admitted States. He moved the previous question, which was seconded, and the bill was passed by a vote of 86 to 83. A memorial for a medal to each man of the First Pennsylvania Battalion, arriving in Washington April 18, 1861, called out some debate, and it was finally referred to the Military Committee. At 2 o'clock the Tariff discussion was resumed, and after disposing of several minor sections that relating to iron was reached. Iron in pigs being the first division, upon this a long debate ensued, and without disposing of it, late in the afternoon, a recess was taken until evening. At the evening session the discussion was continued upon the question of a reduction of the duty from $7 per ton, as reported, to $5 or $6. The latter amendment was finally adopted by a vote of 66 to 64, and at 10½ P. M. the House adjourned.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

The Senate met at 7½ P. M. Various bills were ordered to a third reading, and the bill levying a tax of seven-eighths of a mill on the dollar to pay for work on the canals was passed. In the Assembly many bills were passed, among them that for laying out the Eastern Boulevard to connect the Central Park with the East River, and that authorizing the Surrogate and Judges of Kings County Courts to appoint attendants and messengers to their Courts. The bill authorizing the Boards of Supervisors to fix the salaries of County Judges was referred to be reported complete. The bill to reorganize the Supreme Court and its General Terms under the new Judiciary article of the Constitution came up, and a motion was made to recommit, with instructions to make the salaries $6,000 instead of $5,000. The bill was laid aside until today, without action. Consent was asked to introduce a bill providing that the New-York Tax Levies shall be made by the Common Council, the amount to be limited by the Legislature, but objection was made. The Annual Supply bill was made the special order for Thursday at 12 M. A number of private bills were passed at the afternoon session. At the evening session a bill to prohibit the excusing of jurors in New-York was lost.

GENERAL.

The Spanish authorities report a success over the insurgents in Cuba, at Canto Abajo, in which 170 of the latter were killed. The rebels "fled in great confusion."

A dispatch from Mexico says serious charges have been made against ROMERO, the Secretary of the Treasury, and an investigation has been ordered by the Mexican Congress.

The services of one hundred Indians of the Saugeen-Chippewa tribe have been offered to the Canadian authorities against the Red River insurgents. The Prince Edward Island Legislature has rejected, by a vote of 19 to 5, the resolution in favor of confederation with Canada. A bill to vote in future by ballot has passed the Nova-Scotia House of Assembly. The "national policy" of the Dominion Government was unanimously condemned by resolution in the House. The Newfoundland House of Assembly has addressed the British Foreign Minister, deprecating the proposed withdrawal of the troops from the colony. Complaint is made that the colony is the resort of capitalists, who make money there and spend it in England, keeping the colony poor and unable to defend herself.

The rain of yesterday and the day before has swollen the rivers in Pennsylvania to such an extent as to threaten a freshet. At Schuylkill Haven the river rose during Sunday night four feet, and continued to rise yesterday. The Mississippi at St. Louis has risen rapidly, and yesterday the caisson surrounding the east pier of the new bridge was broken and the pier submerged, so as to stop work until the river subsides.

The Commission of the City Government of Boston on the reception of the remains of the late ANSON BURLINGAME will not come to New-York. A public funeral will take place in Boston in Dr. GANNETT'S Church.

The loss by the fire in Medina, Ohio, is over $200,000, and the insurance about $70,000.

The Central New-York Methodist Episcopal Conference, yesterday morning, at Syracuse, voted on the question of lay delegation—141 in favor, and 31 against. The next session of this Conference is to be held in Rome.

The banking-house of SCOTT, WILLIAMS & Co., Columbia, S. C., was entered on Saturday night and robbed of money and valuables amounting to between $50,000 and $60,000. A man was found locked in a closet in the bank who said the robbers had locked him there while he was drunk.

The investigation into the affairs of the City Treasurer of St. Louis, shows deficiencies in the accounts of the last incumbent, Mr. SUSISKY, amounting to $163,762 52.

The election of officers of the Tammany Society last night resulted in an overwhelming triumph of the Tweed Party. The Council of Sachems made a report regarding the recent difficulties in the organization, denouncing the conduct of FOX, MORRISSEY and other leaders of the "Young Democracy," and declaring the places of the offending delegates vacant. An order for the election of their successors was promulgated by Grand Sachem TWEED.

The McFarland case entered upon its tenth day yesterday, and a large number of witnesses were examined. In the afternoon some important testimony was offered, but excluded. The Court adjourned in the midst of the examination of the landlady of the house where the MCFARLANDS and RICHARDSON boarded.

The line officers of the "Fenian Army" met at head-quarters, No. 10 West Fourth-street yesterday, to receive orders relative to the raid over the border which it is promised will take place within twenty days.

Mr. Gladstone's Soothing Draught for Ireland.

We publish today a special letter from a correspondent in Ireland, which may be taken as reflecting with great fidelity the general drift of Irish opinion on the policy of Mr. GLADSTONE'S Ministry. Our readers are quite aware that the permanent discontent existing in Ireland has latterly been much increased. A bill introduced into the British Parliament for the purpose of redressing some of the injustice under which the people suffer is postponed time after time, and no attempt is made to bring the endless discussion upon it to a conclusion. On the other hand, a bill imposing fresh pains and penalties upon the people goes rapidly through both houses without a single hour's unnecessary delay. The contrast cannot fail to make an impression upon the Irish. The Ministry which promised to do so much for them has thus far only restricted their liberties. It has wiped out their wrongs with a Coercion bill.

It would be strange if this treatment had not bitterly disappointed and exasperated the people. Many of them are quitting the country in despair, but the great mass who remain behind will be more than ever the enemies of the English Government. From a Tory Cabinet they would have expected nothing. But they were taught to believe that Mr. GLADSTONE'S accession to power was the beginning of a new era for Ireland. Even those of our readers who pay little attention to European affairs must have some vague recollection of Mr. GLADSTONE'S brilliant promises if the people only gave him a majority. He was taken at his word. The English people cannot be accused of any want of fairness toward Ireland. The fault rests entirely with Mr. GLADSTONE, who has permitted himself to be betrayed into a policy which Mr. DISRAELI would have been too shrewd to avow. We cannot judge of the influences which were at work on Mr. GLADSTONE'S mind. Possibly his colleagues may have insisted that some such measure as the Coercion bill was absolutely indispensable. But Mr. GLADSTONE has always been deemed a man not liable to be over-persuaded by his colleagues. He is the leader of his party—a great statesman, not a weak politician accidentally intrusted with power. He went into office on a distinct pledge that he would accomplish a certain work. And now, without waiting to force his Irish Land bill through Parliament, he makes the Irish people a present of a measure founded upon the worst of all the Tory traditions.

The Irish people are profoundly agitated, and begin to despair of obtaining succor from any political party. No doubt there have been agrarian disturbances in several sections of the country. But it ought to have been merely an affair of Police to suppress or prevent them. They did not justify a Government in putting into operation a piece of machinery like the Coercion bill. We cannot but look upon Mr. GLADSTONE'S administration as a failure. He has been enabled to reduce taxation, but in the one thing which he pledged himself to perform he has broken down. It would have been better for Ireland if he had never come into power, for then the country would not be burdened with a measure which seems destined to extinguish the last ray of hope in the minds of the people.

The City Health and the New Health Department.

To-morrow, the new Health Department will elect their "City Sanitary Inspector,"—an officer whose title, under the old Board of Health, was Sanitary Superintendent, but who is now, as heretofore, really the chief executive officer of the Department. To the whole City, therefore, this election is one of vast importance. With local power restored, and local responsibility exacted, there is no reason why the new sanitary authority should not be more efficient than the old, provided it is not degraded by partisan or personal interference. While "spoils of office" will undoubtedly be distributed freely under the new charter appointments, it is to be hoped that the Sanitary Department will be kept free from political degradation. In saying this, we are only paraphrasing Mayor HALL'S declaration in his proclamation of Tuesday last,—that, in the City Government, three Departments, the Health, the Fire and the Police Departments, ought to be taken out of the partisan arena, and their places of trust kept safe from distribution as party rewards.

Yet, as if with a view to the latter sort of distribution, some of our contemporaries have lately hinted that Dr. HARRIS will probably resign. We know of no ground for this suggestion; on the contrary, we believe it would be reason for public confidence and security if the new Board should, as its first move, avail itself of the wide experience of the present executive officer. Dr. HARRIS has been Sanitary Superintendent during the past year, and has secured great efficiency to the working of the Board, not making a mistake. During the three years before he became Superintendent, he was Registrar of Vital Statistics, and was even then a leading spirit in the Board, by reason of his great experience and enormous working power.

It fortunately happens, also, that this question can be put on the highest grounds of public good. The patronage of the Board is not at all in the City Sanitary Inspector's office; it is in the Secretary's office, consisting there of the distribution of clerkships, and in the Bureaus of Sanitary Permits and Street Cleaning. If, therefore, as Mayor HALL says, there is a necessity for taking the medical service of the City out of partisan and personal influence, surely here, in this first and most important of all the medical offices, there is abundant chance to illustrate the non-partisan principle, the more especially as no sub-patronage will be lost. Why should not Government, besides protecting property and preventing crimes, include among its objects the sanitary improvement of the people, with its consequent lengthening of life and increase of happiness? That it will undertake this task in the near future is morally certain; and meantime, in order to push this branch of civic government toward its proper importance, we must give it the advantage of the best men.

Dr. HARRIS has made himself specially noteworthy by insisting upon the sequestration of relapsing fever, and through his efforts a thousand patients suffering with this pauperizing disease, as it well may be styled, so tedious is convalescing, have been treated on Hart's Island, sixteen miles from the City. Relapsing fever, it must be remembered, is now regarded by the best authorities as a contagious disease, seriously affecting the welfare of the City; and the new tax levy asks for $40,000 for the relapsing-fever hospital, which, by the way, is not a cent too much.

We have chosen to illustrate the principle which should govern Wednesday's election, which is both for a new City Sanitary Inspector and a new corps of Inspectors, by the case of Dr. HARRIS, because the latter has not only made no mistakes, but, admittedly, has the credit of starting and achieving most of the movements which have given a good name and an honorable and useful record to the sanitary authorities. We reiterate, therefore, the Mayor's appeal, that in this particular branch of government we may have no changes on partisan or personal grounds. Changes on grounds of inefficiency or inexperience would be welcome, but not the casting away of unequaled experience and great skill, for the mere desire to "rotate" in office.

Mr. Sanborn's Indian Ideas.

Were Gen. SANBORN less known than he is as an expert on Indian affairs, his letter to the Indian Commission on the impending Dakota war, could not be regarded as the empty apprehension of an alarmist, because our best military officers are making the same predictions. We have, therefore, from both parties of our official advisers—from the "peace-making" and the war-making camps alike—a uniform prediction that the old story of Spring hostilities is to be told again. After all our efforts, or half-efforts, the year 1870 is to see another Indian war, apparently,—a repetition of the annual drama of blood and booty, of cost and crime. Gen. SANBORN, as one of the Peace Commissioners of 1868, should hesitate to put himself in the attitude of a prophet, unless there are good reasons for his surmise.

Coming directly to the gist of Gen. SANBORN'S elaborate letter,—he maintains that the fault, this time, is ours. The Dakota Indians were at war with us throughout the rebellion, and thereafter until two years ago; their ultimatum was our abandonment of the Upper Montana route, along which our troops had established military posts, in the Indians' best hunting ground. This ultimatum was accepted by us, and the posts were abandoned. Peace was promptly made thereupon, but then came up the question of forcing the Indians upon reservations. Here, says Gen. SANBORN, the Commission was divided in opinion—"Gen. HARNEY and the writer favoring a vigorous prosecution of war to force these Indians to go to the agricultural reservation, where every means should be provided for feeding and clothing them." But it seems that, on account of the large military power required to force the Indians upon the reservation, this scheme was abandoned, and a temporary compromise treaty was agreed upon last February. But whereas, in this last agreement, we contracted, according to Gen. SANBORN, to let the Indians roam and hunt in specified regions, and to send them clothing and supplies, we have entirely neglected the latter element of the compact, and have driven traders off. Hence the late raid on the Union Pacific Railroad, and hence the near prospect of a general war.

The alternative seems to be, according to this authority, to "fulfill our treaty stipulations" and to "give them ten dollars' worth of supplies each," or to enter on a war which will cost much life and property, "jeopardize all our vast railroad interests on the Plains, and demand the expenditure of at least fifty million dollars." Gen. SANBORN favors peace and the restoration of the traders, on the ground that the Indians, being 12,000 strong, will give us much trouble and expense, and that a few years of peace will solve the whole problem. But the real difficulty seems to be that we habitually make all sorts of "treaties" with Indians, which they regard as binding and we do not, unless "ratified" by the Senate; that even when ratified we coolly neglect them, in hopes that an "Indian policy" will be settled upon by Congress; and that while the latter body is weighing deliberately the various propositions presented to it, the Indians, angry at being deceived, rush ruthlessly into railroad raids, stage-coach depredations, ranche-burnings, scalpings, and all other means and methods of revenge and plunder. It is a rude style of indemnification, but Gen. SANBORN seems to show that our own skirts are not clean; and, therefore, before setting out, as we shall probably do, to give the Indians a thrashing, it would be well to set ourselves right on the record, and either perform our old agreements, or, by mutual consent, make new ones which can be carried out.

Naturalization.

Hon. NOAH DAVIS, of the Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives, has at last perfected his new Naturalization bill, and it will speedily be put upon its passage with every prospect of becoming a law. The bill has received unusual consideration, and the fact that Judge DAVIS is an eminent lawyer, who is thoroughly familiar with the subject, may be accepted as a guarantee that it will effect a salutary reform. That such a reform is demanded, especially in the great cities, is generally conceded. The experiences which have been had in this City in the way of wholesale and open frauds upon the elective franchise, are sufficient to awaken the gravest apprehensions, and to justify stringent legislation; but the evil extends to all the great cities, and if not checked will speedily unsettle the foundations of our political fabric.

There seems to be a deal of popular misapprehension with regard to naturalization, which needs to be corrected, as well as of careless disregard for the highest political interests of the people. As a general thing it is the corrupt partisan leaders who are chiefly responsible for this condition of affairs, and not the citizens of foreign birth. Our politicians have so long pandered to the selfishness and venality of the worst class of emigrants that they seem to have lost sight of the fact that citizenship by naturalization is a privilege and not a right, and it has become dangerous to any party to attempt to modify it. If the adopted citizens would only be made to realize their existing status, they would speedily discover that every effort and device to check frauds upon the franchise is directly in their interest, instead of being an assault upon them. It elevates their political condition by removing them as far as possible from partisan manipulations, and removes the prejudices and antagonisms which such manipulations always create.

The scheme embraced in the new bill tends to accomplish the desired reform in the interests of the emigrant, and in the way we have suggested. It really throws no new impediments in the way, but only changes the methods of naturalization so as to remove as much as possible the inducement to fraud and demoralization by corrupt political managers. It provides for the naturalization of aliens after four years' residence instead of five, but prohibits them from voting for six months thereafter. This effectually removes the interested inducement of office-seekers to manufacture voters by naturalization before they are qualified by residence, or to disburse money therefor to be reimbursed from official plunder secured by the votes thus bought. Neither men nor parties will go to any great labor or expense to make voters who may never cast their ballots for them.

Another salutary provision of the new bill is that all proceedings for naturalization are to be had in the Circuit and District Courts of the United States, in all counties where at least two stated terms thereof are held in each year. In all other localities jurisdiction is given to the Court of record having the highest jurisdiction therein. Such proceedings shall be had in open Court, and shall be a matter of record. Within sixty days after they shall be had, an abstract shall be sent to the Secretary of State at Washington, where they shall be kept on file and alphabetical lists made. Stringent penalties for falsely personating any naturalized citizen or for forging any certificate of naturalization, or in any way violating or evading the provisions of the act, are imposed, which are to be prosecuted in United States Courts. The bill, which is a very elaborate one, contains many details intended strictly to enforce the leading features we have described, all of which are admirably calculated to secure the end at which the act is aimed; but a particular specification of them is by no means necessary to an understanding of the method by which the great reform is proposed to be effected. We hope that it will speedily become a law.

The German Republicans.

The German Republican Central Committee are perfectly justified in supposing that the German citizens will gain political influence by compact organization. But when they assume that they will be able to form an independent party, from whose efforts political regeneration is to come, they fail to appreciate the inevitable difficulties which will be arrayed against them. The Democratic leaders are corrupt, say they, and Republican leaders care more for their own interests than those of party or State. In the first of these statements, they are undoubtedly right, but what is it that the second means? "Republican leaders are selfish, and disregard the calls of party, therefore we German-Americans will act outside of the party"—which seems to involve a want of logical sequence. And again, the Committee neither expect nor hope anything in the way of reform from the powers that be, but at the same time rely upon President GRANT'S Administration for efficient aid and support. But President GRANT is the chief and the pride of the Republican Party, as the Committee very well know. How can the Committee explain their desire to adopt him as their standard-bearer, and at the same time to repudiate his friends and supporters?

The proposition, as far as can be gathered from the circular which we printed yesterday, is to break loose from all parties, and then, having organized afresh, to invite all parties to rally round the new organization. The plan will hardly answer. As an isolated body, our German citizens in this State can do nothing, nor can they hope to attract to themselves any number of American voters, nor voters of other foreign birth than their own. Surely they cannot but acknowledge this upon very slight reflection. Why, then, do they not accept the obvious method by which they can do good political service? The administration of this State does need purifying—it did not need the Committee's circular to teach us that. And in whose hands now rests the power, if not in the hands of the Democrats and their corrupt tools? The influences which they have wielded are just those which all good citizens are interested in combating. And the German vote is as much interested, but fails to recognize its duty. Let the Committee promote organization by all means: but that effected, let it not remain powerless by isolation. Rather let it fall into line with the Republican Party—that of law and order and patriotism; in other words, the party of President GRANT and the restored and regenerated Union.

Now is the triumph of TWEED complete! In the innermost recesses of Tammany the two factions met last night in mortal conflict,—and the representatives of the Young Democracy were left upon the ground, helpless and humiliated. At the annual meeting for the election of officers two tickets were presented—one beginning with Mr. OAKEY HALL and ending with Mr. SWEENY; the other embracing Messrs. FOX, TILDEN, MORRISSEY, MARBLE, A. H. GREEN and other heroes of the O'Brien faction. And the regular nominations were sustained by an overwhelming majority. The bright and shining lights of the Young Democracy were literally nowhere in the contest.

Mr. HORACE GREELEY will figure in the records of Tammany as a party to the bargain by which, in consideration of an attempt to defeat the new charter, he was guaranteed the support of JOHN MORRISSEY and the O'Brien faction of the Democracy as a Republican candidate for Governor. Mr. GREELEY never had the ghost of a chance of obtaining the nomination which enters into the bargain referred to. But he was weak enough to fancy that he had,—and stipulated accordingly with the Young Democracy. He fought their fight while pretending to serve the Union League. For further particulars see report of "the Council of Sachems."

Let us hope that in the purifying process to which the City Tax Levy should be subjected, section 15, as originally introduced, will be left untouched. Thus it reads:

> "No street, avenue or public place in the City of New-York, which has been once paved and the expense thereof paid for by the owners of the adjoining property by assessment, shall hereafter be paved with any patent or special pavement unless petitioned for by a majority of the owners of the property on the line of the proposed improvement, nor unless the resolution or ordinance of the Common Council authorizing the same shall be approved by the Mayor; and any ordinance or resolution heretofore passed for any patent or special pavement, which has not been approved by the Mayor, or the work petitioned for by a majority of the owners of the adjoining property to be affected and for which no contract has been made, is hereby declared to be inoperative and void."

Give us this provision, or anything like it, and jobs and swindles innumerable and gigantic will be summarily extinguished. Invest property-owners with the power of determining whether vast and corrupt expenditures, affecting their property, shall or shall not be incurred, and an end will be put to frauds like that from which the inhabitants of Fifth-avenue have suffered.

The new arrangements for the supply of Croton water in the City will certainly not prove advantageous to the public—probably they were not intended to do so. Tenants will now have to pay the water-bill instead of landlords. Water-meters are to be put into the houses, and citizens will be allowed to calculate how much water they have used—if they can. The gas-meter has hitherto been puzzle enough, but henceforth the householder will be mystified by two meters instead of one. Of course the meters will be a "hen upon the premises." The people who supply the meters have a "fat job" in their hands, if, indeed, they can supply the meters required within the next twelvemonth. Is not the entire scheme a job from beginning to end? If there is anything to be said in its favor, the public will be very glad to hear it.

Neither awed by the threats of the British Colonial Office, nor tempted by the bribes of the Dominion Government, little Prince Edward Island has once more rejected propositions pointing to acceptance of confederation with Canada. Will not Congress deal liberally with Prince Edward in a matter akin to reciprocity? And Nova Scotia, in her House of Assembly, has without a dissenting vote repudiated lot or part in the projected retaliatory policy of the Dominion Parliament. Might it not be well to recognise the commercial bonds which bind the fortunes of Nova Scotia to those of the United States?

Mr. JAMES FISK, Jr., has offered to give up the whole of his personal property to the foreign stockholders in the Erie Railroad, if they will consent to apply it to the liquidation of the *Alabama* claims. This offer is tantamount to an admission that the stockholders in question are at least entitled to some reparation from Mr. FISK. There is not much justice in his pretending to dictate to what uses his "ill-gotten gains" shall be applied, when disgorged, but we have not been accustomed to hear Mr. FISK'S name mentioned in connection with justice. The several bills which he and his friends are now trying to smuggle through the Legislature would never have been heard of if upright dealing ever entered into the consideration of the Erie managers. Mr. FISK'S facetiousness will doubtless encourage foreign speculators to put more of their money in the Erie Road.

The agitation for Woman Suffrage and all the other rights or pretensions of the sex seems to wear a more interesting aspect in England than anywhere else, when we consider the force of custom, Toryism and aristocracy in that country. When a Countess of BEAUCHAMP, with a bevy of high-born ladies about her, appears on a "Woman's Rights" platform, the cause may be said to be in a promising condition; and not alone for women in general, but for that same British aristocracy itself. Those nobly-born and wealthy women will learn to sympathize with their less-favored and humbler sisters, and instead of living the wearisome and worthless lives of women of fashion—such as the public have been reading about lately—they will have objects in life and cultured and popular ambitions to occupy their leisure. Indeed, they would still be the "glasses of fashion;" but the fashion would have its good and praiseworthy features, and the better half of the world would have the chief benefit of it.

If the *Tribune* has not already lost its senses over the McFarland trial, it is evidently in a fair way of losing them before all is over. It commits the gross impropriety of ascribing certain articles which have appeared in this journal to a particular writer, in utter violation of every principle on which journalism is conducted. Outrages of this kind are common enough from the *Tribune*—but it is necessary to warn it that it has now taken in hand a sword which has two edges. When the precedent which the *Tribune* has established is used against it, let it remember that it has brought its punishment upon its own head. There is no newspaper in the whole country so mean and cowardly in its mode of attack as the *Tribune*, and yet the moment it is struck itself, it sets up a hypocritical whine about "gentlemanly journalism." Let it now take the responsibility of its new theory of "gentlemanly journalism." Reprisals would probably be easier than it imagines.

Intelligence of freshets reaches us from the Mississippi as well as the Hudson, and if the heavy rainfall of the last few days continues, we shall, doubtless, get similar tidings from all over the country. Winona, Minn., is an island, a large part of the town being under water; yesterday all the wharves at Poughkeepsie were submerged, with the river still rising; the Merrimac is far over its banks at Concord,—and the lumbermen are as busy as bees on the drives of the Kennebec and Penobscot. So far no very serious damage is reported, but unless the skies grant a respite, we fear that in four-and-twenty hours there will be a widely-different story to tell.

If Rev. O. B. FROTHINGHAM has been accurately reported in the papers, he preached a "sermon" on Easter Sunday which accounts for his popularity among a certain set. He said:

> "The laws of matrimony should be so remodeled that the husband and wife could not be jealous of one another—so that the bond should not be merely a legal one, but that a condition of marriage should be a permission to each to act as he or she thought proper, and at the dictates of the feelings and affections."

This is the passage as reported. It will be seen that it sets up a code of morality somewhat different from that which at present prevails as a general rule. There is no doubt, however, that some people highly approve of it.

Notwithstanding the heavy storms, the last of which left two feet of snow on the Central Pacific Railway, the transcontinental trains have run regularly on time, without an exception, during the Winter. One of the objections to the Pacific Railway, on which most stress was formerly laid, was that during a considerable part of the year the line would be blocked up either in the passes of the Rocky Mountains or in those of the Sierra Nevada. This fear is now happily dispelled. At least a worse season than the one just over will be needed to give it foundation for the future.

Opening of the Sheltering Arms Bazaar.

This Bazaar, concerning which so much has been said of late, opens today at the Thirty-seventh Regiment Armory, on Broadway, between Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth streets. Its objects, together with its main features, have been frequently repeated. For months past have the busy fingers plied the needle, the active brains planned and worked, in order to render this Fair a success. A table for each parish, Knickerbocker kitchen, Post-office, restaurant, picture gallery, flower stands, brass bands, &c., are a few of the features, while not the least among the attractions will be New-York's fairest daughters presiding at the different tables. A daily paper will be issued during the continuance of the Fair, which is expected to last some ten days. The rooms have been tastefully decorated, and with so noble a charity to benefit by, and so many of our citizens interested in its success, the Sheltering Arms Bazaar opens today under the most favorable auspices.

Chess.

The grand chess tournament which commenced yesterday at the Café International gives promise of being a success. Although there are five classes of players—the first giving pawn and move to the second, pawn and two moves to the third, a knight to the fourth and a rook to the fifth—the contest will most probably result in the success of one of the strongest players, as has invariably been the case. The most prominent chess-players who take part in this tourney are Messrs. Brenzinger, Major Wernich, J. Mason, E. Delmar, F. Perrin, C. A. Gilberg, Ryan, J. A. De Con, and several other distinguished chess-players.

Capt. MACKENZIE, having won the first prize in the Brooklyn tournament, and having been appointed Chairman of the Committee of this tourney, from motives of delicacy declined to compete in the present tournament.

WASHINGTON.

The Tariff Bill—Duty on Pig-Iron—Apportionment of Members of Congress—A Protest Against the Darien Canal—Claims for Captured and Abandoned Property—Another Amend to the Constitution—Pilotage Dues—Miscellaneous.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The tariff discussion today finally reached the great item of pig-iron. Yarn of jute, the raw material of matting, was first stricken out of a previous paragraph so as to go on the free list along with coir yarn and cocoa-nut fibre, which were stricken out last Thursday. A few rubber items were then passed without change. Then came pig-iron. GRISWOLD (Democrat, of New-York,) was the first to move an amendment to reduce the rate from $7, as in the bill, to $3 in accordance with the recommendation of Commissioner WELLS, in which he was sustained by BOYD, of Missouri, and HAY, of Illinois. The mention of Mr. WELLS' name had the same effect on Mr. KELLEY as the sight of a red flag has on the Spanish bull, and he became fearfully irate. "In nothing," he said, "did the Commissioner of Revenue show his utter disregard of veracity so much as in that very recommendation." Mr. COX followed, and quoted statistics to show that the present tax on pig-iron is over 127 per cent. ALLISON defended Mr. WELLS, and showed, what was the fact, that the cost of manufacturing is between $21 and $25 per ton, whereas the price of it is from $40 to $50 per ton. Mr. ALLISON'S amendment was to reduce existing rates twenty per cent. on all grades of iron. This would not reduce pig-iron quite so much as the bill proposes, by twenty cents per ton, but it would reduce other forms of iron, such as scrap and railroad iron, in far greater proportion, as on the latter article, for instance, the Committee propose to increase the rate from seven-tenths of one cent to one cent per pound. Gen. BUTLER obtained the floor next. He moved to strike out seven and insert five, to make, as he said, a compromise between the Western farmer and the manufacturer. Mr. HILL, of New-Jersey, moved to strike out seven and insert nine, after discussing which, both he and BUTLER withdrew their motions to enable SCOFIELD to renew BUTLER'S amendment. He availed himself of the opportunity to urge that there should be some stability in the policy of Congress. SCHENCK defended the Ways and Means Committee, and did not think even nine prohibitory. He did not agree with the Special Commissioner of Revenue relative to the poor becoming poorer, because then the tide of immigration would flow the other way—from America to Europe instead of from Europe to America. GARFIELD followed in favor of allowing the duty to stand as is proposed in the bill of the Committee. Mr. BROOKS referred back to the organization of the Committee, and had not one certain change been made on it we should never have the report that we have on iron and steel. This allusion was to the substitution of BLAIR, of Michigan, for ORTH, of Indiana, who declined to serve. BINGHAM favored an increase rather than a decrease. At 4 o'clock Gen. SCHENCK endeavored to close the debate in twenty minutes on pig-iron, but did not succeed. INGERSOLL then controverted some of the statements of KELLEY, referring to that gentleman as "the Iron Duke," which provoked considerable laughter. After some remarks from FARNSWORTH relative to the working of the existing law, Mr. LOGAN made an attack on the bill, alleging that there was no principle in it. This man's interest and that man's interest had been protected at the expense of the whole people. To which SCHENCK replied that attacks of that character came from gentlemen who had nothing else to say, and the House took a recess. When the House again met at 7½ o'clock, Judge NIBLACK obtained the floor, and on the motion to reduce the duty from $7 per ton to $5, made the point in favor of the reduction, that pig-iron was itself a raw material to the boiler manufacturer, &c. Mr. FINKELNBURG favored a reduction to $6, and gave statistics to show that the cost of making a ton of iron in Missouri ranged between $22 29 and $25. A sharp debate followed, which was participated in by Messrs. PACKARD, ASPER, NEGLEY, ALLISON, and others. Mr. MARSHALL made a vigorous speech in favor of a reduced tariff generally, which would, he maintained, give the agriculturists of the West prosperity and the whole world for their market. Judge KELLEY eulogized Pennsylvania, and we could not have cheap iron without reducing the laboring population to the level of the pauper populations of Europe. His time was extended to enable him to continue in this strain. ELDRIDGE and COX showed the fallacy of this reasoning, and carried it to its logical absurdity, injustice and oppression. During the next twenty minutes the debate took a very wide range, and at 9 o'clock Mr. SCHENCK was defeated for the third time today on a motion to limit the debate. Gen. BUTLER then got the floor, and created quite a breeze among the Pennsylvanians by calling on Pennsylvania to abolish her State taxation on this article of industry, and not compel the United States to pay her taxes. Cries of "Give your authority," came from all sides, but BUTLER continued, and advocated his amendment reducing the duty to $5 per ton. The subject was further discussed until nearly 9½ o'clock, when the Committee rose. A motion to close debate in ten minutes was carried. The House again resolved itself into Committee of the Whole, and Mr. INGERSOLL got the floor and closed the debate in favor of reduction. The amendment of Mr. COX to make the duty $3 per ton was defeated by a vote of 73 to 37. The question was then put on reducing the duty to $5, and tellers being appointed, was carried by a vote of 66 to 64. The announcement of the vote was received with applause from the revenue tariff-reform men. Mr. ALLISON offered his amendment as a substitute, but the Committee rose and the House adjourned. The excitement over the result is very great, and the tariff reform party are greatly encouraged, and propose now to organize for real work. It is a deplorable fact that every member from Massachusetts, except Gen. BUTLER, voted against this reduction.

THE GEORGIA BILL.

Today's proceedings in the Senate, so far as the Georgia debate is concerned, were so profitless as to be almost unworthy of mention. Mr. DRAKE made a speech on his amendment to the bill. Mr. SUMNER made a reply in the nature of a personal explanation. Mr. DAVIS obtained the floor and moved a recess, and when the hour of reassembling came, at 7½ o'clock, only ten or eleven Senators were present, and the final adjournment took place. It is consoling, however, to know that the bill will be disposed of some time to-morrow evening.

REPRESENTATION IN THE FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

During the morning hour in the House today a very important bill, covering the question of the apportionment of members for the Forty-second Congress, was rushed through under the operation of the previous question. It came from Mr. JONES, of North Carolina, whose State was reached in the regular call for bills and resolutions; but it is the bill which Mr. PAINE introduced early in the session. It provides that the House shall hereafter consist of 275 members, but the representation of no State is to be reduced until the Forty-third Congress, the additional Representatives to be chosen from the State at large. It delegates to the Secretary of the Interior the power and duty of making the new apportionment on the new census, on the basis of 275 members, and report his action before the 10th day of September next, to the Speaker of the House and the Governors of the States. The bill is intended to meet the urgent demand of the West and South for increased representation, and was carried by the members from those sections. It contemplates several impracticable things, and will probably be brought up in the Senate, and lay there for awhile.

THE DARIEN CANAL—A BRITISH PROTEST.

There is an important rumor afloat, at an hour too late for verification, to the effect that the British Minister, Mr. THORNTON, has protested against the ratification by this Government of the Darien

Ship Canal treaty, on the ground that in the Clayton-Bulwer treaty we entered into an agreement that no such treaty or agreement should be made for the construction of such a ship canal in which the United States and Great Britain were not equal partners. There is such a provision in the treaty above cited, and this gives color to the report.

"CAPTURED AND ABANDONED PROPERTY."

Judge HALE, of New-York, who has been retained all Winter as counsel for the Government in the class of cases technically known as the "captured and abandoned property cases," closed the last of them for this term today in the Court of Claims. He has one more to argue in the Supreme Court this week, and will then return to New-York. His services to the Government and Treasury in this respect have been of a very valuable character.

A SIXTEENTH AMENDMENT.

Another amendment to the Constitution was proposed in the Senate today by Mr. DRAKE. It is numbered sixteen, and empowers the President to protect States from domestic violence by setting aside Legislatures and Governors whenever necessary, &c. It gave rise to a little debate, which had a comic as well as a serious side to it. Mr. DRAKE, who distrusts the Judiciary Committee, moved to refer the bill to the Military Committee. This led to some discussion, when finally Mr. STEWART moved to refer it to the Committee on Education, causing a laugh which the Missouri Senator quickly turned on his brother from Nevada by moving to refer him to that Committee. The measure was then sent to the Judiciary Committee.

HARBOR AND PILOTAGE DUES.

A delegation from New-York has arrived here, and will have a hearing to-morrow before the House Committee on Commerce, in favor of abolishing all the harbor and pilotage dues, &c., on tonnage. This amounts to a very heavy tax on shipping, and will hit New-York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and other cities. The Committee on the Decline of Commerce will, it is understood, report a bill favoring the abolishment of half pilotage at the port of New-York.

APPOINTMENTS.

The President today decided to appoint Judge HUMPHREYS, of Alabama, to the vacancy occasioned by the retirement of Judge FISHER from the bench of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.... Col. MACK, for some time past on duty at the War Department, was today appointed, by the Secretary of War, inspector of the national cemeteries throughout the country. He will leave for Richmond to-morrow to begin the performance of his new duties at that place, and then proceed further South and West. Col. MACK's retirement from his position is regretted by all who have business with the War Office.

THE NEW HAYTIAN MINISTER.

STEPHEN PRESTON, Esq., arrived here today. He is the accredited Minister Resident to this Government from the new Government of Hayti, and takes the place of Gen. TATE. He has not yet presented his credentials to the Secretary of State. Mr. PRESTON is a white man and a citizen of Hayti.

CENSUS SCHEDULES.

Superintendent WALKER, of the Census Bureau, has sent to the different States the blank schedules for the mortality and population reports for the census. The blanks for the manufacturers' reports will be ready for distribution in a few days.

CONSCIENCE.

Commissioner DELANO this morning received a letter from Mr. SAMUEL M. EVANS, Collector of the Second Maryland Revenue District, inclosing $5 received from some conscience-stricken person. The money was sent to Treasurer SPINNER for the conscience fund.

THE SLOOP-OF-WAR IROQUOIS.

The United States steamer *Iroquois*, lately arrived at Fortress Monroe from Hong Kong, has been ordered to Philadelphia to be repaired. The crew will be discharged and the officers granted leave of absence. The following are her principal officers: Commander, RICHARD L. LAW; Lieutenant-Commander, Nichol Ludlow; Lieutenant, John McGowan, Jr.; Surgeon, Thos. W. Leach; Pay-master, Albert D. Bache; First Assistant Engineer, Henry B. Nores.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Monday, April 18.

MEMORIALS.

Mr. CAMERON presented the memorial of the Philadelphia Board of Trade, remonstrating against the incorporation of a company to absorb the present telegraph companies, and against the purchase by the Government of the numerous telegraph lines of the country.

Mr. SUMNER presented a memorial of a large number of colored persons now occupying Arlington farm, asking Congress to take their case into consideration, and leave to them all the portions of said estate not included in the National Cemetery. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. REVELS, from the Committee on Education and Labor, reported without amendment the House bill donating the Marine Hospital building at Natchez to the State of Mississippi for educational purposes.

Mr. TRUMBULL, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported adversely on Mr. WILSON's bill to increase the number of judges of supreme and circuit courts, and to establish boundaries of judicial circuits.

Mr. CRAGIN, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported favorably the bill for the relief of the widows and orphans of officers, sailors and marines of the United States war-ship *Oneida*.

Mr. STEWART, from the Committee on Judiciary, reported adversely a bill to amend the laws regulating trade-marks; also, favorably, the bill to reward good behavior of prisoners serving out sentences of United States Courts by shortening their terms.

Mr. HAMLIN, from the Committee on the District of Columbia, reported with amendments the bill to incorporate the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

Mr. TRUMBULL, from the Committee on Judiciary, reported in favor of indefinitely postponing the bill to prevent prize-fighting.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Bills were introduced and referred as follows:

By Mr. CHANDLER—To prohibit all persons except pilots, port wardens or health officers boarding or leaving vessels before entry at the Custom-house. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

By Mr. RAMSEY—Appropriating land for the navigation and improvement of the upper Mississippi River. It provides that for the purpose of securing and preserving the Falls of St. Anthony under the direction of the Engineer Department of the United States, the Government shall issue land warrants for two hundred thousand acres of land and devote the proceeds of their sale to said work. Referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

By Mr. KELLOGG—In aid of the New-Orleans, Baton Rouge and Vicksburg Railroad. Referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

ANOTHER CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Mr. DRAKE introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution, that the President of the United States shall have power to protect any State against domestic violence on sufficient proof being presented to him of the existence of such violence, and Congress shall have power to enforce this amendment by appropriate legislation. Mr. DRAKE said the events of the last five years were sufficient to convince every one of the necessity of giving the power to the President to suppress insurrection and violence in any State without being compelled to wait for the call of the Governor or the Legislature. He asked that the resolutions be referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. EDMUNDS suggested that this proposed amendment suggested grave doubts as to the propriety of investing the Executive with such power. The Constitution now gave the power to the United States to suppress domestic violence.

Mr. HOWE thought the resolution had best be referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. DRAKE said he had no objection to their going to the Judiciary Committee after the Military Committee had considered them.

Finally, on motion of Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, the resolutions were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

THE RIGHTS OF SETTLERS.

On motion of Mr. NYE, the bill amendatory of the act of July 27, 1868, to protect the rights of actual settlers upon public lands, was taken up and passed.

It provides that Agricultural College scrip shall be received from actual settlers in payment of pre-emption claims, and that all locations of such scrip made within thirty days after approval of said act, if otherwise in conformity to the law, shall be legalized.

THE RIGHTS OF COLORED MEN.

Mr. SUMNER offered a resolution instructing the Committee on the District of Columbia to report what legislation is necessary to secure equal rights, without regard to color or race, on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad. He read a letter from a colored member of the Georgia Legislature to the effect that, having a first-class ticket for Atlanta, purchased at the regular office in New-York, he had been denied admission to the gentlemen's car of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad and had been compelled to ride on the platform. Mr. SUMNER said this was a clear case of outrage and should be investigated. The resolution was then adopted.

GEORGIA.

Mr. EDMUNDS then rose and stated that charges had been brought to his attention in which the names of parties, who were said to be ready to sustain the same, were given to the effect that attempts had been corruptly made to influence the votes of Senators on the Georgia bill. He did not say upon which side, but these charges were made in such a manner that he would be recreant to his duty as Senator if he did not notice them. He therefore offered a resolution instructing the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire whether any attempts have been made to corruptly influence the votes of Senators on the bill now pending in the Senate for the admission to representation of the State of Georgia, and with authority to the Committee to send for persons and papers. The resolution was adopted.

The Georgia bill was then taken up.

Mr. DRAKE called for the reading of his amendment, heretofore offered, providing for the employment of troops by the President for the suppression of acts of violence, and the subjugation and disposition of illegal organizations and combinations; and while he admitted that the proposition was extraordinary, and further spoke at length in defense of his position and in favor of his amendment.

Mr. SUMNER followed, and on rising said that he should not have spoken again but for the remarks made by the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. CARPENTER) in a recent speech. He had sat in his seat from day to day, hoping that the Senator would retract the remarks personal to himself; he sent to the Clerk's desk to be read the objectionable utterances; his speech he said could be found in the *Globe* as he made it, and he could set it face to face with the Senator's misrepresentations. The Senator, as appeared from the extracts read, said among other things that "the inflammatory harrangues in newspapers and on the stump had found utterance in the Senate; that all this wildness and extravagance was indorsed and sanctioned by the Senator from Massachusetts," and further, that "Mr. SUMNER scorned to seek authority for legislation in the worn out and discarded Constitution." So far from this, he accepted the Constitution from beginning to end. Mr. SUMNER further replied at some length to the remarks of Mr. CARPENTER, asking where the proof in his speech could be found that he had said "the Constitution is henceforth of interest only to political antiquarians?" Such a construction could be found alone in the disturbed imagination of the Senator from Wisconsin. In closing, he said the Senator from Wisconsin, assuming the antiquated, well-worn and now blood-bespattered garments of JOHN C. CALHOUN, rose constantly in this Chamber to disclaim against conditions and limitations on the States, and then, at last, in his madness, he assailed the Declaration of Independence itself, and arrayed State rights against human rights.

Mr. CARPENTER replied to Mr. SUMNER. He said his remarks, to which the Senator had adverted, were based solely on the provisions of the Constitution with respect to the admission of States.

The debate was further continued, the discussion being mainly upon the point of the constitutional power of the Government, and was prolonged until 5 o'clock, when after a short Executive Session the Senate took a recess until 7½ P. M.

EVENING SESSION.

The Senate reassembled at 7½ P. M., five Senators being present, including the President *pro tem.*, Mr. ANTHONY.

Mr. DAVIS, who was entitled to the floor, made a motion to adjourn, but at the suggestion of Mr. TRUMBULL, who thought that Senators would soon come in, withdrew it, and a recess was taken for fifteen minutes. At the end of this time, only six more Senators having made their appearance, Mr. MCCREERY, with the consent of his colleagues, moved that the Senate adjourn, and the motion was decided in the affirmative by the casting vote of the Chair. The Senate accordingly, at 7:50 o'clock, adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. TWICHELL presented resolutions of the Massachusetts Legislature concerning the Cape Cod Ship Canal.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Bills were introduced and referred as follows:

By Mr. STRONG—In relation to the examination and appointment of Naval and Military Cadets.

By Mr. BENNETT—To provide a speedy remedy for the collection of debts against vessels.

By Mr. REEVES—Authorizing telegraphic communication between the United States and Central and South America.

By Mr. PLATT—To define the jurisdiction of the United States Courts.

By Mr. MCGEE—Granting lands to the New-Orleans and Memphis Railroad Company; also, extending the benefits of the Agricultural bill to Mississippi.

By Mr. BINGHAM—To provide for observations in Asia and Europe of the next total eclipse of the sun.

By Mr. MUNGEN—In relation to divorces in the District of Columbia.

By Mr. INGERSOLL—To authorize an ocean mail steam-ship service between the United States and Mexico.

By Mr. BURDETT—Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, preventing donations to sectarian schools.

By Mr. PAINE—To reduce the taxes.

By Mr. ATWOOD—Granting lands for the Green Bay and Lake Pepin Railroad.

By Mr. WILSON, of Minnesota—For the improvement of the navigation of the Upper Mississippi.

CONGRESSIONAL APPORTIONMENT.

Mr. JONES, of North Carolina, introduced a bill for the apportionment of members of Congress, fixing the number at 275, exclusive of representatives of States to be hereafter admitted. No States to suffer a reduction till after the Forty-first Congress. He asked immediate action on the bill, and moved the previous question, which was seconded by 80 to 67.

Mr. KELSEY, of New-York, moved to lay the bill on the table.

The House refused to lay the bill on the table—yeas 78, nays 96. The bill was then passed—yeas 86, nays 83.

The bill, which is the one prepared by Mr. PAINE, provides

That from and after the 3d of March, 1871, the House of Representatives shall be composed of 275 members, to be apportioned among the several States, provided that if after such appointment any new States shall be admitted, the Representatives from such States shall be additional to the number of 275; and that if the number of representatives of any State shall be reduced by such apportionment, such reduction shall not take effect in the Forty-second Congress, but such State shall have the same number of Representatives in the Forty-second Congress to which it is entitled in the first, and that if the representation of any State shall be increased by such apportionment, the additional representation for the Forty-first Congress shall be chosen by the State at large. The Secretary of the Interior is to ascertain the basis of representation from the preliminary census report.

THE LOUISIANA CONTESTED SEAT.

Mr. STEVENSON, from the Committee on Elections, made a report in the contested election case from the First Congressional District of Lousiana, declaring J. H. SYPHER entitled to the seat. He gave notice that he would call it up for action to-morrow, or soon thereafter.

THE VOLUNTEER QUESTION AGAIN.

Mr. CAKE, by way of personal explanation, after some remarks, presented a memorial of the surviving soldiers of Twenty-fifth Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, and a resolution for reference to the Committee on Military Affairs, for a suitable medal for each member of the battalion first to arrive at Washington from Pennsylvania on the 18th of April, 1861.

Mr. HILL suggested the same as to the New Jersey troops.

Some further debate ensued, and Mr. INGERSOLL protested against such matters being brought before the House under the guise of personal explanations.

The memorial and resolution were finally referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

INDIAN MURDERS IN TEXAS.

Mr. CONNOR offered a resolution instructing the Secretary of War to ascertain and report the number of American citizens murdered by the Indians on the frontiers of Texas since January, 1869. Adopted.

THE TARIFF.

Flax and Hemp Manufactures.

The House at 2 o'clock went into Committee of the Whole on the Tariff bill, Mr. WHEELER in the chair, resuming it at the paragraph taxing at forty per cent. ad valorem, yarns, single, of flax or hemp, or the tow of flax or hemp, or of jute grass and fibre, and all manufactures of flax, jute, hemp or like vegetable material not otherwise provided for in the bill.

Mr. TWICHELL moved to amend the paragraph by striking out the word "jute."

On a count of the tellers there was no quorum voting. The roll was thereupon called, and 134 members answered to their names. The amendment was then rejected.

India-rubber Buttons, &c.

The next three paragraphs, referring to buttons and ornaments for dresses, articles of gutta-percha or india-rubber, &c., were passed without amendment.

Pig-iron.

This brought the Committee down to the paragraphs relating to iron, the first of them being on iron in pigs, $7 per ton.

Mr. GRISWOLD moved to reduce it to $3, stating that for every dollar which the duties on iron brought into the Treasury, the people had to pay $15.

Mr. BOYD sustained the amendment.

Mr. HAY also sustained the amendment, and said the people were paying forty millions a year on iron in the shape of enhanced prices.

Mr. KELLEY, of Pennsylvania, argued that the adoption of the amendment would result in closing up all the iron furnaces in this country.

Mr. COX advocated the amendment, and argued that the tax on pig-iron today was 127 per cent. He said that on ten articles, iron, cotton, woolen, ready-made clothing, salt, leather, coal, rubber, &c., the Government received in taxes about forty-one millions, and that on iron the Government got $5,500,000, while the manufacturers got $148,000,000.

Mr. ALLISON moved to amend by providing that on pig-iron, scrap-iron and all manufactured iron, there shall be a reduction of twenty per cent. on the present duty, provided that in no case shall the duty on manufactured iron be reduced to less than thirty-five per cent. ad valorem. He said that the present tariff rates were entirely too high, and mentioned the fact that the average cost of production of pig iron by the Carondelet Iron-works of Missouri, was less than $24 per ton, while the price was from $30 to $40.

Mr. KELLEY opposed the amendment.

Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, moved to reduce the duty on pig-iron from seven to five dollars. He was in favor of giving a fair measure of protection to all manufactures; but he thought that the duty of $5 per ton on pig-iron would be a fair compromise between the manufacturers and the consumers of iron.

Mr. HILL suggested an increase of the duty to $9. He said that in his district it cost $34 to make pig iron.

Mr. FINKELNBURG made some remarks as to the cost of making pig-iron at the Carondelet Iron works, the statement of Prof. WATERHOUSE in that respect having been contradicted by Mr. KELLEY.

Mr. SCOFIELD spoke of the necessity of having a stable tariff.

Mr. SCHENCK opposed either the reduction or the increase of the proposed duty. The present duty of $9 per ton had afforded when gold was high a greater protection than it was now doing; but even that high rate did not act as a prohibitory measure. Iron was still pouring into the country, even under a tariff of $9. The Committee had proposed a reduction to $7, which was equal to a reduction of twenty-two and a half per cent., and he thought that at that rate the American manufacturers would be sufficiently protected.

Mr. GARFIELD charged that there was no uniform action proposed by the Committee on the general articles of iron. The Committee of Ways and Means had reduced the duty on pig-iron twenty-two and a half per cent., and had increased it on other forms. He regarded the amendment offered by Mr. ALLISON as a more suitable proposition than that of the Committee.

After further discussion, and without disposing of the paragraph, the Committee, at 4½ o'clock, took a recess till 7½ o'clock this evening.

EVENING SESSION.

The Committee of the Whole reassembled at 7½ o'clock, and proceeded with the consideration of the Tariff bill, the paragraph under discussion being that taxing pig-iron $7 per ton.

At length the discussion was closed, and the Committee was brought to vote on the paragraph and the amendments. The first vote was on Mr. COX's amendment to make the duty on pig iron $3, and it was rejected. The next vote was on the amendment offered by Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, to make the duty $5, and it was adopted by 66 to 64, amid much excitement in the Hall. The Committee then rose.

THE PUBLIC LANDS.

Mr. FITCH moved to suspend the rules so as to have it ordered that on Thursday, April 28, the House shall proceed to the consideration of reports from the Committee on Public Lands. Without voting on the motion, the House, at 10 o'clock, adjourned.

MATTERS IN IRELAND.

Effects of the New Law of Coercion—Emigration to America—Seizures of Arms—Opposition to the Land Bill.

From Our Special Correspondent.

DUBLIN, Tuesday, April 5, 1870.

The state of affairs in this country is becoming so anomalous and so critical, from still increasing discontent among large classes of the people, that I am induced to place before you a brief notice of events as they happen, which I doubt not will excite some attention among American readers, especially that considerable and not uninfluential portion of your population who, from connection or sympathy with Ireland, are likely to take a peculiar interest in her concerns.

THE PEACE BILL.

The new Coercion law for Ireland, called the "Peace Preservation Bill," has received the Royal assent. This bill passed through both branches of the British Legislature with a celerity that forms a striking contrast with the slow and halting progress of the Irish Land bill, which, as indicating a policy of amelioration, has met at every stage with obstinate resistance from the Conservative Opposition. Even in what is termed the "popular Chamber," the law for suspending the Constitution in Ireland was passed through its stages rapidly and by overwhelming majorities, little time having been allowed for discussion or remonstrance to the very small minority, mainly composed of Irish members. But the upper House cared nothing for principles or forms when they had the long-coveted opportunity of once more suspending the Constitution in Ireland. Three short sittings—about five hours altogether—sufficed for those jealous guardians of public rights. An Irish ministerial Peer, who introduced the bill in the House of Lords, deemed it necessary to explain that he did so as an act of duty, in order to repress, in various parts of Ireland, a formidable agrarian conspiracy, and he drew an appalling picture of the condition of those districts. "In the first place," he said, "there was a semi-organized system of assassination; in the second, a very widespread and continually-increasing network of intimidation; and in the third place, a daily or weekly outburst of anonymous literature in the public Press, which identified itself only too undoubtedly with the criminal proceedings." But notwithstanding all this, he confessed that he asked those extraordinary powers from Parliament with regret and almost with humiliation. The Tory Opposition, however, saw nothing but good in the bill, especially those clauses which placed the Press at the mercy of the Executive, and they found fault only with its short-comings in not changing the constitution of juries, and rendering unanimity no longer necessary in the trial of criminal cases. There was, however, one Peer of recent creation, Lord LYVEDEN—nephew of Rev. SYDNEY SMITH, the famous canon of St. Paul's—who boldly questioned the grounds upon which such despotic powers against the Press were demanded as a punishment for what was vaguely designated sedition. The Duke of ABERCORN, speaking from his experience while Viceroy in Ireland, bore testimony to the seditious character of the articles in a portion of the Irish newspapers, and stated that, even after the Government had succeeded in obtaining convictions, the newspapers persevered in their seditious course, and in the south and west of Ireland these seditious newspapers were the only ones that circulated. The clauses against the Press were rendered still more stringent by amendments, one of which provides for the seizure of newspapers printed out of Ireland, but sold in Ireland; it is only in Ireland, however, that the types and machinery can be seized and confiscated by the Crown. The provisions respecting compensation to the families of persons murdered, or to persons maimed or injured in disturbed districts, form one of the most remarkable features in the bill. Grand Juries are enabled to present for such amounts as they may consider necessary; but power is reserved to the Judge of Assize to hear appeals and alter the presentment at his discretion, and the amount fiated is to be levied on the occupiers of the district. An attempt was made in the House of Commons to divide the amount between landlord and tenants, as in the case of the Poor Law tax, but it was unavailing.

THE PRESENT POLICY TOWARD IRELAND.

This bill, which was described by a leading Tory Peer as one "wholly unprecedented in its stringency, but not one whit too stringent," is now law in Ireland, and the old traditional policy of coercion is again to be applied, after the signal failure of that system during a century and more. All experience has proved that mere coercion has never produced more than a temporary calm, followed by increased exasperation. The Gladstone Government appear to be anxious to remove the evils of the land system in Ireland, so long the prolific source of crime; but their Land bill still lingers in the House of Commons, obstructed by all possible means of resistance at every stage. It is not only unwise, but it is dangerous, at this period of the world's history, to uphold such a policy in an important division of the United Kingdom. Even in France, arbitrary Government is abandoned as a system unsafe for rulers and incompatible with the well-being and contentment of the people. In parts of Europe, ancient dynasties are abandoning the old despotic system as perilous to their existence. All the world sees that the great Republic of America, after thoroughly maintaining the Union by the suppression of the most formidable insurrection of ancient or modern times, is steadily attaining the highest eminence for commercial enterprise, agricultural prosperity, and the general dissemination of wealth among its rapidly augmenting population; and that this advance is accompanied by moderation of policy, increase of credit, and popular contentment. Ireland, meanwhile, is allowed to remain a festering sore next the heart of England, with no better cure for the social infirmities that render her a source of weakness instead of strength, than those old irritants of coercion that have always ended in aggravating every existing evil.

EMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES.

Even at this early period of the Spring, the emigration to America has recommenced, most of the emigrants proceeding to the United States, and it is stated that the accommodation is insufficient for the numbers applying for passages in the steam-ships. Notwithstanding the great diminution in our population since the famine in 1846, it is likely that the exodus this year will be very considerable.

ILLEGAL IMPORTATION OF ARMS.

Several seizures of arms and ammunition have lately been made by Dublin Detective Police, who have been constantly on the *qui vive* since the Fenian outbreak, three years since. From information communicated last week, they searched steamers as they arrived at the quays from England, and discovered quantities of breech-loading rifles of the most recent make, with swords and ball-cartridges, carefully packed among miscellaneous goods. It seems that there is something of mystery about these importations, which cause more or less of uneasiness. There have been similar seizures of arms and ammunition in Sligo and other parts of the country, consigned in such a manner that there is difficulty in fixing any responsibility about them.

THE LAND-TENURE BILL.

A satisfactory settlement of the relations between landlords and tenants has long been the "question of questions" for Ireland. In England and Scotland there are manufactures on a large scale which afforded, until recently, steady and remunerative employment at all seasons, and better wages than those obtained by laborers in agriculture. But Ireland, unlike the other divisions of the United Kingdom, and totally unlike the United States of America, has, in three out of four provinces, little else than the land for the employment and sustenance of her population. In Ireland, therefore, beyond all other countries, a sound and enlightened system of land laws and land management is required, but, unfortunately, the worst system, perhaps, that ever existed still prevails between the owners and renters of the land; and to this cause, almost as much as to the misgovernment of England for centuries past, may be attributed the poverty, the misery, the lawlessness, and the ever-recurring outbreaks of agrarian crime that have given to Ireland so unenviable a notoriety in other countries where the true causes of this deplorable state of things are often but imperfectly understood. When the intention of the present Government to introduce a thorough reform of the Irish land system was announced there was a general expectation that a salutary and substantial improvement would be effected. The bill brought forward after the opening of the session was very moderate, but yet contained beneficial provisions, and it was agreed by reasonable people that, although rather too restricted and conservative, it was a step in the right direction. But even this very limited remedy for the great evil, which has been the prime obstacle to social improvement and prosperity in Ireland, has met with rather a chilling reception from the Tory Party from the beginning, and now, when Mr. GLADSTONE evinces a determination to stand or fall by his Land bill and its essential principles, that party have thrown off the mask of concelation, and they are organised, under their leader, Mr. DISRAELI, to resist the bill on every vital point. They cannot hope to defeat it in the House of Commons, but it is pretty plain that their object is to make a case in the Lower Chamber for the ultimate defeat of the Irish Land bill in the House of Lords, if they should deem it safe to venture on such an experiment. Up to the close of last week only two of the many clauses of the bill were gone through in the Committee. When the third clause was brought forward last night, Mr. DISRAELI complained that the Government had not adhered to the policy they had originally laid down. He did not, he said, think it was altogether wise to have legalized the Ulster custom of tenant-right; but, letting that pass, an amendment of the Chief Secretary for Ireland would extend the most objectionable features of the Ulster custom to the est of Ireland. That amendment provided that compensation should be given, not only for permanent and unexhausted improvements, but also for the loss on quitting a holding, thereby ratifying the doctrine that occupation by the tenant conferred a right of property, which, if established for Ireland, must be extended to England and Scotland. After expressing regret that he could no longer remain passive, the right honorable gentleman proposed an amendment "restricting compensation to unexhausted improvements and interruption on the completion of any course of husbandry suited to the holding." A long and excited debate ensued, in which the Government declared that no essential change had been made in the bill as originally brought forward. Mr. LOWE, (Chancellor of the Exchequer,) told the House that if they wished to restore tranquillity to Ireland they must remove every semblance of a well-founded grievance. Mr. GLADSTONE concluded the discussion by a very impressive speech, in which, replying to Mr. DISRAELI, he said that "the result of eviction to the tenant was the loss of livelihood, the only alternative to which was America or the poor-house." On a division the amendment of Mr. DISRAELI was rejected by 296 against 220—majority of 76 for the Government.

AMUSEMENTS.

Theatrical.

"MACBETH" AT THE OLYMPIC.

A travesty of "Macbeth" was produced at the Olympic Theater last evening, with a result a French critic would designate as a *succès de rire*. In other words, a great deal of merriment was elicited; and, as no other object than the evocation of laughter was aimed at, it may fairly be said that the first night of the extravaganza gave promise of having numerous successors. Not much is to be told about modern burlesques in general, and less than usual is to be written of Mr. G. L. FOX's new version of "Macbeth." We counsel Mr. FOX, the comedian, to shun the society of Mr. FOX, the dramatist, though the difficulty of the task the latter set himself when he determined to caricature the noble work fastened upon is not to be underestimated. It is to be observed, however, that in spite of the playwright's failure, the actor supplies an extremely comical picture of the ambitious Thane, and that parts of his performance, and especially the protracted death-scene, are intensely funny. Mr. FOX is very well seconded by Mr. C. K. FOX, who embodies *Macduff* with great humor, and almost as much noise as the latest impersonator of the character in the tragedy, and by Miss MARIE LONGMORE, whose stage-business in the dark chamber is very novel and droll. Besides these artists, Mr. H. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. J. C. KETCHUM, Mrs. EDWARD WRGIHT and the GREEN sisters have a share in the representation, some of the witches' antics by the two first-named actors being exceptionably laughable. The serious element in the burletta is furnished by LOCKE's music to the play, which is rendered in its entirety by soloists and a very strong chorus, and several passages of which, yesterday, were repeated amid much enthusiasm.

MR. JOHN S. CLARKE AT BOOTH'S THEATRE.

BOOTH's capacious theatre was crowded to excess last night by an audience eager to assist at the first appearance, since his return from London, of Mr. JOHN S. CLARKE. The inclemency of the weather by no means damped the enthusiasm of this comedian's admirers, who received him with long-continued acclamations of welcome, and lost no opportunity during the evening to testify their appreciation of his humorous powers. Mr. CLARKE appeared as *Major Wellington de Boots*, in STIRLING COYNE's play of "Everybody's Friend," rechristened for the occasion as "A Widow Hunt," and as *Toodles*, in the always popular drama of the same name. Mr. CLARKE produces most of his effects by very elaborate means, and neglects no chance afforded by text or situation to excite the laughter of his auditors. He was called before the curtain at the end of every act, and seemed, until the late hour at which the performances terminated, to have a firm hold upon the general favor. The support accorded him was even and careful, if not very brilliant; yet hardly any conceivable efforts, as a whole, could apparently have provoked more mirth or won more approbation. Mr. CLARKE will repeat his impersonations of last night until further notice, and we reserve more particular mention of his abilities, as well as our estimate of his rank as an artist, until a more convenient occasion.

Musical.

CARLOTTA PATTI IN OPERA.

The long-promised performance of "The Magic Flute," with Miss CARLOTTA PATTI as the *Queen of the Night*, takes place at the Academy of Music this evening. Herren HABELMANN, HERMANNS and FORMES, and Mlles. CANISSA and DZINBA sing with Miss PATTI, and M. RITTER is to lead the orchestra. To-morrow the opera will be repeated in Brooklyn.

The "Knabe" Piano at Association Hall.

At the matinée concert given by OLE BULL at the above Hall on Saturday last, Mr. EDWARD HOFFMAN, as the pianist, not only surprised his audience by the superb quality of his playing, but by the magnificent tones he produced from the Knabe Grand, which instrument is so rapidly gaining the public favor. In his fantasia of the "Mocking Bird," he seemed himself inspired by the action of the instrument, which, especially in the trills and tenor passages, poured forth a melody that was enchanting, clear, full, and—that great desideratum in pieces of that nature—a superb singing quality that was, as Mr. HOFFMAN afterward remarked, as near the notes of the mocking-bird as human ingenuity could approach. In his "Rigoletto," all the powers of this wonderful piano were brought out, and the difficult music of this opera was rendered, in conjunction with Mr. HOFFMAN's playing, in supreme perfection. Nothing seemed wanting. The audience was electrified, and the great violinist, OLE BULL, happily asserted that the Knabe Piano was as perfect to his sensitive ear as his pet fiddle.—*Express.*

Miss Anne Mehlig, the Great Pianiste, in Boston Music Hall with the Weber Grand.

This distinguished *artiste*, who made so favorable an impression by her private concerts at Chickering's Hall, took the musical public by storm at Music Hall, where she had the advantage of a Weber piano, whose power, capacity, depth and sweetness of tone were wonderfully manifested under her delicate and inspirational touch. Miss MEHLIG is unquestionably a *pianiste* far superior to any of the performers who have been heard in Boston for some time, and the Weber never before had so fair and triumphant a trial before a Boston audience. At her rendering of WEBER's "Concert-stuck" the instrument fairly sang beneath her fingers and elicited the most enthusiastic applause. The Weber piano is rapidly working its way in this vicinity by virtue of its superior excellence.—*Boston Journal.*

Since Miss MEHLIG revealed the marvelous powers at Music Hall of this splendid Weber Grand, it has become a favorite among the *elite* of Boston. It is truly a remarkable embodiment of the spirit of music possessing all the high qualities of other pianos, besides several peculiar excellencies of its own.—*Boston Courier.*

In the recent concerts given by Mr. THOMAS, Miss MEHLIG, who is allowed to be the greatest living artist, showed her artistic ability on this wonderful Weber piano to greater advantage than was ever done by any other pianist in Boston. The Weber Grand has steadily worked its way among the more intelligent class of the musical world, chiefly by its actual superior merits. Artists and amateurs who have given it a fair trial, are profuse in their expressions of admiration for its wonderful capacity. Its tones of blended sweetness and power excite the surprise of all musicians. The exceeding elegance and superior finish of the exterior are attractive in the highest degree, while the musical arrangement within seems to be the very incarnation of the spirit of music itself.—*Boston Advertiser.*

Miss ANNA MEHLIG, in Music Hall, has surpassed her own brilliant fame. Artists and critics are lost in admiration of the music she produces. A great deal is due to the instrument furnished for the occasion—one of the *Weber Grand pianos*. Miss MEHLIG is herself the same everywhere—always splendid; but with this instrument to aid her, she produces magical effects. The Weber pianos have been introduced to the Boston public at a comparatively recent date. They are the production of a mind which has made a careful study of all the scales and all the pianos in this country and abroad, and the result is an instrument which is steadily gaining here, solely by its superior musical qualities which are apparent to every one who tries it.—*Boston Daily News.*

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CLOTHIERS.
SPRING OVERCOATS
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SPRING SUITS,
MANUFACTURED EXPRESSLY FOR THE RETAIL TRADE.
—*Advertisement.*

"The Fun of It."

Last week a lady had nine teeth extracted at the Colton Dental Association, No. 19 Cooper Institute, and on waking, she exclaimed—"Why, I'll come again just for the fun of it!" All patients cannot say this, though all admit that they experience no pain.—*Advertisement.*

Tamm,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
PARIS, FRANCE,
Removed from No. 17 Rue du Helder to No. 7 Boulevard Haussmann.—*Advertisement.*

Rhododendrons.

There is no plant so beautiful. Its foliage is broad, evergreen and hardy; its flowers superb beyond description. For these and other varieties of trees, shrubs, roses, &c., address PARSONS & CO., Flushing, N. Y.—*Advertisement.*

Ladies Desire what Men Admire.—And this little thing is beauty. What do we say is beautiful? A transparent complexion and a luxuriant head of hair. What will produce these? HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM will make any lady of thirty appear but twenty; and LYON'S KATHAIRON will keep every hair in its place, and make it grow like the April grass. It prevents the hair from turning gray, eradicates dandruff, and is the finest hair dressing in the world, and at only half ordinary cost. If you want to get rid of sallowness, pimples, ring marks, moth patches, &c., don't forget the MAGNOLIA BALM, ladies.

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THE
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be sure you get the genuine.

All genuine bear the name of FISK, CLARK & FLAGG, inventors and patentees, stamped upon each pair. Sold at first-class Furnishing-Goods stores in this City.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.—This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world. Harmless, reliable, instantaneous. Does not contain lead, nor any vitalic poison to produce paralysis and death. Avoid the vaunted and delusive preparations boasting virtues they do not possess. The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE has thirty years' reputation to uphold its integrity as the only perfect Hair Dye. Black or brown. Sold by all druggists. Applied at No. 16 Bond-st., New-York.

Thirty-two Years Under one Management, the AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON, has grown from a small hotel to the largest in New-England. It is furnished with all the contrivances for the convenience and comfort of its guests, and is deservedly popular with the traveling public.

To remove Moth Patches, Freckles and Tan from the Face, use PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION. Sold by all druggists. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. PERRY, No. 49 Bond-st.

Trusses.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss. Office, (Established 20 years,) 2 Vesey-st., Astor House.

MARRIED.

HAWKINS—HARLOW.—At the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Dr. Diller, on Monday, April 18, 1870, JOHN M. HAWKINS, of Staten Island, to MARY STOCKTON, daughter of Rev. W. D. Harlow, of Brooklyn, L. I. No cards.

DIED.

BAXTER.—On Saturday evening, April 16, EDGAR BAXTER, in the 35th year of his age.

His relatives and friends, and those of his father, John C. Baxter, and his uncle, F. P. Schoals, are invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 240 West 49th-st., on Tuesday, the 19th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

CLAPP.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday morning, April 16, CHARLES A., son of the late John T. Clapp, in the 23d year of his age.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 8 Lefferts-st., on Tuesday, April 19, at 2 o'clock.

CROW.—On Monday, April 18, SARAH A., youngest daughter of Elis N. and Josephine B. Crow, aged 4 years, 4 months and 7 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 11 Charlton-st.

ENDALL.—In Brooklyn, on Monday evening, April 18, WM. ENDALL, in the 48th year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

HADDEN.—On Sunday evening, April 17, 1870, JAMES EDGAR HADDEN, in the 54th year of his age.

Funeral services will be held at his late residence, No. 109 Leroy-st., on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at 1½ P. M. The remains will be interred at Woodbridge, N. J., the following day, at 11½ A. M.

HONE.—On Monday, April 18, PHILIP HONE, youngest son of the late Philip Hone.

The funeral service will take place at the Church of the Transfiguration, East 29th-st., at 9½ o'clock, on Thursday morning. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend without further invitation.

LIPPINCOTT.—At Long Branch, N. J., on Tuesday, April 12, ELISHA LIPPINCOTT, in the 80th year of his age.

MEADE.—Suddenly, on Saturday, April 16, of paralysis of the brain, Capt. RICHARD W. MEADE, U. S. Navy, aged 63 years.

The interment will take place at St. Mary's R. C. Church, Philadelphia, on Tuesday, 19th inst.

SMITH.—On Wednesday, April 13, at his father's residence in Jamaica Plain, Mass., JOSEPH M. SMITH, Jr., of the firm of Freeman, Smith & Co., shipping and commission merchants of San Francisco and Nicholaefsk, Russia, in the 33d year of his age, son-in-law of F. E. Knight, of Brooklyn.

SPROULLS.—On Monday, April 18, MARGARET SPROULLS, in the 78th year of her age.

Her friends, and those of her son, Samuel B. Sproulls, and B. Littlefield, are invited to attend her funeral on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at 1½ P. M., from No. 308 West 33d-st.

WILLIAMSON.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, April 18, at the residence of her son, No. 83 Madison-st., Mrs. MAGDALENE WILLIAMSON, in the 75th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday, the 20th inst., from the Reformed Church, East New-York, at 2½ P. M.

WHITNEY.—In New-Haven, on Saturday morning, April 16, HENRIETTA EDWARDS WHITNEY, widow of the late Eli Whitney, aged 83 years and 10 months.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, at 2½ o'clock, this day, (Tuesday.)

MISCELLANEOUS.

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POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS for Europe during the week ending SATURDAY, April 23, will close at this office on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 12 M., and at all the Stations as follows, viz.: A and B, 11¼; C and O, 11½; D and E, 11¼; F and G, 10¾.
P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS for Europe on WEDNESDAY, April 20, will close at this Office at 7½ A. M., and at the Stations as follows, viz.: A and B, 9 P. M.; C and O, 8¾; D and E, 8½; F and G, 8:10 the night before.
P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE.
FOR MAY,
WITH FULL-PAGE ILLUSTRATIONS.

ANTHONY TROLLOPE'S NEW NOVEL, SIR HARRY HOTSPUR OF HUMBLETHWAITE. Part I.
See LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for May.
MAY: A POEM. By GEORGE N. SEARS.
See LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for May.
THE ECHO OF APPOMATTOX ACROSS THE ATLANTIC. By JUSTIN MCCARTHY.
See LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for May.
THE VIRGINIA TOURIST. By EDWARD A. POLLARD. Illustrated.
See LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for May.
NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE. By HENRY T. TUCKERMAN.
See LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for May.
HOW I FOUND MY FATE. By Mrs. W. A. THOMPSON.
See LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for May.
THE CROSS IN LEGEND, POETRY AND ART. By Mrs. MARY A. LLOYD.
See LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for May.
ECCENTRICITY AS A PURSUIT. By WALTER E. MCCANN.
See LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for May.
THE COMING WOMAN. By Miss MARY P. WELLS.
See LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for May.
THE VICAR OF BULLHAMPTON (Concluded.) By ANTHONY TROLLOPE. Illustrated.
See LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for May.
GUESSES AND QUERIES. Part I. By N. S. DODGE.
See LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for May.
ETHRAMONIA: A Tale. By LOUISE S. DORR.
See LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for May.
MARY: A Poem. By ROSE TERRY.
See LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for May.
WIDOW BEDOTT IN PHILADELPHIA.
See LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for May.
OUR MONTHLY GOSSIP.
See LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for May.
LITERATURE OF THE DAY.
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YOUNG WOMANHOOD IN AMERICA, by HOWARD GLYNDON; The American Office-seeker, by JAMES H. LAMBERT; Eleanor Kirk at the Five Points: To Dahomey and Back, by J. W. WATSON; My Ship at Sea; Editorial Items; Good Reading; Our Jewels; Criticism and Critics; The new Political Element, &c., in May No. PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL and PACKARD'S MONTHLY. 30 cents; $3 a year. S. R. WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, Publisher.

"THE MOON. IS IT INHABITED?"—Evidences from various sources; views of the ancients and the middle ages; including modern discoveries. For all the evidences see May number PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL. 30 cents. Newsmen have it.

"ELEANOR KIRK AT THE FIVE POINTS."—How men, women and children live in this "Sink of Sin." A fine field for Home Missionaries. For a look at low life in New-York see May number PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL and PACKARD'S MONTHLY, 30 cents, or $3 a year. Newsmen have it.

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WILLIAM BLAKE, POET AND PAINTER. By E. P. EVANS.
A DAY IN YORK MINSTER. By FRANCES E. WILLARD.
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"THE ART TO BLOT." By R. W.
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EMINENT ENGRAVERS—BIOGRAPHICAL Notes of John Boydell, Francis Vivares, Charles Grignion, William Byrne, the Landseers, in May No. PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL and PACKARD'S MONTHLY. 30 cents. Newsmen have it.

HOW TO WAKE UP A LAZY BOY.—History of a Young Clerk in a Boston store. How he began life; a lesson for boys, in May No. PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL. 30 cents. Newsmen have it.

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"HOW TO CHOOSE A HUSBAND, BY the Color of His Eyes." Mrs. GEO. WASHINGTON WYLLYS gives her valuable experience in May No. PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL. Newsmen have it.

POLITICAL.

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT UNION REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of the above Association will be held at their head-quarters, No. 22 City Hall-place, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 20, 1870, to elect delegates to the several Conventions, to be held in pursuance of the order of the Union Republican General Committee. Polls open from 7½ to 9 P. M.
DENNIS MCLAUGHLIN, President.
JOSEPH GRADY,
JOHN MCCARTHY, } Secretaries.

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION, in accordance with the call of the Republican Central Committee, will hold a primary election for delegates to the various Conventions at the head-quarters No. 458 Pearl-st. Polls open from 7½ to 9 P. M. DENIS SHEA, President.
WM. F. PORTER,
JOSEPH KNOX. } Secretaries.

FIFTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT UNION REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—In pursuance of a call from the General Committee a primary meeting of the Association will be held at No. 100 Prince-st. on WEDNESDAY EVENING, to elect delegates to the several Conventions. Polls open from 7½ to 9 o'clock.
WILLIAM C. HANNA, President.
AUSTIN LEAKE,
THOS. W. WINTERBOTTAM, } Secretaries.

SEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT UNION REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—The Republicans of this district are notified that a primary election for delegates to the State, County and Ward Conventions, will be held on WEDNESDAY EVENING, 20th inst., at No. 813 Broadway, from 7½ to 9 o'clock. By order,
JOSEPH FORBES, President.
GEO. E. HILL, Secretary.

EIGHTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT UNION REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—In accordance with the directions of the Union Republican General Committee, a primary election of the above association will be held at Runk's Hotel, No. 274 Grand-st., WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 20, from 7½ to 9 o'clock. JOHN J. O'BRIEN, President.
JOHN STINSON,
HORACE A. BLISS, } Secretaries.

NINTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—The Republicans of this district will meet at Bleecker Buildings on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 20, inst., to elect delegates to the several Conventions. Polls open from 7½ to 9 o'clock P. M.
JAMES W. BOOTH, President.
ANDREW J. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

TWELFTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT UNION REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—A primary meeting to elect delegates to the State and County Conventions, will be held at No. 21 Avenue D, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 20. Polls open from 7½ to 9 P. M. JOHN DUKE, President.
SAMUEL YOUNG,
PETER RAFFERTY, } Secretaries.

FOURTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT UNION REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION Primary Election, WEDNESDAY, April 20, No. 23 3d-av. Polls open from 7½ to 9 P. M.
JOHN COCHRANE,
B. A. GICQUEL, Secretary. President.

FIFTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—The electors of this Association will meet at Kraman's Hall, No. 246 West 33d-st., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 20, for the election of delegates to the State, County and District Conventions, and to nominate candidates for Inspectors and Canvassers of Election. Polls open from 7½ to 9 P. M.
HENRY D. LAPAUGH, President.
ROBERT HOAG, Secretary.

FIFTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT UNION REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—In accordance with the direction of the Union Republican General Convention, this Association will meet WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 20, at Lincoln Hall, corner of 8th-av. and 33d-st., for the purpose of electing delegates to the various Conventions. Polls open from 7½ to 9 P. M.
E. HARRISON REED, President.
JOHN GOLLER, Secretary.

SIXTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT UNION REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—Pursuant to a call of the Union Republican General Committee of the County of New York, this Association will meet at their head-quarters No. 279 3d-av., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 20, 1870, for the purpose of electing delegates to the State and County Conventions; also, delegates to the Assistant Aldermanic Convention. Polls open from 7½ to 9 o'clock.
WM. ATKINSON, President.
G. JOSEPH RUCH,
JAS. H. LITTLE, } Secretaries.

SEVENTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT UNION REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION will meet in the Wigwam, 49th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 20, to elect delegates to the State, County and District Conventions, in accordance with the call of the General Committee. Polls open from 7½ to 9 P. M.
GEO. P. BRADFORD, President.
D. B. MELLISH, Secretary.

TWENTIETH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT UNION REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—In pursuance of call of the General Committee, an election for delegates to the several nomination Conventions will be held on WEDNESDAY EVENING, 20th inst., at No. 1,000 3d-av. Polls open from 7½ until 9 P. M. JAMES JACKSON, President.
WEEKS W. CULVER,
ALBERT BOGART, } Secretaries.

TWENTY-FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT UNION REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—In pursuance of the call of the General Committee, a special meeting will be held at Harmony Hall, corner 3d-av. and 119th-st., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 20, to elect delegates to the State and other Nominating Conventions. Polls open from 7½ to 9 P. M. W. H. DE CAMP, President.
JOHN NORTON,
JAMES MCKENNA, } Secretaries.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

At the Exchange Sales-rooms yesterday, the week opened with more seeming activity, the bidding was more brisk and all the property offered was disposed of—some of it at fair prices. Messrs. MULLER, WILKINS & Co. sold the following: A first-class four-story English-basement Caen-stone front house, in Ninth-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, brought $24,900. A three-story high-stoop brick house, No. 249 West Thirteenth-street, near Greenwich-avenue, was sold for $14,900, and two lots in West One Hundred and Twenty-third-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, with a two-story frame house upon each, brought $4,250 and $4,000 respectively. The following Brooklyn property was also disposed of by the same firm: A two-story house and lot corner of Van Cott-avenue and Newel-street, Brooklyn, E. D., brought $1,300. Two adjoining lots on Van Cott-avenue $500 each, and a fourth adjoining lot on the avenue $400. Fourteen lots on Newel street, in the rear of the avenue lots above mentioned, sold—two of them for $400, six for $375, and six for $325.

JAMES M. MILLER disposed of a three-story high-stoop marble-front house and lot, No. 145 Thirty-eighth street, between Third and Lexington avenues, for $14,900, and a lot in One Hundred and Fifteenth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, for $1,700.

WILLIAM H. RAYNOR has sold one lot south side Fifty-ninth-street, 25 feet west of Sixth-avenue, for $23,000; two lots on Fifty-ninth-street, adjoining, for $22,500 each; one lot north-west corner of Sixth-avenue and Fifty-eighth-street, for $22,000; two lots on the avenue adjoining, for $18,000 each; one lot adjoining on the avenue, $20,000. All of these lots being full in size, amounting in all to $146,000. These lots were sold to Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, upon which, together with two lots he had formerly purchased on Fifty-eighth and Fifty-ninth streets, adjoining the above-named lots, he will shortly erect his French Institute for Boys.

Auction Sales Yesterday.

NEW-YORK.

By Muller, Wilkins & Co.

4-story English-basement house and lot, No. 23, n. s. 9th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; house 16.8x69; lot 16.8x92.3	$24,900
3-story house and lot, No. 249, n. s. West 13th-st., near Greenwich-av.; house 20.10x45; lot 20.10x75	14,900
2-story house and lot, n. s. 123d-st., 150 ft. w. of 7th-av., lot 25x100.11	4,250
2-story house and lot, n. s. 123d-st., 125 ft. w. of 7th-av., lot 25x100.11	4,000

By James M. Miller.

3-story house and lot, No. 145, n. s. 38th-st., 186 ft. w. of 3d-av., lot 16x94	$14,900
1 lot, n. s. 115th-st., 125 ft. w. of 9th-av., 25x100	1,700

BROOKLYN, E. D.

By Muller, Wilkins & Co.

Two-story house and lot, corner Van Cott-av. Newel-st.	$1,300
2 adjoining lots, Van Cott-av., $500 each	1,000
1 lot adjoining Van Cott-av.	400
2 lots, Newel st., 91.4¾ ft. w. of Van Cott-av., $400 each	800
6 lots, Newel-st., 141.4¾ ft. w. of Van Cott-av., $325 each	1,950
6 lots, Newel-st., 291.4¾ ft. w. of Van Cott-av., $375 each	2,250

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK.

Amos-st., No. 139, 20x58x22.2x55, h. and l.	$6,500
Essex-st., w. s., 75 ft. n. of Hester-st., 25x44, h. and l.	8,500
Forsyth-st., No. 48, 25x100, h. and l.	2,300
3d-st., s. s., 386.2 ft. w. of Avenue D, 22.9x105.9	27,000
8th-st., n. s., 188 ft. w. of Avenue A, 25x94	26,850
9th-st., s. s., 355.9 ft. w. of 5th-av., 25x93.11	20,000
17th-st., s. s., 144.6 ft. w. of 1st-av., 33.1x92	17,500
19th-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of Irving-place, 25x92	nom.
35th-st., s. s., 112.6 ft. w. of 8th-av., 12.6x98.9	12,000
44th-st., s. s., 34.8 ft. e. of Lexington-av., 16.4x83	nom.
47th-st., n. s., 300 ft. e. of 2d-av., 50x100.5, h. and l.	33,000
47th-st., n. s., 468.9 ft. n. of 10th-av., 18.9x100.5	17,750
54th-st., s. s., 205 ft. w. of 2d-av., 43x100.5, h. and l.	20,000
60th-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of 11th-av., 25x102.2	3,000
117th-st., s. s., 47.6 ft. e. of 4th-av., 15.10x64.11	8,500
2d-av., e. s., 25 ft. n. of 33d-st., 147.6x80x25x26.3x98.9x1.3x98.9x20x25x80	75,000
3d-av., e. s., 48.5 ft. n. of 112th-st., 26x100	25,500
5th-av., e. s., 49.5 ft. s. of 33d-st., 24.8x100, h. and l.	56,000

Leases Recorded.

Nassau-st., between Ann and Fulton sts., 75x117.9, 21 years, per year	$15,000
East 31st-st., No. 136, 3 years, per year	1,300
Landman's Park, 2d and 3d avs., 66th-st to 69th-st., 2 years, per year, $3,000, and 1 year	4,000

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.

Butler-st., n. s., 215 ft. w. of Classon-av., 20x131	$2,500
Bainbridge-st., n. s., 370 ft. w. of Lewis-av. 40x100	4,700
Cumberland-st., w. s., 337.3 ft. s. of Park-av., 25x100	5,500
Concord-st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of Jay-st., 25x75	4,500
Devoe-st., n. s., 97.6 ft. w. of Lorimer-st., 17.6x75	3,550
Devoe-st., s. s., 175 ft. e. of Catharine-st. 25x129	400
Harrison-st. No. 108, c.	5,000
Hall-st., e. s., 320 ft. s. of Greene-av., 20x100	11,500
Java-st., n. s., 530 ft. e. of Franklin-st., 25x100	5,000
Jefferson-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of Ralph-av., 254.3x169.3x13x31x9x250x200	9,000
Jackson-st., n. s., 75 ft. e. of Graham-av., 25x82	2,600
Livingston-st., n. s., 60 ft. e. of Hanover-place, 20x75	9,000
Laurence-st., w. s., 70 ft. s. of Willoughby.st., 20x57.6	
Madison-st., n. s., 180 ft. e. of Nostrand-av., 20x100	833
McDougal-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of Saratoga-av., 50x100	810
North 2d-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of Smith-st., 25x100	1,250
Ryerson-st., e. s., 255 ft. s. of De Kalb-av., 20x100	12,500
Sackett-st., s. s., 145 ft. w. of Smith-st., 20x100	5,500
Schermerhorn-st., s. s., 143.7 ft. w. of Nevins-st., 20x100	7,300
Schenck-st., e. s., 225 ft. w. of Myrtle-av., 25x21.5x25x26	350
Scholes-st., s. s., 150 ft. e. of Smith-st., 25x100	350
Hackett-st., s. s., 296 ft. w. of Hoyt-st., 21x90	13,500
Union-st., n. s. 224 ft. e. of Smith-st., 22x90	14,000
Van Buren-st., n. s., 325 ft e. of Grand-st., 50x100	4,000
Walton-st., n. w. s., 183 ft. n. e. of Harrison-av., 22x—	1,000
12th-st., n. s., 75 ft. e. of 3d-av., 17.6x80	3,000
12th-st., n. s., 127.6 ft. e. of 3d-av., 17.6x80	3,000
28th-st., n. e. s., 300 ft. e. of 3d-av., 25x100	500
44th-st., n. s., 400 ft. e. of 3d-av., 260x100.2	12,000
Atlantic-av. and Suydam-place, n. e. corner, 25x88.10	1,000
Flatbush-av., n. s., 120.7 ft. e. of Carleton-av., 65x84.9	15,000
Gates and Lewis avs., n. w. corner, 43x125	1,800
Greene-av., n. s., 100 ft. e. of Hall-st., 20x100	12,000
Grand-av., w. s., 308 ft. n. of Gates-av., 13x100	6,300
Hamilton-av., n. e. s., 37.8 ft. n. of Nelson-st. 20x88	4,300
Liberty-av., n. s., 150 ft. w. of Cypress-av., 50x100	650
Shepard-av., w. s., 100 ft. w. of Broadway, 100x100	2,400
Shepard-av., e. s., 100 ft. e. of Broadway, 100x100	
Schenck-av., w. s., 200 ft. n. of Baltic-av., 25x100	1,150

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Cortlandt.

Centre-st., n. s., adjoining James Brown's, 42x109	—

Greenburg.

Mechanic's-av., e. s., 182 ft. s. of Wilder-st., 50x100	$2,800
Sprain road, w. s., adjoining W. H. Wright's, 3 acres	1,600

Yonkers.

Locust Hill-av., w. s., 75 ft. s. of H. F. De Voe's, 75x205	$20,000
Ludlow-st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of Broadway, 79x160	2,250
Valley-av., e. s. 150 ft. s. of Park-av., 50x164	1,000

Bedford.

Bedford Station to S. R. Haines' road, n. s., 80x180	$1,325
New-Castle to Mt. Kisco, e. s., 100x232	845
Road past Court-house, n. s., adjoining C. C. Saunders', 3¼ acres	800
New-York and Harlem Railroad, e. s., adjoining E. Knowlton's property	310

East Chester.

8th-av., e. s., part lot No. 666, Mt. Vernon, 50x105	$5,000

Morrisania.

5th-st. and Fordham-av., s. e. corner, 64x45	$30,000
134th-st. and Alexander-av., n. e. corner, 131x200	11,000

North Salem.

Purdy's Station to Ridgefield road, s. s., 2 acres	$3,000
Purdy's Station to Ridgefield road, n. s., 1¼ acres	21,800
Newman Briggs' property, adjoining Reach Pond, 5 acres	768

Rye.

Oak-st., e. s., adjoining Mary McDermott's, 50x100	$400
Pixby-place, n. s., adjoining P. McGill's, 50x100	2,500

Yorktown.

Jacob Weiser's property, 112 acres	$20,000
Phoebe Jane Tillotsen's farm, 16 acres	600

Poundridge.

Owin Arey's property, 18 acres	$250

Somers.

Harrison Wright's property, 1 acre	$3,000

QUEENS COUNTY.

Woodhaven.

Lots Nos. 8, 10, 12, 14, block H, Surgeon's map	$600

Long Island City.

East 4th-st. and East-av., n. e. corner, 25x100 and building	$8,000
East 5th-st. and East-av., s. e. corner, 90x100	4,000
East-av., e. s., 100 ft. n. of East 4th-st., 17.6x100	4,000

Oyster Bay.

Road to Glenwood, s. s., 14 acres	$2,908
Pearsall's land, Main-st., s. s., adjoining Geaff's, 108x150	3,000

NEW-JERSEY.

Newark.

West side Columbia-st., 30 ft. n. from Elm-st., 22.4x73	$11,000
South side Lombardy-st., 168 ft. e. from Broad-st., 25x108	4,000
East side Broad-st., 82 ft. s. from Lombardy-st., 27x178	9,500
North-west corner Fair and Mulberry sts., 28.18x26x55.6	5,800
East side 6th-st., 650 ft. n. from Sussex-av., 22x100	1,000

Milburn.

W. Smith to W. Leusen, 3¼ acres	$1,050

Belleville.

South side of John-st., lots Nos. 38 and 39, 82x183	$750

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE FOLLOWING eligible dwellings, with modern improvements: No. 76 7th-st., near 2d-av., No. 235 West 41st-st., near 7th-av., No. 355 West 31st-st., between 8th and 9th avs. Apply to J. B. NONES, No. 262 Broadway.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW FIRST-CLASS brown-stone-front houses, Nos. 32 and 34 West 51st-st., 21x56.] Inquire on premises or of JAMES BLACKHURST, No. 25 West 46th-st.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

VAN RENSSELAER & CRUGER,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
NO. 162 GRAND-ST.
Special attention given to the care and management of estates. Houses, stores and offices rented.

FOR SALE—NEAR THE 5TH-AV., THE four-story brown-stone high-stoop house (25 by 55, with bay windows) No. 9 West 52d-st.; this house is one of the best built and best located in the City. Inquire of I. P. HAYS, No. 72 Beekman-st.

FOR SALE AT AUCTION, APRIL 27—Four-story brown-stone house and lot, 25x60x120, with all modern improvements, No. 214 West 14th-st. ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

LOT FOR SALE—FOR SALE A SITE ON 5th-av., near 50th-st.; about 28x131 feet; ground rent, $650 per annum; will be sold at a reasonable price if applied for soon. For particulars, inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE, OR TO RENT—NO. 107 EAST 28th-st. Apply to G. W. DUER, National Bank of the State of New-York, No. 33 William-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

THE CHEAPEST RENT

ANYWHERE TO BE FOUND,

AND THE RENT MONEY SAVED!

You can have a most complete House, with all the modern improvements, and a multitude of labor-saving contrivances—a house built thoroughly by days' work, by skilful, expert builders, and with the best materials purchased at Gold rates. Location high, and very healthful, and very conveniently accessible to the city in **50** minutes, *nineteen times a day* (from 5½ A. M., up to midnight, so that lectures, places of amusement, and all other City advantages, can be enjoyed equally well with those residing in any part of Manhattan Island.

The purchase money can be mostly paid in what would be otherwise *lost in Rent*. After a small payment to secure good care of the house, the balance can be paid in quarterly instalments, about equal to what would be paid for the rent of such a House, which will meet the interest and continually reduce the debt. This is a chance seldom offered, and is worth looking into......For particulars, send or call for a descriptive sheet, at the office of the *American Agriculturist*, No. **245** Broadway. New-York. (One House for **$9,885**, and one for **$17,500**, may yet be secured by desirable families, on almost their own terms of payment.

RUTHERFURD PARK,

N. J. The most beautiful, healthy and accessible suburb of New-York.

SUPERIOR BUILDING SITES
and four handsome cottages, ready May 1,
For Sale on Rutherfurd Heights,
100 feet above tide water, overlooking the Passaic River and valley, and equidistant from the Delaware and Lackawanna and Erie Railroads. Luxurious accommodations at all hours in 40 minutes.

AT LESS THAN OMNIBUS FARE.
H. A. BAKER, Civil Engineer at Rutherfurd Park, or GEO. E. WOODWARD, 191 Broadway, New-York.

CHARMING VIEWS,
DELIGHTFUL RIDES,
PLEASANT HOMES,
MAY BE HAD AT RIDGEWOOD, N. J.,
21 miles (1 hour and 10 minutes) on the Erie Railroad. Most of its building sites have southern and eastern exposures.
The air is dry, roads are good, and the views beautiful and extensive.
Churches, schools, stores and markets conveniently located.
ANNUAL COMMUTATION, $71.
Trains at 8¼ and 10 A. M.; 3¼, 5, 6, 8 and 11 P. M.
Visitors will be met at all trains. Excursion tickets, 95 cents. For particulars, application may be made to WM. BOCKEE, No. 137 Broadway, New-York, or, H. WESTBROOK, Ridgewood, N. J.

J. L. DUMONT,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT,
LAKE-AV.,
DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

FOR SALE AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—The country-seat of the late E. Boonen Graves, consisting of about fifty acres, about 1¼ miles from the depot. There are on the premises a very large and costly mansion, containing more than twenty rooms, with all modern improvements; farm-house and two small tenements, barns, hot and cold grapery, greenhouse, filled with plants; stone ice-house, filled; all necessary out-buildings. Buildings and grounds in good order; location high, with fine water and inland views. In addition to former approach to the premises, a road passing under a railroad bridge has been made during the past year, thereby avoiding the necessity of crossing the railroad track.
For further particulars apply to R. S. EMMET, No. 54 William-st., or J. W. HARTLEY, No. 112 Wall-st., in the City of New-York.

FOR SALE AT GENEVA, ON SENECA LAKE—An elegant brick house, designed by one of the best architects, and built in the most substantial and thorough manner. The interior wood work is of native woods, finished in oil. The house is supplied with water and gas, and warmed by steam, and furnished with all modern improvements, to an extent seldom found away from our larger cities. With the house are twenty acres of land, well planted with fruit and ornamental trees, and tastefully laid out. The views from the place of the lake and surrounding country are very beautiful. For further particulars inquire of E. H. HURD, Esq., Geneva, or of the PRESIDENT OF THE MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK, New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—PARTIALLY furnished or unfurnished, at Metuchen, N. J., a delightful country house, consisting of dwelling-house of eleven rooms, barn, carriage-house and other outbuildings, with five or more acres of land in fine working order; situation on a gentle elevation, overlooking the village; ten minutes' walk from depot; fine southern exposure; easy access to churches, school and stores; fine lawn and garden; choice variety of ornamental shrubbery, evergreen and deciduous hedges; fruit of all kinds in abundance. Apply to owner, Metuchen Depot, or at 8 and 10 Water-st., New-York.

ELEGANT COUNTRY-SEAT FOR SALE.—A rare opportunity for a gentleman of taste and means to secure one of the most desirable places on the Hudson, at Fishkill, is now presented, and is offered below its value, in consequence of ill-health of the owner; it is complete in all its appointments; nine acres, well fruited; house, 40x65, commodious out-buildings, with glass grapery; scenery and neighborhood unsurpassed. For particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., or EDMUND COFFIN, No. 77 Cedar-st.

NORWOOD, ON THE PASSAIC, N. J.—FOR SALE—A comfortable house, with the modern improvements; barn and outbuildings; fruits of the choicest varieties in abundance, and a vineyard on the celebrated Thomery French plan—produces from $500 to $600 of grapes per annum; about two acres of ground, well laid out; 300 feet of front on the Passaic; elevated about 80 feet above the river, and commanding splendid views; will be sold at a real bargain. Full particulars from HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

PLAINFIELD.—A VERY DESIRABLE residence for sale, situated on the slope of the mountain, in a most picturesque neighborhood, and commanding extensive views of the town and valley. The dwelling contains twenty-two rooms, is in perfect order, and contains all the modern improvements; grounds comprise seven acres, with fine shade lawn, will be sold less than value, $15,000.
A. D. MELLICK & BRO., No. 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—NEAR CORNWALL LANDING, a fine residence of 3½ acres of improved land, situated ten minutes' walk from Vail's Gate Station and Post-office, and 1¼ hours from New-York. The house has 18 rooms, and the grounds have every advantage of fine scenery, choice fruit and ornamental trees, with an abundant supply of water. If not sold by the 20th of May, will be rented with the privilege of buying. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A FINE handsomely-finished first-class country-seat at Catskill, on the Hudson; barn and out-buildings; grounds well stocked with fruit; splendid running spring; superb river and mountain view; price $14,500; terms easy. Inquire of R. H. KING, Catskill, N. Y.

A COUNTRY-SEAT IN THE VILLAGE of Jamaica, L. I., house 40 feet square and buildings 70 feet square, with long grape-arbor and all kinds of fruit and shade trees, known as the Forest Home, with twelve acres, will be sold very low for cash. Apply to JOHN FETTRETCH, No. 454 3d-av.

FOR SALE—AT STOCKBRIDGE, MASS., A first-class dwelling on the main street, with one acre of land, well shaded and fruited; accessible to New-York twice a day; price, $6,000. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES and farms, a great variety, beautifully situated one hour from N. Y., for sale low. Also, country-seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, 243 Broadway, N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO RENT—ON ORANGE MOUNTAIN, A splendid country-seat, and seven acres; house contains twenty rooms, and has every known improvement; the grounds splendidly laid out; partially furnished. A. D. MELLICK, JR. & BRO., 6 Pine-st.

TO LET, FURNISHED—A THREE-story high-stoop house, well situated and thoroughly furnished; to a responsible party satisfactory terms will be made. Apply to Box No. 194 General Post-office, New-York.

TO RENT—FROM MAY 1, A THOROUGHLY-furnished cottage containing thirteen rooms, stable and ice-house attached, at Lenox, Mass. Applications, with name and reference, to be made at No. 17 West 38th-st.

$44.—A FLOOR OF EIGHT ROOMS in a new stone-front house; gas, bath, &c.; the furniture will be sold cheap if wanted; a very desirable place, good locality, XVIth Ward. Apply to W. HOBSON, *Daily News* Office.

TO LET—FURNISHED, IN EXCELLENT order, No. 19 West 35th-st., by 5th-av.; brown-stone high-stoop; rent satisfactory to a responsible tenant. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—ENGLISH-BASEMENT BROWN-stone five-story house, on 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; rent, $2,500. Apply to owner, from 2 to 4 P. M., at No. 71 West 23d-st.

TO RENT—IN EAST 51ST-ST., NEAR LEXington-av., four-story brick house, in good order. Apply to J. ROMAINE BROWN, No. 1,279 Broadway.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO LET OR LEASE—FURNISHED, AN exceedingly comfortable, thoroughly furnished house, 13 rooms, furnace, water introduced, about 14 acres of land, fruit, &c., 45 minutes from the City Hall, high ground, healthy, palisades in view, convenient to churches, excellent schools and stores; rent very low, $1,500 a year, or would be rented for the Summer. Apply at No. 4 Hanover-st., to E. P. BOSTWICK or F. B. ELLIOTT.

TO LET—FOR THE SUMMER SEASON, OR year, several fine houses, furnished or unfurnished; two especially adapted for select boarding-houses. Apply for terms to JOHNSON & MILLER, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York, W. G. CAMPBELL, Circular-st., Saratoga Springs, or H. T. WALBRIDGE, real estate office, No. 179 Broadway, Saratoga Springs.

COUNTRY PLACE TO RENT—FURNished or unfurnished, for Summer, one or two years; beautiful place, ten acres; new house, ten rooms; barn, &c.; splendid beach on Raritan Bay, N. J., near Shrewsbury River and the ocean; 1¼ hours from New-York; rent $650. Apply to H. L. ROGERS, No. 39 Exchange-place, New-York.

TO LET AT RYE—ON MILTON ROAD, A large and comfortable dwelling-house containing thirteen rooms; ground high and healthy location, excellent garden, pasture for cow, &c.; rent $800 per annum. Inquire of Mr. FIELD, Ticket Agent, Rye, or at WM. MATHEWS, No. 54 Catherine-st., office second floor.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE THREE-story high-stoop vestibule-door and verandah house, No. 254 Carlton-av.; decorated and in good order for a private family; rent, $1,100; can be seen from 12 M. to 5 P. M. Apply to owner at No. 325 East 17th-st., New-York.

LENOX, BERKSHIRE COUNTY, MASS.—An elegant mansion completely furnished; grounds and outbuildings to rent to a private family; route by the Housatonic Railroad, via Bridgeport: rent $2,000 per annum. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

BROOKLYN.—TO LET, RENT CHEAP, OR will sell on easy terms, on De Kalb-av., near Nostrand, two-story brick house; high basement and subcellar; 9 rooms; has range, water and gas all in good order. Inquire of Dr. RIGGS, Truss Office, No. 2 Barclay-st.

THE UPPER PART OF SECOND and third stories, brick, good neighborhood; owner (American) occupies the remainder; all improvements. Call at No. 362 West 19th-st.

A THREE-STORY HOUSE TO LET—No. 319 East 41st-st.; all improvements; stone front; possession. Apply on premises from 12 to 2 o'clock.

TO RENT—THE UPPER PART OF A three-story house on 41st-st., between Madison and Park avs. Apply to LEVI COOK, No. 50 Wall-st.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET,

IN

TIMES BUILDING.

Fine, handsome offices on second and third floors. Inquire of GEORGE JONES. *Times* Office.

TO LET—NO. 45 BEEKMAN-ST., STORE, basement and sub-cellar, 25x100, in fine marble building; also fixtures for sale, consisting of shelving, counters, desks, signs.

VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF 10 OR 20 YEARS.—A plot of ground on Washington-st., between Franklin and Harrison sts., 60x80 feet, with an L on Harrison-st., 21x75 feet. The Harrison-st. lot contains a three-story brick building.
A plot of ground on West and Washington sts., between Morton and Leroy sts., 75 feet on each street; depth of plot, 316 feet. Also, the bulkhead and water rights. For terms apply to FREDERICK CLARKSON, No. 54 Wall-st.

TO LET—FROM MAY 1, THE FINE STORE corner of Broadway and Broome-st., now occupied by E. V. Haughwout & Co., 63 feet front by 100 feet deep; five stories high, beside basement and sub-basement. Apply on the premises or to A. L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE NEW FIRST-CLASS IRON-front stores Nos. 142 and 144 Grand-st.; size, 50x120 feet; five stories, with spacious basements and vaults; completely lighted; eligibly situated for a large business; possession immediately. Apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

HALL TO RENT—CORNER 34TH-ST. AND Broadway, suitable for a church, Sunday-school, or similar purposes. Apply to J. ROMAINE BROWN, No. 1,279 Broadway.

STORE AND BASEMENT NO. 465 8TH-av., to rent; 22x90. Apply to J. ROMAINE BROWN, No. 1,279 Broadway.

LOFTS TO LET—SPLENDID ONES, WITH power, 25x85; windows on three sides. W. M. RAYMOND & CO., No. 348 Pearl-st., on Franklin-square.

A FINE STORE, WITH BASEMENT, to let; 25 by 75. Terms very low. No. 15 4th-av.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, a small second or third floor in a private house, on West side. Address M. B., Box No. 115 *Times* office.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HOUSE ON EAST 54TH-ST., AND LOTS ON WEST 148TH-ST., NEAR 7TH-AV. BOULEVARD.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 19, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:
EAST FIFTY-FOURTH-STREET—The very desirable four-story high-stoop brown-stone house and lot No. 117 East 54th-st., north side, just east of 4th-av.; house 16.10x52.2 feet, in perfect order, with all modern improvements; rented till Nov. 1, 1870, at $2,000; lot 16.10x100.5.
WEST ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-EIGHTH-STREET—Three lots, south side, 250 feet west of 7th-av. Boulevard; each lot 25x99.11.
Maps, &c., at No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF SOUTH-EAST corner 8th-av. and 41st st., Worth and Baxter sts.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 21, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York. Sale by order of John Hoey, Executor of John Roach.
EIGHTH-AVENUE, SOUTH-EAST CORNER OF FORTY-FIRST-STREET—Valuable lot, with four-story brick store and dwelling, 25x58.6 front. Also, on rear of lot, three-story brick buildings, 25x25 feet and 16.6x25 feet, covering entire lot. 25x100 feet.
WORTH AND BAXTER STREETS—Valuable lot, with three-story frame dwelling on Worth, running through to No. 23 Baxter-st., having a frontage of 40 feet on Worth-st., 23 feet on Baxter-st., by 35 feet in depth.
Maps, &c., at No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF SOUTH-EAST corner 8th-av. and 41st-st., Worth and Baxter sts.
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EIGHTH-AVENUE, SOUTH-EAST CORNER OF FORTY-FIRST-STREET—Valuable lot, with four-story brick store and dwelling, 25x58.6 front. Also, on rear of lot, three-story brown-stone building, 25x25 feet, and three-story brick buildings, 16.6x25 feet, covering entire lot, 25x100 feet.
WORTH AND BAXTER STREETS—Valuable lot, with three-story frame dwelling on Worth, running through to No. 23 Baxter-st., having a frontage of 40 feet on Worth-st., 23 feet on Baxter-st., by 35 feet in depth.
Maps, &c., at No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

FIRST-CLASS HOUSE AND LOT, NO. 15 WEST 46TH-ST., AT AUCTION.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 21, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:
WEST FORTY-SIXTH-STREET—The first-class four-story and basement high-stoop brown-stone house and lot No. 15 West 46th-st., north side, 250 feet west of 5th-av.; house 12.6x65 feet, with party-walls; is in perfect order and contains every convenience; lot 12.6x100.5.
Maps, &c., at the auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT NO. 261 WEST 52D-ST., BETWEEN BROADWAY AND 8TH-AV.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 21, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:
WEST FIFTY-SECOND-STREET—The desirable three-story and basement brown-stone, English-basement house and lot No. 261 West 52d-st., north side, between Broadway and 8th-av.; house 14x45 feet, party-walls; in fine order and contains hot and cold water throughout, and other conveniences; lot 14x100.5. Gas-fixtures, carpets and pier-glasses will be sold with the house.
Maps, &c., at the auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOTS ON 4TH-AV., 127TH AND 128TH STS.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 21, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York, sale by order of St. Andrew's Protestant Episcopal Church:
FOURTH-AVENUE—8 lots, comprising the entire front between 127th and 128th sts., with two-story and attic cottage (formerly the Rectory.) Lots each 25x70 feet. Terms at sale.
Maps at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF NEW-YORK, YORKVILLE AND HARLEM LOTS AND GORES, COMPRISING A VALUABLE EAST RIVER WATER FRONT, STREET, AVENUE AND CORNER LOTS, DESIRABLE FOR DWELLING, COMMERCIAL AND MANUFACTURING PURPOSES.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 26, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, in single lots and plots:
Two lots, south side 98th-st., 125 feet east of 9th-av.
About fifty lots, with dwelling and water front, at 75th and 76th sts., Avenue A and East River.
One lot, east side of 2d-av., 25 feet north of 78th-st.
Four full lots, north side 92d-st., 200 feet east of 3d-av.
Twelve full lots on 105th and 106th sts., 100 feet east of 4th-av.
Eight lots, west side of 4th-av. at 133d-st., and four in the rear adjoining.
Terms easy; maps at the auctioneers' office, No. 7 Pine-st.

BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, AT 12 M., AT Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway.
WALWORTH-STREET, BROOKLYN—Two-story and basement frame house and lot, No. 16 Walworth-st., between Willoughby and De Kalb avs.; in good order; contains gas and water.

W. H. VAN WYCK, Auctioneer.

OYSTER BAY COUNTRY-SEAT AT AUCTION.—A moresque cottage with 3½ acres of land, adjoining country seat of Richard Irvin, Esq., will be sold THURSDAY, April 21, at 1 o'clock P. M., on the premises; all modern improvements. Particulars with auctioneer, No. 229 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY RECEIVER'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE,
EMBRACING EXTENSIVE MANUFACTURING BUILDINGS, INCLUDING A SPLENDID STEAM-ENGINE, 100 HORSE-POWER, ALL BELONGING TO THE CONVEX WEAVING COMPANY OF NEW-YORK.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY
Will sell at public auction,
On TUESDAY, APRIL 19,
at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, without reserve, to the highest bidder, under the direction of Otto Heinze, Esq., Receiver of the Convex Weaving Company, and by order of the Supreme Court, 21 lots of ground, each 25x100 feet, situated on the north side of 149th-st., North New-York, embracing the entire block between Clifton and St. Ann avs., with the following buildings thereon:
One three-story and basement brick building, 187 feet front by 40 feet deep, substantially built, with high ceilings and windows, iron stairs, steam hoistway and a large water-tank, and also with one of the finest steam-engines of 100 horse-power in the country.
One one-story brick workshop in the rear of the main building, 70x30 feet.
One brick boiler-house, 65x25 feet, with three large boilers, almost new, with a drying-room above, and a fine smoke-stack, 98 feet high.
All the buildings have gravel roofs, and are furnished with lightning-rods, and were constructed regardless of cost (including the splendid engine) at an expenditure exceeding $110,000; new four years ago, and in perfect order. Is easy of access by the 3d-av. and old Boston turnpike. Horse-cars running constantly to within 200 yards of the property.
TERMS OF SALE—The twenty-one lots and all the buildings will be put up and sold in one parcel without reserve to the highest bidder. Ten per cent. of the purchase money and the auctioneer's fees, as customary, to be paid by the purchaser to the auctioneer immediately after the sale, at his office, No. 43 Pine-st., and sign a memorandum of sale; the balance to be paid in thirty days thereafter, when the deed will be delivered; $50,000 can remain on bond and mortgage at seven per cent. interest if desired.
TITLE INDISPUTABLE.
Maps and descriptive list, giving full particulars, can be obtained at the auctioneer's office, 43 Pine-st.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
NINTH DISTRICT, NEW-YORK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, IN pursuance of law, that I will offer for sale at 106th-st., near the Harlem River, in the City of New-York, on THURSDAY, 10th day of March, 1870, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, the following-described lots of land and premises:

All those four certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, situated, lying and being in the XIIth Ward of the City of New-York, and which, taken together, are bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the southerly side of 106th-st., distant one hundred and fifty feet westerly from the south-westerly corner of 106th-st. and Avenue A, and running thence westerly along the southerly side of 106th-st. one hundred feet; thence southerly, parallel with Avenue A, one hundred feet nine inches to center line of the block between 105th and 106th sts.; thence easterly, along said center line, one hundred feet, and thence northerly one hundred feet nine inches to the point or place of beginning, and premises thereon, with all of the old building materials thereon, such as bricks in and around the old distillery, old lumber, old iron and three large water-tanks, distrained for taxes due the United States by Joseph Sickles, unless said taxes and expenses are before then paid.
BENJAMIN JONES,
Deputy Collector.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 17, 1870.
The above-described sale is postponed to take place on WEDNESDAY, March 3, 1870, at 12 o'clock noon of that day.
WM. A. DARLING,
Collector Ninth District, New-York.

NEW-YORK, March 10, 1870.
The above-described sale is further postponed to SATURDAY, April 9, 1870, at 12 o'clock noon of that day.
WM. A. DARLING,
Collector Ninth District, New-York.

NEW-YORK, March 30, 1870.
The above described sale will take place on TUESDAY, April 19, 1870, at 12 o'clock noon.
WM. A. DARLING, Collector.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

TUESDAY, APRIL 19, AT 12 M., ON THE PREMISES.—Executor's sale of mansion and 600 lots of ground at Throg's Neck, by order of George Barker, executor of Ralph Barker, deceased.
The mansion and fifty acres of land, mapped into lots, including the several cottages and buildings thereon, situated at Throg's Neck, Westchester County, on the Sound.
Maps and particulars at No. 77 Cedar-st.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BENJAMIN LODER, bankrupt.—Assignee's sale.
Notice is hereby given that the subscriber, assignee of the above-named bankrupt, will sell at public auction on the 29th day of April, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Commercial Exchange, No. 369 Fulton-street, opposite the City Hall, in the City of Brooklyn, Kings County, the following property, viz.: First—All that certain lot of land with the dwelling-house thereon, situate on the southerly side of Partition-street, in the Twelfth Ward of the City of Brooklyn, in the County of Kings and State of New-York, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Commencing at a point on the southerly side of said Partition-street and distant one hundred and thirty-three feet and nine inches westerly from the intersection of the southerly side or line of Partition-street with the westerly side or line of Conover-street; thence north-westerly along the said southerly side of Partition-street sixteen feet and eight inches; thence south-westerly on a straight line and parallel with Conover-street and partly through the center of a party wall one hundred feet; thence south-easterly and parallel with Partition-street sixteen feet and eight inches; thence north-easterly and parallel with Conover-street and partly through the center of a party wall one hundred feet to Partition-street, the point or place of beginning.
Also, all those twelve certain lots of land situate in the Twelfth Ward of the City of Brooklyn aforesaid, taken together are bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the north-westerly corner of Dwight and Walcott streets, from thence running northerly along the westerly side of Dwight-street two hundred feet to Sullivan-street, thence westerly along the southerly side of Sullivan-street one hundred feet, thence southerly and parallel with Dwight-street two hundred feet to Walcott-street, and thence easterly along the northerly side of Walcott-street two hundred feet to the point or place of beginning.
Also, all those ten certain lots of land situate in the Twelfth Ward of the City of Brooklyn aforesaid, taken together are bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the north-westerly corner of Dwight and Dikeman streets, from thence running northerly along the westerly side of Dwight-street two hundred feet to Walcott-street, thence westerly along the southerly side of Walcott-street ninety feet, thence southerly and parallel with Dwight-street two hundred feet to Dikeman-street, and thence easterly along the northerly side of Dikeman-street ninety feet to the point or place of beginning.
Also, all that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Eighteenth Ward, of the City of Brooklyn, aforesaid, bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at the intersection of the middle lines of Maspeth and Varick avenues, as laid down on a map filed in the office of the Clerk of Kings County, by the Commissioners appointed for that purpose, under an act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed April 14, 1852, entitled "An act authorizing a permanent plan to be made for the location of streets, roads, and avenues in the Town of Bushwick, in the County of Kings;" running thence easterly along the middle line of Maspeth-avenue to the middle line of Stewart-avenue, as laid down on said map; thence northerly along said middle line of Stewart-avenue to the middle line of Bullion-street, thence easterly along said middle line of Bullion-street to land of William Cooper, thence southerly along said last-mentioned land to the southerly side thereof, at or about the middle line of Maspeth-avenue, being the land used as a road by the Maspeth and Williamsburg Plank-road Company, thence easterly along said last-mentioned land to a point distant one hundred feet westerly from the westerly side of Gardiner-avenue, as laid down on said map; thence southerly parallel with said Gardiner-avenue, two hundred and sixty feet more or less, to the middle line of Orient-avenue, thence easterly along the middle line of Orient-avenue one hundred and thirty feet, more or less, to the middle line of Gardiner-avenue, thence southerly along said middle line of Gardiner-avenue to a point where the southerly line of Orient-avenue would intersect the same, thence again southerly and still along the central line of Gardiner-avenue seventy-five feet, thence westerly parallel with Orient-avenue to land of Stephen B. Masters, thence northerly along the line of last-mentioned land to the land of Charles de Bevoise, thence north-westerly along the last-mentioned land to land conveyed to John Jacob de Bevoise and others by deed dated May 1, 1855, and thence easterly along said last-mentioned land to the place of beginning.
And also all that certain other piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the ward and city aforesaid, bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at the intersection of the middle line of Vandervoort-avenue and Amos-street, as laid down on said map running thence southerly along said middle line of Vandervoort-avenue to the middle line of Bullion-street, as laid down on said map, thence easterly along said middle line of Bullion-street to land of Anthony Betts, thence along said last-mentioned land to the land of Boerum or Crawford and others, thence northerly along the line of last-mentioned land to the middle line of Parker-street, and thence easterly along said last mentioned land to the middle line of Porter-avenue, thence northerly along the middle line of Porter-avenue to the middle line of Amos-street, and thence westerly along the middle line of Amos-street to the middle line of Vandervoort-avenue, the point of beginning.
Also, a bond secured by a mortgage on real estate in said City of Brooklyn, to secure the payment of the sum of $1,150; also, three do. do. of $400 each; also, one do. do. of $375; also, two do. do. of $350 each; also, four do. do. of $300 each; also, one do. do. of $250; also, two do. do. of $200 each; and also, one do. do. of $175.—Dated New-York, April 6, 1870.
RICHARD WARREN,
Assignee in Bankruptcy,
No. 315 Broadway.
THORNDIKE SAUNDERS, Esq., Attorney.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF DRY DOCK, EAST BROADWAY AND BATTERY RAILROAD COMPANY, EAST 14TH-ST. AND AVENUE B, NEW-YORK, April 18, 1870.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have declared their usual quarterly dividend, free of Government tax, payable on and after 2d May next at the office of the Company. Transfer books will close 20th inst. until 2d May.
WM. WHITE, President.

OFFICE OF THE GARDNER MANUFACTURING CO., NO. 110 BOWERY, NEW-YORK, April 11, 1870.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD of Trustees of this Company, held at the office this day, the usual quarterly Dividend of two (2) dollars per share was declared, payable to the stockholders on and after 21st inst.
JOHN BOWMAN, Sec'y.

A SEVENTH AND FINAL DIVIDEND of the estate and effects of the late American Insurance Company of New-York has this day been declared by the receivers thereof, of ten cents per share of the capital stock, to be paid at the office of J. & S. Ferguson, No. 35 Pine-st., on and after the 20th inst. Stockholders are reminded that some of the fourth, fifth and sixth dividends remain unpaid.
ALBERT SMITH,
JOHN FERGUSON,
Receivers of the American Insurance Co. of New-York.
NEW-YORK, April 14, 1870.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY, NO. 71 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 4, 1870.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF TEN per Cent., free of Government tax, has this day been declared, payable on demand.
A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY.
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
NO. 336 BROADWAY.
CAPITAL - $1,000,000
PAYS 4 PER CENT. INTEREST ON DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.
PAYS 5 PER CENT. INTEREST ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS FOR SIX MONTHS OR LONGER.
THE COMPANY IS A LEGAL DEPOSITORY FOR MONEYS PAID INTO COURT, AND RECEIVES MONEYS IN TRUST.
DARIUS R. MANGAM, President.
B. L. SOLOMON, First Vice-President.
BENJ. F. BANCROFT, Second Vice-President.
JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

A NEW-YORK STATE GOLD SECURITY.
FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS
FIRST MORTGAGE TWENTY-YEAR SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF THE
MONTICELLO AND PORT JERVIS RAILWAY COMPANY OF NEW-YORK.
FOR SALE AT 95 AND INTEREST.
Principal and interest payable at the counter of the Union Trust Company in the City of New-York.
COUPONS PAYABLE QUARTER-YEARLY,
Viz.: Jan. 1, April 1, July 1, Oct. 1.
QUARTER-YEARLY COUPONS ARE A NEW FEATURE,
and will prove a most convenient form of income.
JOHN B. MURRAY, 17 Nassau-st., New-York.

BANKING HOUSE
OF
Geo. Opdyke & Co.
25 NASSAU ST.
CORNER OF CEDAR ST.
FOUR PER CENT. interest allowed on current accounts, subject to check at sight.
PRIME INVESTMENTS for trust and other funds always on hand.
INVESTMENT ORDERS promptly executed for Governments, Gold, Bonds and other Securities.
COLLECTIONS WANTED ON CHICAGO, KEOKUK, DES MOINES, IOWA CITY, ST. JOSEPH, and other points in the Western States.

MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS.
JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
NO. 8 WALL-ST.,
New-York,
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers in all parts of Europe, &c. Exchange on Paris.

UNITED STATES TREASURY.
NEW-YORK, April 18, 1870.
I will, this week, receive at this office bids for gold and offers of bonds as follows: On WEDNESDAY, April 20, bids for one million dollars of gold: on THURSDAY, April 21, offers of one million dollars of bonds, in accordance with regulations heretofore observed.
A certified check for five per cent. of bid or offer must be deposited therewith.
Further particulars can be had at this office.
CHARLES J. FOLGER.
Assistant Treasurer United States.

OFFICE OF CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 52 Wall st., NEW-YORK, April 2, 1870.

PROPOSALS FOR BONDS.
WINONA AND ST. PETER RAILROAD COMPANY.
The Company offer for sale $650,000 of its First Mortgage and $614,000 of its Second Mortgage Seven Per Cent. Bonds, which are authorized and issued for the construction and extension of its line of road from Winona to St. Peter, about 140 miles, in the State of Minnesota; 118 miles of which are already in operation, completed and equipped.
This Company is wholly owned by and operated in the interest of the Chicago and North-western Railway Company, and these Bonds, besides being a special and ample mortgage security on the property, are guaranteed, principal and interest, by the Chicago and North-western Railway Company, by authority of the State of Wisconsin.
The Bonds are a part of an issue of $20,000 per mile of the first mortgage, and $12,000 per mile of the second mortgage, respectively bearing interest at seven per cent., coupons payable semi-annually in New-York,—the first mortgage interest on 1st of January and July, and the second mortgage on 1st of May and November.
Sealed proposals will be received until Monday, April 25, 1870, at 12 noon, by the Treasurer, A. L. Pritchard, to whom they should be addressed, at the office of the Chicago and North-western Railway Company, No. 52 Wall-st., New-York, where any further information will be given.
Bidders, in naming their rate, will please take notice that these bonds will be awarded FLAT, to wit:
The First Mortgage Bond will have the coupon on, which will mature July 1, 1870.
The Second Mortgage Bond will have the coupon on, which will mature May 1, 1870.
Successful bidders will be notified immediately, on or before April 26, and the bonds will be delivered, and payment required, at this office, on or before 2 P. M., Saturday, April 30, 1870.
The Company reserves the right to reject any bids not considered for its interest in offering this first-class security.
A. L. PRITCHARD,
Treasurer Winona and St. Peter Railroad Company.

INDIANA STATE STOCK.
Notice is hereby given to holders of Indiana five per cent. certificates of State stock that the State Debt Sinking Fund Commissioners will, on the 1st day of July next, redeem said certificates in full, in the order of their presentation, at the office of the Agent of State, No. 27 Pine-st., New-York City.
Holders of stock who desire to surrender certificates for payment are required to notify the Agent of State on or before the 20th of June next.
By order of the Board of State Debt Sinking Fund Commissioners.
J. C. BURNETT,
INDIANAPOLIS, April 8, 1870. Secretary.

AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO.,
BANKERS,
NO. 70 BROADWAY,
NO. 33 RUE DU DIX DECEMBRE, PARIS,
Issue letters of credit for travelers in Europe, draw bills of exchange on the City Bank of London and on Paris, and the principal cities of Germany and Italy.

LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER,
BANKERS,
NO. 10 WALL-ST.
Stocks, bonds, gold and Government securities bought and sold on commission.
W. B. LEONARD,
W. C. SHELDON,
W. H. FOSTER.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

BALLIN & SANDER,
BANKERS,
No. 24 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
Issue Circular Bills of Exchange and Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of Europe, &c.

UNION PACIFIC SECURITIES.
FIRST MORTGAGE, **6** Per Cent., Gold; LAND GRANTS, **7** Per Cent., Currency; INCOME BONDS, **10** Per Cent., Currency; and STOCK, bought and sold.
J. S. STANTON, No. **25** Broad-st.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES WAREHOUSE CO., No. 7 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, April 12, 1870.

AT AN ELECTION HELD THIS DAY the following gentlemen were elected Trustees of this Company for the ensuing year:
CHARLES D. MATHEWS,
ISAAC H. FROTHINGHAM,
ROBERT M. HENING,
GEORGE B. CARHART,
ROBERT H. LOWRY,
JOHN W. MOTT,
HENRY CROSSMAN,
EDWIN PARSONS,
RUFUS R. GRAVES.
And at a subsequent meeting of the Board, CHAS. D. MATHEWS was unanimously elected President, and ROBERT M. HENING, Vice-President.
IRA KETCHAM, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY, NEW-YORK, April 7, 1870.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, for the election of managers, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of New-York, on TUESDAY, May 10, 1870, at 12 o'clock M.
The polls will be open from 12 o'clock M. to 2 o'clock P. M.
The transfer books will be closed from the 1st to the 10th day of May inclusive.
By order of the Board of Managers.
CHARLES P. HARTT, Treasurer.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT a meeting of the stockholders of the American Heat and Light Company will be held at No. 421 Broome-st., in this City, on the 26th day of April instant, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M. of said day, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as shall come before the meeting. The transfer books will be closed on the 16th and re-opened on the 27th instant.
A. D. ELMER, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, April 14, 1870.

THE EVANSVILLE AND CRAWFORDSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.—Redemption of bonds by the sinking fund.—On the 1st day of May, at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 26 Exchange-place, New-York, nineteen bonds of the issue of April 1, 1854, presented by the lowest bidder by sealed proposals, indorsed "Bids for Sinking Fund," addressed to R. G. Ralston, President, will be redeemed for said Railroad Company.
(Signed,) R. G. RALSTON,
President Farmers' Loan and Trust Company.

CITY OF MOBILE 8 PER CENTS, INTEREST July and January at Merchants' Bank, New-York, issued for gold coin. For sale at 90 per cent.
GEO. K. SISTARE, No. 24 Nassau-st.

FINANCIAL.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
OF THE ISSUE OF
$1,500,000
BY THE
St. Joseph & Denver City Railroad Company,
BEARING EIGHT PER CENT. INTEREST IN GOLD,
FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX.

The St. Joseph and Denver City Railroad Company (Eastern Division) offer, through the undersigned, the remainder of their First Mortgage Bonds of the issue of
$1,500,000.
The Eastern Division of this road extends from St. Joseph, Mo., to Marysville, Kansas, a distance of 111 miles, of which 43 miles are now completed and in actual working order, and the remainder is being pushed forward with energy and dispatch.
Sufficient iron has been purchased to complete the road, a portion of which has arrived, and the remainder is en route.
These bonds are issued in denominations of $500 and $1,000, coupon or registered, interest payable 15th February and August, in New-York, London or Frankfort. The bonds have thirty years to run, principal being payable in New-York in **GOLD.** Trustee—Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, New-York.
The mortgage which secures these bonds is at the rate of $13,513 per mile, covers a completed road for every bond issued and is a first and **ONLY** mortgage.
This line, connecting St. Joseph and Fort Kearney, will make a short and through route to California, connecting at the latter point with the Union Pacific Railroad.

The Company have a capital stock of	$10,000,000
And a land grant from Congress of 1,400,000 acres, valued, at the lowest estimate, at	4,000,000
First Mortgage Bonds	1,500,000
Total	$15,500,000

Price of bonds **97 1-2** and accrued interest **IN CURRENCY.**
These bonds being so well secured and yielding a large income are desirable to parties seeking safe and lucrative investments.
Pamphlets, maps and information furnished on application to
WM. P. CONVERSE & CO.,
COMMERCIAL AGENTS,
No. 54 Pine-st., New-York.
TANNER & CO.,
FISCAL AGENTS,
No. 49 Wall-st., New-York.

VERMILYE & CO.
BANKERS,
16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.
DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD,
MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

A SAFE INVESTMENT.
First Mortgage Bonds of the Chicago, Cincinnati & Louisville Railroad Company.
These bonds are part of the first and only issue of the Company for $1,000,000, covering its entire property, and are at the rate of $13,700 per mile. Of the whole amount $600,000 have been already placed, leaving but $400,000 to be sold. They are 7 per cent. coupon bonds due in 1887, interest payable 1st January and July in New-York. The Road is in operation. It is 73 miles long, extending from La Porte on the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern to Peru, where it connects with the Toledo, Wabash and Western and the Peru and Indianapolis Roads. It runs through one of the finest sections of Indiana, and makes a connecting link in the best through line from Chicago to Indianapolis, and thence to Cincinnati and Louisville.
We confidently offer these bonds as a desirable security to investors, AS THE NET EARNINGS OF THE ROAD FROM THE OPENING HAVE BEEN IN EXCESS OF THE INTEREST ON ITS BONDED DEBT, AND ARE CONSTANTLY INCREASING. Besides it is designed to extend the Road to Lake Michigan at New Buffalo or Michigan City the coming season, which will also greatly increase its earnings.
J. A. UNDERWOOD & SON,
No. 18 Exchange-place.
CALDWELL & CO.,
No. 27 Wall-st.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD.
We offer for sale $150,000
FIRST MORTGAGE
EIGHT PER CENT. BONDS
OF THE
SELMA, MARION AND MEMPHIS RAILROAD COMPANY,
Indorsed by the State of Alabama.
The bonds are issued upon each section of the road only as the same is completed and in successful operation as a first-class road. The State indorsement can only be obtained by full compliance with these terms. The provisions of the law on this point are of the most stringent character.
HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
No. 32 Wall-st.,
Bankers and Financial Agents of the Company.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS, No. 50 Wall-st., New-York,
Issue letters of credit for travelers available all parts of the world, through the
MESSRS. DE ROTHSCHILD,
and their correspondents.
Also, make telegraphic transfers of money on California, Europe and Havana.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
NO. 18 WALL-ST.,
Issue letters of credit for
TRAVELERS,
Available in all the principal cities of Europe, through
DREXEL, HARJES & CO.,
NO. 3 RUE SCRIBE,
PARIS.

HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY.
Sealed proposals addressed to William H. Swift, at Messrs. Ward, Campbell & Co.'s, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York, or to R. S. Watson, Treasurer, Boston, will be received until noon on FRIDAY, April 29, 1870, for the sale of FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS of the Land Bonds of said Company to the undersigned Trustees, in accordance with the provisions of the indenture of mortgage, dated April 1, 1860.
The bids will be opened at the office of the Company in Boston on SATURDAY, April 30, and the accepted bids declared.
WILLIAM H. SWIFT,
SIDNEY BARTLETT,
NATHANIEL THAYER, Trustees.
NEW-YORK, April 18, 1870.

OFFICE OF THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY, CLEVELAND, March 30, 1870.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of other appropriate business, will be held at the office of the Company in Cleveland, Ohio, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th day of May next, between the hours of 11 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day.
The transfer books of the Company will be closed April 2, at 2 o'clock P. M., and reopened May 6.
GEO. B. ELY, Secretary.
JAMES H. BANKER, Treasurer.

CITIZENS' BANK OF LOUISIANA, NEW-ORLEANS, April 16, 1870.

PARTIES INTENDING TO BID FOR the $3,000,000 6 per cent. 40 years Louisiana State Bonds, authorized by act of the Legislature, March 16, 1870, are requested to send their proposals in to this bank, on or before WEDNESDAY, the 27th inst., at 12 o'clock M.
A deposit of 5 per cent., in cash, will be required on accepted bids, the same to be deducted from the last payment under the contract.
The Commissioners reserving the right to reject any and all bids.
JOHN G. GAINES, President.

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, NO. 336 BROADWAY, April 13, 1870.

ELECTION.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual meeting of the stock-holders of this Company for the election of ten Trustees for the third class, whose terms of office will expire, and also for the election of three Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company on TUESDAY, April 26, 1870.
Poll open from 12 M. until 1 P. M.
JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

THE QUICKSILVER MINING COMPANY, NEW-YORK, March 28, 1870.

BOOKS FOR SUBSCRIPTIONS TO the Preferred Stock of the Quicksilver Mining Company are now open at the Company's office, No. 19 Nassau-st., and will remain open until Monday, April 18. Subscribers will pay Five Dollars ($5) per Share at time of subscription, and on notice will surrender common stock, when Preferred Stock will be issued and the common stock canceled share for share. By order.
J. B. RANDOL, Secretary.

SOUTH PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the South Pacific Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Walnut and 6th sts., St. Louis, Mo., on THURSDAY, April 28 inst., at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of choosing directors for the ensuing year, for the amendment and adoption of by-laws, and for the transaction of any other business that may legally come before the meeting. By order of the directors.
WM. A. HAYES, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO.,
No. 32 Wall-st.
JAS. W. TUCKER & CO., No. 3 Rue Scribe, Paris,
BANKERS.
Issue Letters of Credit; draw Bills on Paris; buy and sell Bonds and Stocks in London, Paris and Frankfort, and negotiate loans on same.

J. & W. SELIGMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 59 Exchange-place, corner Broad-st.,
New-York,
Issue Letters of Credit for travelers payable in any part of Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia and America.
Draw Bills of Exchange and make telegraphic transfers of money on Europe and California.

SAVINGS BANKS.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
CORNER 3D-AV. AND 26TH-ST.
SIX PER CENT. interest allowed on all sums from $1 to $5,000.
All money deposited on or before the 20th of April will draw interest from the 1st of April.
BANK OPEN daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8.
SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
WM. B. BIBBINS, Secretary.

Irving Savings Institution.
NO. 96 WARREN-ST.
Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Money Deposited on or before April 20,
Will draw interest from April 1, at 6 per cent. on all amounts.
W. W. CONCKLIN, PRESIDENT.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, SEC'Y.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK.
Nos. 1 and 3 3d-av., New-York,
(Opposite Cooper Institute.)
DEPOSITS made on or before APRIL 20 will DRAW INTEREST from APRIL 1, the interest PAYABLE in July.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED on all sums of $5 and upward. ONE DOLLAR received.
ISAAC T. SMITH, President.
T. W. LILLIE, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.
Nos. **396** and **398** Canal-st., corner Laight-st.
SIX PER CENT. interest on $5 to $5,000.
Money deposited on or before April 20 will bear interest from April 1. ASSETS, **$7,166,454 14.**
N. J. HAINES, W. S. WHITLOCK, Vice-Presidents.
JOHN MCLEAN, President.
G. S. CHAPIN, Treasurer.
T. S. ARMOUR, Secretary.

INTEREST FROM THE FIRST OF EACH MONTH.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
No. 58 Bowery, south-west corner of Canal-st.
Present rate of interest six per cent. on all sums exceeding $5.
Interest paid or credited in July and January of each year. Bank open every day from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Mondays and Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
Chatham-square and New Bowery, New-York.
$1 TO $5,000
may be deposited on or before April 20, and will receive interest from April 1 at
SIX PER CENT.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK,
8th-av., corner of 14th-st.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before April 20 will draw interest from April 1.
Assets, $1,614,312 10; surplus, $139,034 77.

ALL DEPOSITS ON OR BEFORE April 20, draw interest from April 1. DIME SAVINGS BANK, Nos. 3 and 5 Broadway, Williamsburg.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY of New-York.—WILLIAM MAN, guardian of ELEANOR BROWN, an infant, plaintiff, against FRANCENA ROULET, formerly Francena Meyer, the younger, Augustus V. C. Meyer and Josephine, his wife, Eliza B. Bull, widow of Jireh Bull, deceased, Frederic Bull and Mary H. his wife, Elizabeth C. Wheeler and Frederick Wheeler, her husband, Susan Train and Abner L. Train, her husband, William A. Bull, Juliet Edmonds and Henry V. Edmonds, her husband, Mary H. Webster, John P. Groshon as trustee or otherwise, Helen King Shelton, Frank E. Howe, Dwight H. Olmstead, Menzo Diefendorf, Lewis Beach, Abram B. Mortlev or Abram Mortley, Edwin H. Green, James D. Stelle, executor, &c., of Sarah Wilson, deceased, The Market Bank, Henrietta A. E. Wagstaff, Elizabeth F. Groshon, William F. Groshon, Henry W. Groshon, The People's Bank of the City of New-York, Joseph Battell, Fritz Brose, Foster S. Perkins, William Henry Anthon, John D. Lewis, Gardner Landon, Jr., Francis Boutecou, William Belcher, Amidee H. Simonin, Charles A. Van Doren, Benjamin Isaacs and Daniel L. Noyes, defendants.—Summons for Relief.—(Com. not Ser.)—To the above-named defendants and each of them: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the above-named Court at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office, No. 64 Wall-street, in the said City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, Oct. 18, 1869.
MAN & PARSONS, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
No. 64 Wall-st., New-York.
The complaint herein was this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York.—Dated New-York, Oct. 25, 1869.
MAN & PARSONS,
mh22-law6wTu* Plaintiff's Attorneys.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—LOUIS J. WALTERS, plaintiff, against WILLIAM CUMERFORD, defendant.—Summons for a money demand on contract.—(Com. not served.)—To the defendant above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, County of New-York, at the new Court-house, City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 7 Murray-street, City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of fifty-five dollars, with interest from the 15th day of September, 1869, besides the cost of this action.—Dated New-York, March 12, 1870.
W. G. WALLER, Plaintiff's Attorney.
The complaint in this action was duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 9th day of March, 1870.
W. G. WALLER, Plaintiff's Attorney,
mh15-law6wTu* No. 7 Murray-street.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY of New-York.—WILLIAM DOWELL, plaintiff, against MARY E. DOWELL, defendant.—Summons for relief.—To the defendant, Mary E. Dowell: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at his office new Court-house, in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at their office, No. 218 Broadway, in said City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated 26th February, 1870.
TUCKER & AITKEN, Plaintiff's Attorneys.
The complaint in the above entitled action was on the 28th day of March, 1870, duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York.
TUCKER & AITKEN, Plaintiff's Attorneys.
mh 29-law6wTu*

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY of New-York.—CHARLES K. HAWKES, plaintiff, against GEORGE B. ALLEN, William H. Remington and Sarah A. T. Peabody, defendants.—To the defendants above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the new Court-house, in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint, on the subscriber, at his office, No. 9 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of two thousand and five hundred dollars, with interest from the 1st day of December, 1868, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.—Dated March 2, 1870.
R. P. LEE, Plff's Att'y.
The complaint in this action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York March 19, 1870.
R. P. LEE, Plff's Att'y.
mh29-law6wTu*

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT—City and County of New-York.—Summons for relief.—MARY A. HARVEY, plaintiff, vs. W. P. HARVEY, defendant.—To the above-named defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 11 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.
WM. S. FLIPPIN,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 15, 1870. Attorney for plaintiff.
Summons and complaint filed in County Clerk's office of City and County of New-York March 25, 1870.
WM. S. FLIPPIN, Plaintiff's Attorney,
mh29-law6wTu* No. 90 Broadway, corner Wall-st.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against PHILIP R. KEARNY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at the office of Pierre W. Wildey, Esq., counselor at law, No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 54, in the City of New-York, on or before the 14th day of October next.—Dated New-York, the 8th day of April, 1870.
ROBERT I. CHESEBROUGH,
JOSEPH R. KEARNY,
Executors of Philip R. Kearny, deceased.
ap12-law6mTu*

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—PURSUANT to an order of Hon. William H. Onderdonk, Surrogate of the County of Queens, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of JOHN RAYNOR, late of the town of Hempstead, in the said County of Queens, deceased, to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his place of business, No. 76 Bowery, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of July next.—Dated Dec. 9, 1869.
d14-law6mTu* HIRAM RAYNOR, Executor, &c.

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL.
F. W. PACHTMANN & BROTHER have removed from No. 425 Canal-st. to the spacious store No. 363 Canal-st., near Wooster-st., where they offer to their numerous friends and the public, a very large assortment of gold and silver watches, fine gold and hair jewelry, solid silver and silver-plated ware, spectacles, eye-glasses, &c., &c., at prices to correspond with the present rate of gold.
Every article warranted as represented.
Established 1838.

SHIPPING.

CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Cuba, Wednesday, April 20	Tripoli, Thursday, May 5
Russia, Wednes., April 27	Malta, Saturday, May 7
Palmyra, Thurs., April 28	Java, Wednesday, May 11
Nemesis, Saturd'y April 30	Siberia, Thursday, May 12
China, Wednesday, May 4	Calabria, Saturday, May 14

RATES OF PASSAGE.

By the Wednesday steamers, not carrying steerage: First Cabin....$130, gold. Second Cabin....$80, gold. First Cabin, to Paris....$145, gold. Return tickets....$250, gold.

By the Thursday and Saturday Steamers.

First Cabin....$80, gold. Steerage....$30, currency. Return tickets....$150, gold.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling-green.

For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

PASSENGERS PER STEAM-SHIP CUBA embark from the Cunard Wharf, foot of Grand-st., Jersey City, at 8½ A. M. on WEDNESDAY, 20th April. C. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

ST. LAURENT.....LEMARIE..SATURDAY, April 30
PEREIRE.........DUCHESNE.SATURDAY, May 14
LAFAYETTE.......ROUSSEAU..SATURDAY, May 28
VILLE DE PARIS.SURMONT..SATURDAY, June 11

Rates of passage, payable in gold, (including wine.) TO BREST OR HAVRE, First cabin, $140; second cabin, $75.

TO PARIS, (including railway ticket,) $145 and $78.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.

GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

FOR LIVERPOOL, (VIA QUEENSTOWN,) CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full power iron screw steamships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY, as follows:

NEVADA, Captain GREEN........April 20, at 9½ A. M.
COLORADO, Captain WILLIAMS..April 27, at 3 P. M.
NEBRASKA, Captain GUARD.....May 4, at 4 P. M.
MANHATTAN, Captain FORSYTH.May 11, at 2½ P. M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. WHINERAY..May 18, at 4 P. M.
IDAHO, Captain PRICE..........May 25, at 3 P. M.

Cabin passage, $80 gold.

Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30 currency.

For freight or cabin passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall-st.

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—Inman Line of Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF BALTIMORE, (via Halifax,) Tuesday, April 19, 8 A. M.
CITY OF WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 23, 12 M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN....Saturday, April 30, 1 P. M.
CITY OF NEW-YORK, (via Halifax,) Tuesday, May 3, 1 P. M.

And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate TUESDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	42

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER, VIA HALIFAX.

FIRST CABIN. PAYABLE IN GOLD.		STEERAGE. PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
Liverpool	$80	Liverpool	$30
Halifax	20	Halifax	15

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Office. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL AND LONDONDERRY.

THE ANCHOR LINE

Favorite Clyde-built passenger steamers are intended to sail as follows:

INDIA..........April 23	ANGLIA..........May 7
IOWA..........April 27	AUSTRALIA.......May 14
CAMBRIA........April 30	COLUMBIA........May 21

and each SATURDAY thereafter, from Pier No. 20 North River, at 12 o'clock, noon.

RATES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.

Cabins, to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $75 and $65. Excursion tickets, good for 12 months, $130.

Steerage, to Glasgow, Liverpool or Derry, $30; intermediate, $35.

Prepaid Certificates from these ports, $32.

Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.

Drafts issued payable at any bank in Great Britain and Ireland.

For further information apply on the steamers, foot of Dey-st., or at the Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling-green, New-York. HENDERSON BROTHERS.

NATIONAL LINE.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN, From Pier No. 47 North River.

FRANCE, GROGAN, Saturday, April 23, at 10 A. M.

Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $90 and $70; Steerage, $30, currency.

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow, $32 currency.

Apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway. F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA AND CHINA.

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE GREATLY REDUCED.

Through rates, New-York to San Francisco:

First Class.	Steerage.
$125 to $170.	$60.

according to location of berth.

These rates include berths, board and all necessaries for the trip.

Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, ON 5TH AND 21ST OF EACH MONTH, except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

One hundred pounds of baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.

APRIL 21—ARIZONA, Capt. MAURY, connecting with CONSTITUTION, Capt. ——.

Steamer CHINA will leave San Francisco April 30, 1870, for China and Japan.

Freight for ARIZONA received until 4 P. M. on WEDNESDAY, April 20. All usual facilities afforded shippers in collecting inland charges, &c.

For freight or passage tickets, and all further information, apply at the office, Pier No. 42 North River. F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:

MERRIMACK, Capt. WIER, April 23.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH, May 23.
NORTH AMERICA, Capt SLOCUM, June 23.

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steamship Line—Sailing every twenty days, from Pier No. 17 East River, at 3 P. M. The new steamers

CLEOPATRA, Capt. PHILLIPS, Saturday, April 23.
CITY OF MERIDA, Capt. DEAKEN, Friday, May 13.

For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

Sailing regularly every THURSDAY at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAM, via Nassau, April 21.
COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE, April 28.
MISSOURI, Capt. J. B. EDWARDS, May 5.

For freight or passage apply to S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President, No. 5 Bowling Green.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

Atlantic Mail S. S. Co.'s steamer MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAMS, April 21, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River.

For freight or passage apply to S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA., AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE STEAM-SHIPS, AND CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PASSENGER RATES TO ALL POINTS IN THE INTERIOR.

FOUR STEAMERS A WEEK, TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY.

THE STEAM-SHIPS

LEO, Capt. DEARBORN, TUESDAY, April 19, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M. MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

GEN. BARNES, Capt. MALLORY, THURSDAY, April 21, from Pier No. 39 North River, at 3 P. M. LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 88 Liberty-st.

SAN JACINTO, Capt. ATKINS, SATURDAY, April 23, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M. WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

HUNTSVILLE, Capt. CROWELL, SATURDAY, April 23, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M. R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.

FOR MOBILE.

VIA FERNANDINA ROUTE

THE FLORIDA RAILROAD COMPANY WILL DISPATCH THE FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIP MERCEDITA, Captain STARKEY,

On SATURDAY, April 23, from Pier No. 29 North River, at 3 P. M. Cargo delivered without lighterage at Mobile.

Is now receiving. Has elegant passenger accommodations.

Insurance guaranteed at one and a half per cent. to Mobile.

Through Rates and Bills Lading given to Selma, Montgomery, and all points in the interior at LOWER RATES than any other line.

Passage to Fernandina, $20.

For Freight or Passage apply to J. F. PATTERSON, Agent, No. 177 West-st., or to R. H. DRUMMOND & CO., No. 94 Wall-st. Mobile Agents A. J. INGERSOLL & CO.

SHIPPING.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

(Change of pier to No. 42 North River.)

OLD LINE—LOW FREIGHT.

The well-known, first-class side-wheel steamship RAPIDAN, EDWARD WHITEHURST, Commander, will leave Pier No. 42 North River on SATURDAY, April 23, at 3 P. M. Freight taken at through rates for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one; their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage; in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 282 Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

STONINGTON LINE. TO BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE.

GREAT INSIDE ROUTE—SHORTEST AND MOST DIRECT.

Fare always as low as by any other line.

The new and elegant Side-wheel steamers STONINGTON and NARRAGANSETT.

Capt. WM. M. JONES. Capt. GEO. B. HULL.

From Pier No. 33, foot of Jay-st., North River, at 5 P. M.

Arriving ahead of all other lines.

Tickets sold and state-rooms secured at No. 319 Broadway, corner New Pearl-st., and at Dodd's Express office, No. 944 Broadway. D. S. BABCOCK, President Stonington Steamboat Company.

FOR BOSTON.

Via FALL RIVER, touching at NEWPORT.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

The world-renowned steamers BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE

Com. A. G. SIMMONS, Com. B. M. SIMMONS,

Having been thoroughly overhauled and elegantly refitted, leave daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 P. M., from Pier No. 30 North River, foot of Chambers-st.

JAMES FISK, JR., President.

M. R. SIMONS, Managing Director.
C. H. VAILE, General Passenger Agent.
H. H. MANGAM, Freight Agent.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.

THE LARGEST AND MOST MAGNIFICENT RIVER STEAMERS IN THE WORLD, THE ST. JOHN, DREW AND DEAN RICHMOND.

One of the above steamers will leave Pier No. 41 North River, EVERY AFTERNOON (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock, arriving at Albany in time to connect with railroad trains West and North. Returning, leave the Albany Steamboat Landing at 7 o'clock P. M., or on the arrival of connecting trains from the West and North. Through tickets can be obtained at the office on the wharf, and baggage checked to its destination. Freight received until the hour of departure.

STEAMER D. R. MARTIN,

Capt. JAY L. CLARK, for Huntington, Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Bayville, daily at 3½ P. M., from Pier No. 37 East River, foot of Market-st., one block above Catharine Ferry, touching at 37th-st. at 3¾ for passengers only.

SHREWSBURY, RED BANK AND LONG BRANCH.—The steamer SEA BIRD will leave New-York, foot of Warren-st., as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.		LEAVE RED BANK.	
Tuesday, 12th	2 P. M.	Wednesday, 13th	2 P. M.
Thursday, 14th	2 P. M.	Friday, 15th	7 A. M.
Friday, 15th	2½ P. M.	Saturday, 16th	7½ A. M.
Saturday, 16th	3½ P. M.	Monday, 18th	8 A. M.
Tuesday, 19th	10 A. M.	Wednesday, 20th	9 A. M.
Thursday, 21st	8 A. M.	Thursday, 21st	12 M.
Friday, 22d	8½ A. M.		

TROY LINE FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—The fastest elegant steamers on the Hudson leave Pier No. 44 North River, north of Spring-st., EVERY EVENING, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 o'clock, connecting at above places with morning express trains for the north, west and east. Fare, $1 50; through tickets issued and baggage checked. Sunday fare $2. Freight taken at low rates. Returning, leave Troy at 6 and Albany at 8 o'clock.

FOR HUDSON, ATHENS AND INTERMEDIATE PLACES.—The clipper steamboat NEVERSINK leaves foot of Warren-st., every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 5 o'clock P. M., for the above places.

STEAMERS FOR SALE.—SIDE-WHEEL and screw steamers of various dimensions, for coast and river service. Apply to C. W. COPELAND, No. 64 Broadway.

FOR BRIDGEPORT, AND ALL points on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroads.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon.

FOR NEW HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.—Fare $1 25. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

CARPETS.

SMITH BROTHERS,

SUCCESSORS TO

SMITH & LOUNSBERY,

AT THEIR NEW STORE,

NO. 738 BROADWAY.

CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, RUGS, MATS, MATTINGS, &c., &c.

NEW STYLES DAILY RECEIVED.

SOLD AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

GOODS MADE UP AND LAID AT SHORT NOTICE.

BEDDING.

BEDDING!

JOHN H. WILCOX & CO., No. 59 4th-av., opposite Stewart's upper store, importers S. A. horse-hair, manufacturers and dealers, wholesale and retail. Hair, feathers, moss, husk, sponge, Eureka, mattresses, spring-beds and bedding. Feathers washed and purified by Farnham's patent process, live steam. Old feathers renovated by steam and relieved of disagreeable odor. JOHN H. WILCOX, formerly of MELLEN & WILCOX.

CLOTHING.

GENTLEMEN HAVING ANY CAST-OFF clothing to dispose of can get a fair price by calling on or addressing JAMES KILPATRICK, No. 466 Pearl-st., near Chatham-st.

DRY GOODS.

TAYLOR, McGIBBON & CO.,

WILL OFFER, MONDAY, APRIL 18, A VERY LARGE AND WELL-ASSORTED STOCK OF

HOUSE-KEEPING DRY GOODS, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

LINEN SHEETING, full 2 yds. wide, 55c. and 65c. per yd.
LINEN SHEETING, full 2¼ yds. wide, 75c. to $1 per yd.
TABLE DAMASK, 8-4 wide, 50c., 60c., 75c., and upward.
FRINGED DAMASK DOYLIES, 50c. per dozen.
5-8 BREAKFAST NAPKINS, $1 and $1 25 per dozen.
ALL-LINEN HUCK TOWELS, $1 per dozen.
WIDE HUCK TOWELING, 16c. per yd.
11-4 MARSEILLES QUILTS, $1 75 each.

&c., &c., &c., TOGETHER WITH A

SPLENDID STOCK

CRETONNE CHINTZES,
SILK AND WORSTED TERRYS,
REAL LACE AND NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS,
LENO AND GUIPURE CURTAINS,
CORNICES AND TABLE COVERS,
AT EQUALLY LOW PRICES.

NO. 809 BROADWAY, BETWEEN 11TH AND 12TH STS.

SPRING TRADE.

MA OPENING STRAW GOODS, CY
MA PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS, CY
MA RIBBONS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES CY
MA and FANCY GOODS, HOSIERY, WHITE CY
MA GOODS, HOUSEKEEPING AND FUR- CY
MA NISHING GOODS, BOOKS AND CY
MA STATIONERY, &c., CY
MA AT POPULAR PRICES. CY
MA R. H. MACY, CY
MA 14th-st. and 6th-av. CY
MA ALL OUR GOODS MARKED DOWN CY
MA TO MEET THE RECENT FALL OF GOLD. CY

MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STORE-KEEPERS

Will find it their interest to examine our stock.

WE SELL CHEAP AND CUT LENGTHS AT PIECE PRICES.

JOBBING ROOMS UPSTAIRS.

EDWARD RIDLEY'S & SON, Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand, 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., Fifth block east from the Bowery.

MISS A. VAN DUSEN,

No. 19 5th-av., Has opened her SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES of IMPORTED FRENCH COSTUMES AND MANTLES, as well as those of her own make, varying in price from $20 up.

Special attention paid to dress-making in all its branches.

DRY GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED, 500 PIECES ENGLISH TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETS, AT $1 25 PER YARD.

Also, FRESH CANTON MATTINGS, WHITE, CHECKED AND FANCY, IN NEW AND ELEGANT DESIGNS.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO., BROADWAY, CORNER 19TH-ST.

CARPETS AT RETAIL AND WHOLESALE.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.

Have now open, and are constantly receiving by every steamer, all the latest designs and colorings in FRENCH AND ENGLISH CARPETINGS, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

FRENCH MOQUETTES AND AXMINSTERS $3 50 AND UPWARD.

ENGLISH BODY BRUSSELS, FIVE-FRAME, $2 AND UPWARD.

WILTONS, VELVETS, TAPESTRIES, THREE-PLIES AND INGRAINS, OIL-CLOTHS, RUGS, MATS AND MATTINGS, &c., &c., AT EQUALLY LOW PRICES.

The whole stock is made up of ENTIRELY NEW GOODS, and we invite the particular attention of those about FURNISHING PRIVATE RESIDENCES, HOTELS and STEAMERS.

UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT.

CURTAIN MATERIALS AND FURNITURE COVERINGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
LACE AND NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS.
FRENCH DROP CURTAINS AND LACE BED-SPREADS,
TAPESTRY AND EMBROIDERED TABLE AND PIANO COVERS,
WINDOW HOLLANDS, SHADES, CORNICES, BRACKETS, &c., &c.

N. B.—Cabinet-makers and Upholsterers' attention is called to the above stock, offering great inducements.

BROADWAY, CORNER 19TH-ST.

WHITE GOODS, TABLE AND BED LINENS.

DAMASKS, TOWELS, TOWELINGS, QUILTS, BLANKETS, FLANNELS, &c., &c., FULL 20 TO 30 PER CENT. UNDER FORMER PRICES.

ALL THE POPULAR MAKES OF DOMESTICS AT PACKAGE PRICES.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO., BROADWAY, CORNER 19TH-ST.

HOSIERY.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO. HAVE OPEN THEIR FULL ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER HOSIERY, AND UNDERGARMENTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR LADIES, GENTLEMEN AND CHILDREN, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

BROADWAY, CORNER 19TH-ST.

SUMMER SILKS.

We will offer at retail, ON MONDAY, APRIL 18,

30 pieces Paris FOULARD SILKS, neat figures, all colors, just received.

Also, STRIPED and CHECK SILKS, in great variety.

Sole retail agents for the sale of the GRAND CACHEMIRE D'AMERIQUE. (American Silk.)

LORD & TAYLOR, BROADWAY AND GRAND-ST. GRAND AND CHRYSTIE STS.

Lord & Taylor

ANNOUNCE A GENERAL REDUCTION IN THE PRICES OF THEIR ENTIRE STOCK, COMMENCING MONDAY, APRIL 18.

In view of the extraordinary inducements that will then be offered, we request from our regular patrons, and the public generally, an inspection of our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

LORD & TAYLOR, BROADWAY AND GRAND-ST., GRAND AND CHRYSTIE STS.

At Lord & Taylor's,

BROADWAY AND GRAND-ST., AND GRAND AND CHRYSTIE STS.,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS, and LADIES' FURNISHING.

NEW DESIGNS IN SHAWLS, CLOAKS, CASAQUES, and SACQUES, Paris made and of our own manufacture. "BEDOUINS" IN ALL COLORS, PLAIN AND FANCY.

Parisian Novelties IN SILK AND WOOL "CIRCULAIRES," AND WEDDING OUTFITS, INFANTS' WARDROBES, Children's Suits, Ladies' Under-garments, &c., &c., ON HAND AND TO ORDER.

CARPETS AND UPHOLSTERY GOODS.

ON MONDAY, APRIL 18, WE WILL Reduce the Prices of our Entire Stock in these Departments.

PARTIES WHO MAY WISH TO REFURNISH THEIR HOUSES CAN NOW DO SO AT THE LOW PRICES OF 1861.

LORD & TAYLOR, NOS. 255 TO 261 GRAND-ST., COR. CHRYSTIE.

DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT.

Having secured the services of a first-class PARIS DRESS-MAKER, we are prepared to make up at short notice, and in the latest styles, HOUSE AND EVENING DRESSES, AND WALKING SUITS, WHICH WE ARE CONFIDENT WILL GIVE SATISFACTION.

LORD & TAYLOR, NOS. 255 TO 261 GRAND-ST., COR. CHRYSTIE.

AT JACKSON'S, NO. 729 BROADWAY,

CORNER OF WAVERLEY-PLACE.

BLACK DRESS GOODS, BARGAINS FROM AUCTION.

BOMBAZINES, GOLD MEDAL IRON-FRAME GRENADINES AND CANVASS-MESH GRENADINES, IN ALL WIDTHS; PARISENES, TAMISE CLOTH, CRETON CLOTH, CRAPE CLOTHS, 6-4 DELAINES, CHALLIES, CASHMERES, HENRIETTA CLOTH, BYZANTINE CLOTH, RICH BLACK GROS GRAIN SILKS, FROM $1 25 PER YARD; HANDSOME JAPANESE SILKS AT $1.

ALPACAS, (BUFFALO BRAND,) PURE MOHAIR, (BEAVER BRAND;) A SPLENDID QUALITY OF ALPACAS AT 50c. PER YARD; OTHER QUALITIES EQUALLY CHEAP.

A FULL LINE OF TRAVELING MATERIALS, ALL SHADES AND TEXTURES, AT LOWER PRICES THAN EVER OFFERED BEFORE OR SINCE THE WAR; 100 PIECES OF BEAUTIFUL MATERIALS, CHOICE SHADES, 4-4 WIDE, AT 50c. PER YARD.

N. B.—BONNETS AND SUITS, READY-MADE AND TO ORDER, AT SHORT NOTICE.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

NO. 2 MADISON-SQUARE, 23D-ST.—Mrs. PUTNAM will have an elegant suite of rooms, consisting of parlor, dining-room, two bed-rooms, bath, &c., vacated May 1, to rent, with private table only, for the season or year.

NO. 309 5TH-AV., NEAR 31ST-ST.—To rent, with board, a second floor, consisting of parlor, four bedrooms, dressing-room and bath, handsomely furnished; the floor can be divided to accommodate two families; house and all appointments first-class; unquestionable references offered; also, one large room for two gentlemen.

NO. 2 WEST 39TH-ST.—A HANDSOMELY furnished floor, consisting of parlor, three bedrooms, private dining-room and bath-room, can be had May 1; also, arrangements can now be made for rooms for the season in a finely situated house on the shore at Long Branch.

A LARGE WELL-FURNISHED ROOM on second floor, with good table for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen; also a hall-room if desired; Summer prices; family private. Apply at No. 216 West 15th-st.

THIRTIETH-ST., NEAR 4TH-AV.—To let to a gentleman a large, handsomely-furnished room, with breakfast if desired; the room has every modern convenience; location desirable; family private. Address F. L., Box No. 3,423 Post-office.

FIFTH-AV., OPPOSITE BREVOORT HOUSE.—Handsomely-furnished parlor floor, with or without private table; also rooms for gentlemen on reasonable terms for the Summer or year, in the first-class house 16 5th-av.; references exchanged.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET ON second floor, to single gentlemen, in private family, at No. 45 East 18th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.; reference exchanged.

FOURTEENTH-STREET.—VERY pleasant Summer rooms to let, with or without board; location delightful. Address H., Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

A FEW BOARDERS WILL BE TAKEN in a private family, in first-class brown-stone house, No. 257 West 29th-st. (No. 28 Lamartine-place;) terms reasonable.

NO. 255 WEST 25TH-ST.—FRONT AND hall room on second floor, with board, to gentleman, or gentleman and wife; also rooms on fourth floor; terms moderate. No moving.

FAMILIES DESIRING THE WHOLE or part of first-class houses or furnished rooms, with or without board, apply at Everett Library, No. 588 6th-av.

NO. 51 EAST 10TH-ST., NO. 8 BREVOORT-PLACE—Handsomely-furnished room to let, without board; no moving in May; first-class restaurant opposite; references.

A SINGLE GENTLEMAN, DESIRING a handsomely-furnished room in a strictly private family in 30th-st., east of Madison-av., may address J. C., Box No. 120 *Times* Office; references exchanged.

NO. 122 WEST 12TH-ST., BETWEEN 6th and 7th avs.—A handsome suite of rooms to rent, together or separate, with board; references exchanged.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, TO gentlemen only, at No. 68 South Washington-square. Also an office suitable for a physician or surveyor; references required.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL TAKE A few boarders in a first-class brown-stone house No. 28 Lamartine-place, (No. 357 West 29th-st.,) references exchanged.

TO LET—TO GENTLEMEN, WITHOUT board, nicely-furnished room on second floor; also a small one on third floor, at No. 75 Amity-st.; reference required.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—NO. 147 East 31st-st., near Lexington-av. Rent $200 per month.

TO LET—AT NO. 414 2D-AV., TWO LARGE rooms and two bedrooms; very pleasant and convenient; adults only; rent $22 per month.

A PARLOR AND BEDROOM ON SECOND floor, with board, at No. 134 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

NO. 1,179 BROADWAY.—BACK PARLOR and extension room to let, furnished; good location for dentist or light business; reference required.

LARGE, AIRY, WELL-FURNISHED rooms, with board, may now be had in a superior house at No. 29 West 18th-st.

DESIRABLE ROOMS MAY NOW BE engaged at No. 18 West 26th-st. for the 1st of May.

COUNTRY BOARD.

CORNWALL SANITARIUM—FOR INVALIDS, and all requiring a quiet and healthful Summer resort; located on the Highland range, near the home of the late N. P. Willis; 700 feet above the river; full water treatment, together with electrical, vapor and medicated baths, gymnastics, &c. Address Drs. BALDWIN & PELTIER, Cornwall Landing, N. Y.

A FEW FAMILIES CAN BE ACCOMMODATED at a farm-house among the mountains; accessible by Erie Short-cut Railroad; ten minutes' walk from Valley Station; reference, Daniel Titus, No. 44 Barclay-st. Address S. C. TITUS, Cornwall, Orange County.

COUNTRY BOARD FROM 1ST OF MAY.—Pleasant farm-house, well shaded, 80 miles from City, opposite Hyde Park, two miles from river; high land. Terms moderate. Address H. E., Esopus, New-York.

BOARD AT WEST POINT, FOR May and June, or the season. Address A. MEARNS, Sr., Highland Falls, Orange County, N. Y.

BOARD AT CORNWALL—THE HOUSE open from the 1st of May. JAMES S. ROE.

SUMMER RESORTS.

COZZENS' WEST POINT HOTEL.

In compliance with the wishes of many families, the hotel will open this season on the 10th of May. Terms reasonable, and in harmony with the downward tendency of values. Address SYLVANUS T. COZZENS, West Point, New-York.

NEPTUNE HOUSE, NEW-ROCHELLE.—Mr. Fish, having disposed of his hotel in the City, proposes to open the 1st of June or earlier, and remain open late. Families wishing to secure rooms for the season can make most favorable terms. Application can be made to W. L. FISH, Clifford House, No. 1,242 Broadway.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD BY A GENTLEMAN and wife on second floor, front, on west side, between 14th and 30th sts. Address, stating terms, which must be moderate, W. G., Box No. 103 *Times* Office.

ROOM WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN wants a pleasant, nicely-furnished room, without board, between 14th and 30th sts., and 4th and 6th avs. Address, with particulars as to room, price, family, &c., W. H. H., Box No. 103 *Times* Office.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A SHORT TIME, by a young man, in a private American family. Address J. H. B., Post-office Box 3,422, New-York.

INSTRUCTION.

DOLBEAR'S WRITING PARLORS for ladies, Nos. 873 and 875 Broadway, over Aitken & Miller's. Ladies desiring first-class instruction in penmanship are invited to call.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE, No. 40 Washington-square, (South,) GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal, fits boys of all ages for business or college on reasonable terms.

A HOME SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

AT GLEN COVE SEMINARY, GLEN COVE, L. I. J. R. BURWOOD, PRINCIPAL.

Spring term commences April 4. Terms $300 per annum. Music and French the only extras. Right Rev. A. N. Littlejohn, D. D., visitor.

BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

NORWALK, CONN., C. M. SELLECK, Principal.

The Summer session of this school will commence on WEDNESDAY, May 11.

ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

No. 212 5th-av., with primary department.

RURAL HOME SCHOOL.—A SELECT family boarding-school, in the beautiful village of Sharon, Conn., for boys from 7 to 14 years of age. Session begins May 4. CHAS. H. SHEARS, M. A., M. D., Principal and Proprietor.

PENNINGTON SEMINARY.—THE care, comfort and progress of the student guaranteed. Cost per year, $210. Address THOS. HANLON, Pennington, N. J.

FAMILY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AT DANBURY, CONN.—Spring term commences April 18. Circulars at Mr. Wood's, No. 6 Cortlandt-st. MRS. WHITE, Principal.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The school year will commence Sept. 14. For circulars apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

NEWBURGH INSTITUTE—A FAMILY School for Boys. Spring term begins April 11. For circulars, &c., address H. W. Siglar, Newburgh, N.Y.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY, FOR young ladies, Bridgeport, Conn. Miss EMILY NELSON, Principal.

MOUNT VERNON INSTITUTE, MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.—Spring session begins May 2. For circulars address J. OAKLEY, Principal.

THE SPRING TERM OF MRS. BOOREAM'S Boarding-School for Young Ladies and Misses will commence April 20, in Brookfield, Ct.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MONUMENTS AND FLOOR TILING.

FISHER & BIRD, NOS. 97 TO 103 EAST HOUSTON-ST.

S. KLABER & CO., FORMERLY NO. 52 1st-av., now Nos. 217 to 223 West 51st-st., between Broadway and 8th-av. Marble and Marbleized Mantels, Tiles, wainscoting Headstones, Monuments; largest variety, cheapest in this City.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS.—Rich and elegant designs, from $9, $12, $15 up to $250. T. B. STEWART & CO., No. 605 6th-av., between 35th and 36th sts.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED MANTELS.—Opening of new show-rooms, with finest assortment of mantels in this City. Prices to suit times. A. KLABER, 134 and 136 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., N.Y.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE TAKEN ON STORAGE in the lofts No. 18 4th-av. Apply on the premises to CONKLINS & BAYLES.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—PATTI IN OPERA. PATTI EASTER OPERATIC FESTIVAL.

N. B.—The curtain will rise precisely at 8 o'clock this evening.

Mr. Max Strakosch is happy to announce that the world-renowned vocalist, MISS CARLOTTA PATTI, will appear in Mozart's grand Opera, THE MAGIC FLUTE.

THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, April 19, and on FRIDAY EVENING, April 22, at 8 o'clock, and ONE GRAND PATTI MAGIC FLUTE MATINEE, SATURDAY, APRIL 23, AT 1 P. M., when MISS CARLOTTA PATTI will assume the role of THE QUEEN OF NIGHT.

The great role of SARASTRO by JOSEF HERMANNS

TAMINO.........by........HERR HABELMANN
PAPAGENO.......by........HERR FORMES
PAMINA will be presented for the first time by MISS PAULINE CANISSA.
PAPAGENA.....................MME. DZUIBA
MONOSTATOS...................A. WEIGAND.
Great Chorus. Augmented Orchestra.
MUSICAL DIRECTOR.............THEO. RITTER.
New and Gorgeous Dresses. Appropriate Scenery.
ADMISSION....................ONE DOLLAR

Reserved seats, $1 extra. Boxes, $8, $10 and $12.

To the Matinee, reserved seats, $1 50. Seats in Boxes to Matinee, $2.

Seats for either of the above performances of the Magic Flute are for sale at the Academy; also, Schirmer's, No. 701, and at No. 114 Broadway.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, BROOKLYN ACADEMY.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY.

PATTI IN OPERA.

TO-MORROW, (Wednesday,) April 20, at 8 P. M., THE MAGIC FLUTE, with Miss CARLOTTA PATTI in her great role, QUEEN OF NIGHT.

Admission, $1; reserved seats, $1 extra. Seats now at the Academy, Brooklyn.

GRAND BAZAAR IN AID OF THE SHELTERING ARMS,

An Asylum for CRIPPLED, INCURABLE AND DESTITUTE CHILDREN, Will open TUESDAY, APRIL 19, AT 2 P. M., in the spacious and beautifully decorated Rooms of the THIRTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT ARMORY, Broadway, 6th-av., 35th and 36th sts.

The Bazaar is held for the purpose of making $40,000, with which to pay off the building debt of the Asylum.

It is with pleasure that the Executive Committee announce, as a matter of public interest, that the NAVY-YARD, FORT HAMILTON AND GOVERNOR'S ISLAND BANDS have kindly offered to furnish music on alternate afternoons.

LANDER'S BAND will attend every evening.

One of the leading attractions will be an elegant FLORAL TEMPLE, for the sale of Flowers. This department of the Bazaar will be constantly supplied from the choicest private greenhouses of the City and vicinity.

A GALLERY OF PICTURES, consisting of two hundred Paintings, by old masters only, selected with the greatest care from the private galleries of the City, will make this a feature of the Bazaar. Many pictures thus exhibited have never before (in this generation) been exposed to public view. Connoisseurs speak of the collection as having never been equaled in this country. Some idea of its choice character may be obtained from the fact that no gallery has furnished more than four paintings.

ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.

A RESTAURANT, under the charge of a well-known and experienced caterer, will supply all that can be desired in that line.

The Bazaar will be open, after Tuesday, from 10 A. M. to 11 P. M.

Admission, 25 cents, until 5 o'clock; after that time, 50 cents.

GERMAN LIEDERKRANZ.

GRAND CONCERT, for the benefit of the German Hospital, Steinway Hall, SUNDAY EVENING, April 24, 1870, at 8 o'clock, with the assistance of Miss Clara Perl, contralto; Miss Anna Mehlig, pianiste; and other eminent soloists and a full orchestra. Conductor, Agricol Paur. The programme will comprise, among others, the following compositions: "Das Alexander Fest," Oratorio, Handel; Concert in E flat, Piano and Orchestra, Liszt; "Gang um Mitternacht," Male Chorus, Liszt. Tickets of admission at $1, and reserved seats at $1 extra, can be obtained at G. Schirmer's music-store, No. 701 Broadway, and at Steinway Hall. The entire gross receipts will be devoted to the German Hospital fund.

COOPER INSTITUTE.

Lecture by Rev. E. H. CHAPIN, D. D. Subject: THE ROLL OF HONOR. Benefit of the CUBAN CHARITABLE AID SOCIETY. TUESDAY EVENING, April 19, commencing at 8 o'clock. Tickets, 50 cents. To be had at No. 114 Broadway and at the ticket-office.

GRAND FAREWELL CONCERT.

OLE BULL. SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 23, AT ASSOCIATION HALL.

Last appearance of this distinguished Violinist. Secured seats, $1. For sale at Schirmer's and Pattison's music-stores, and at the Hall.

KOWALSKI'S CONCERT

TAKES PLACE AT STEINWAY HALL, APRIL 20.

Seats at the Hall, Nos. 701 and 114 Broadway.

LEEDS' ART GALLERIES,

NOS. 817 AND 819 BROADWAY.

The Private Collection of Paintings of J. P. BEAUMONT will be on sale THIS DAY at 11 o'clock A. M. and 7½ o'clock P. M.

IRISH BARDS AND BALLADS

TO-NIGHT AT STEINWAY HALL.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.

The FORTY-FIFTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF PICTURES AND SCULPTURES is now open, DAY AND EVENING, corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.

MUSICAL.

A GREAT OFFER!!!

HORACE WATERS, NO. 481 BROADWAY, will dispose of ONE HUNDRED PIANOS, MELODEONS and ORGANS of six first-class makers, at extremely low prices, for cash, during this month, or will take from $5 to $25 monthly until paid; the same to let, and rent money applied if purchased. New Chickering pianos to rent. Monthly installments received for same.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PIANO CHEAP, call at MERRELL'S ware-room, No. 8 Union-square. Sold on installments or rented; any way to suit customers. Only look at them before you decide elsewhere.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 7th day of April, A. D. 1870, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of GEORGE H. PETRIE, CHARLES M. CARPENTER, JOHN H. McKEE and STEPHEN H PETRIE, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who have been adjudged bankrupts on the petition of the said George H. Petrie, Charles M. Carpenter and John H. McKee, that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them or either of them, or for their use or the use of either of them, and the transfer of any property by them or either of them are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, and of each of them individually, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of their estate and of the separate estate of each of them, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 152 Broadway, in the City of New-York, United States of America, before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register, on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1870, at 11 o'clock A. M.

GEORGE H. SHARPE, U. S. Marshal, as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of THE CAMBRIDGE SILVER MINING COMPANY, Bankrupt, in Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of THE CAMBRIDGE SILVER MINING COMPANY, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and the State of New-York, in said District, adjudged bankrupt upon the petition of its creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to it or to its use, and the transfer of any property by it are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of its estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 83 Nassau-street, in the City of New-York, in said District, on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1870, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said Court.

GEORGE H. SHARPE, Marshal—Messenger.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of DEFOREST WELD, SYLVESTER H. KNEELAND and WESLEY R. ANDREWS, Bankrupts. In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of the said bankrupts, of the City and County of New-York, and the State of New-York, in said district, adjudged bankrupts upon the petition of their creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupts, to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at No. 44 Wall-street, in the City and County of New-York, in said District, on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1870, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of John Fitch, one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said Court.

GEORGE H. SHARPE, Marshal—Messenger.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CYRUS W. LODER, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Cyrus W. Loder, of New-York City, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 27th day of April, 1870, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the office of Mr. James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., corner Nassau, Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 3d day of April, 1870.

ap5-law3wTu* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SIMON LANDSBURGH, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Simon Landsburgh, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 18th day of April, 1870.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee, No. 127 Broadway, New-York.

ap19-law1w-Tu*

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager..Mr. LESTER WALLACK

EVERY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, will be presented Tom Taylor's last new comedy, MEN AND ACRES.

The characters by Mr. J. W. WALLACK, Mr. J. H. STODDART, Mr. B. T. RINGGOLD, Mr. J. C. WILLIAMSON, Mr. CHAS. ROCKWELL, Mr. MILTON HOLLAND, Mr. PECK, QUIGLEY, Mr. CURRAN, Miss MADELINE HENRIQUES, Miss EMILY MESTAYER, Mrs. JOHN SEFTON, Mrs. LAURA PHILLIPS and Miss ROWE.

IN REHEARSAL, TWO OF THE FINEST OF THE OLD COMEDIES, THE BELLE'S STRATAGEM AND THE LOVE CHASE, which will be given FOR THE FIRST TIME IN SOME YEARS.

In preparation, several novelties.

SATURDAY NEXT, April 23, MATINEE, OURS.

EXTRA WALLACK MATINEE, SATURDAY NEXT, APRIL 23, "OURS," with its fine military pictures and charming effects. COMMENCE AT 1½ P. M. BOX BOOK NOW OPEN.

WALLACK'S THEATER,

The resources of which have been placed at the disposal of the beneficiary by Mr. WALLACK.

COMPLIMENTARY TESTIMONIAL TO MRS. SEDLEY BROWN, (So severely injured recently by fire.)

SPECIAL MATINEE, APRIL 20, AT 2 P. M.

The performance will comprise A GENTLEMAN FROM IRELAND.

Characters by Mr. JOHN BROUGHAM, Mr. T. E. MORRIS, Mr. B. T. RINGGOLD, Mr. W. H. DECKER, Mr. BRUTONE, Mr. COLLIER, Mrs. WINTER, Mrs. L. PHILLIPS.

Mr. E. FALCONER will recite "ANN HATHAWAY," after which THE ROUGH DIAMOND.

Characters by Mr. J. S. CLARKE, Mr. O. MARLOWE, Mr. T. HIND, Mr. E. M. HOLLAND, Miss GREEN and Mrs. SEDLEY BROWN, (by a strong desire of many friends to signalize her comparative recovery.)

SONG by Miss CLARA FISHER.

The performance will conclude with the Comic drama of THE DEBUTANTE.

Characters by Mr. C. WHEATLEIGH, Mr. J. C. N. WILLIAMSON, Mr. CHAS. ROCKWELL, Mr. W. DECKER, Mr. E. M. HOLLAND, Mr. J. CURRAN, Miss EFFIE GERMON and Miss MADDEN.

Mr. THOMAS BAKER will conduct the orchestra.

All the above ladies and gentlemen having kindly volunteered.

FRENCH THEATER.

FAREWELL ENGAGEMENT of the GREAT EUROPEAN ARTIST, CHARLES FECHTER, who will reappear in New-York with MISS LECLERQ, and an admirable company, MONDAY, APRIL 25, 1870, in the LADY OF LYONS.

Every appointment will be complete, and the public are respectfully informed that no expense has been spared by the management in mounting the piece, which will be placed upon the stage in the manner that the talents of the artist imperatively demand.

The box-office open daily from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

HIPPOTHEATRON.

14TH-ST., OPPOSITE THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

MONDAY, APRIL 18, 1870, and every evening, PROF. RISLEY'S GREAT ANGLO-EUROPEAN VARIETY TROUPE comprising the following celebrated artists from England, France and Spain:

THE GENUINE SPANISH BALLET.
AZELLA, the queen of gymnasts.
AGOUSTE, the most wonderful juggler of the age.
MR. G. W. JESTER, the great ventriloquist.
MR. SIDNEY FRANKS, the only living representative of the late Sam. Cowell.
MR. H. W. HENDERSON, late of the Pyne and Harrison Opera Troupe.
MR. W. HAMILTON, operatic baritone.
THE SISTERS LELIA AND FLORENCE, burlesque artists.
MISS CLARA VERNON, prima donna, soprano, and burlesque actress.
MISS EMMA ALFORD, burlesque actress and terpsichorean artist.
MR. WM. TANNER, and his celebrated performing troupe of dogs and monkeys, including Blondin, Ethardo and Leotard.

MATINEE Wednesday and Saturday, at 2 o'clock.

STEINWAY HALL.

IRISH BARDS AND BALLADS.

MR. C. W. BROOKE, MEMBER PHILADELPHIA BAR, Will deliver his celebrated lecture on the above subject, ON TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 19, 1870.

MISS JOSEPHINE SCHIMPF Will illustrate the music of the IRISH BARDS.

Cards of admission, 50 cents. Doors open at 7. LECTURE TO COMMENCE AT 8.

J. N. PATTISON & CO.

Nos. 48 and 50 East 23d-st., under Association Hall. Manufacturers of GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, Which for durability, purity, richness and melody of tone and rare perfection of touch are UNSURPASSED IN THE WORLD.

The professional reputation of Mr. J. N. PATTISON as a concert pianist is widely known. The most celebrated makers of pianos have constantly quoted his opinion as a guarantee of the excellence of their instruments.

Mr. J. N. PATTISON has concentrated his knowledge and experience upon the manufacture of the pianos he now offers to the public, and pledges his reputation upon their unsurpassed durability, their purity, depth and brilliancy of tone and perfection of action and touch which have never been achieved in any pianos before.

J. N. PATTISON & CO. invite the public and the profession to inspect these instruments, which they can offer at a price which will defy competition.

J. N. PATTISON & CO., Nos. 48 and 50 East 23d-st.

Pianos to rent and for sale by installment.

THE FORTY-SEVENTH ANNIVERSARY of the New-York Lying-in Asylum, will take place at the institution, No. 85 Marion-st., on WEDNESDAY, the 20th inst., at 12 o'clock. The clergy, physicians, and the public, are respectfully invited to attend.

C. W. BROOKE ON IRISH BARDS AND BALLADS. STEINWAY HALL TO-NIGHT.

LECTURES

R. L. DASHIELL, D. D.,

Will lecture at the Greenpoint M. E. Tabernacle, Union-av., on TUESDAY EVENING, the 19th inst., at 7½ o'clock.

Subject—*Wanted, a Situation by a Gentleman's Son.*

Hunter's Point cars pass the church; Myrtle-av. cars pass within one block of the church.

Admission to lecture, 50 cents.

JOHN B. GOUGH WILL LECTURE for the last time this season on next TUESDAY EVENING, April 19, in the Hall of the Young Men's Christian Association. Subject—*Street Life in London.* Prof. JUAN ALZAMORA will perform on the great organ.

"ONE TOUCH OF NATURE MAKES the whole world akin."—WILLIAM MASON EVANS, the eminent elocutionist at Cooper Institute, FRIDAY EVENING, April 22.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.

Trains leave 30th-st. as follows:

8:00 A. M., Cincinnati and Chicago express, drawing-room cars attached.
10:30 A. M., day express, drawing-room cars attached.
4:00 P. M., Montreal express, drawing-room cars attached.
6:30 P. M., Pacific express, with sleeping cars through to Chicago without change, via M. C. Railroad, also L. S. and M. S. Railroad, (daily.)
11:00 P. M., night express, sleeping cars attached.
7:00 A. M., 2:30 and 5 P. M., Poughkeepsie trains.
9:00 A. M., 4:15 and 5:50 P. M., Peekskill trains.
1:00 and 6:50 P. M., Sing Sing trains.
6:40, 7:30, 9:10 A. M., 12 M., 3, 4:25, 5:10, 7 and 11:30 P. M., Yonkers trains.
(9:00 A. M. to Poughkeepsie Sundays.)

NOV. 15, 1869. J. M. TOUCEY, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS WILL LEAVE depots at foot of Chambers-st. and foot of 23d-st., as follows:

Through Express trains leave Chambers-st. at 8 A. M., 10 A. M. and 6:30 P. M., (daily;) leave 23d-st. at 7:45 A. M., 9:45 A. M., and 6:15 P. M. (daily.) New and improved Drawing-room Coaches will accompany the 8 A. M. train through to Buffalo, connecting at Hornellsville with magnificent Sleeping Coaches through to Cleveland and Galion. Sleeping Coaches will accompany the 10 A. M. train from Susquehanna to Buffalo, and the 6:30 P. M. train to Rochester, Buffalo and Cincinnati. An Emigrant train leaves daily at 8 P. M.

For Port Jervis and Way, 4:30 P. M., (23d-st. 4:15 P. M.,) Orange County Express, (Sundays excepted,) connecting for Warwick, Montgomery, Guilford, Pine Island and Unionville.

For Middletown and Way, at 3:30 P. M., (23d-st. 3:15 P. M.)

For Otisville and Way at 8:30 A. M. daily, (23d-st. 8:15 A. M.)

For Newburg and Way at 8 A. M., 3:30 and 4:30 P. M., (23d-st. 7:45 A. M., 3:15 and 4:15 P. M.)

For Suffern and Way, 5 P. M. and 6 P. M.; (23d-st 4:45 and 5:45 P. M.) Theatre train, 11:30 P. M., (23d-st 11 P. M.)

For Paterson and Way, from 23d-st. Depot, at 6:45 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 11:45 A. M., 1:45 P. M., (daily,) 3:45 P. M., 5:15 P. M. and 6:45 P. M. From Chambers-st. Depot, at 6:45 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 12 M., 1:45 P. M., (daily,) 4 P. M., 5:15 P. M. and 6:45 P. M.

For Hackensack and Way, from 23d-st. Depot, at 8:45 A. M., 11:45 A. M., 3:45 P. M., 5:15 P. M., 5:45 P. M. and 6:45 P. M. From Chambers-st. Depot, at 9 A. M., 12 M., 4 P. M., 5:15 P. M., 6 P. M. and 6:45 P. M.

For Piermont, Monsey and Way, from 23d-st. Depot, at 8:45 A. M., 12:45 P. M., *3:15 P. M., 4:15 P. M., 4:45 P. M., *6:15 P. M., and Saturdays only *12 midnight. From Chambers-st. Depot at 9 A. M., 1 P. M., *3:30 P. M., 4:15 P. M., 5 P. M., *6:30 P. M., and Saturdays only *12 midnight.

Tickets for passage and for apartments in Drawing Room and Sleeping Coaches can be obtained, and orders for the checking and transfer of baggage may be left at the Company's offices, Nos. 241, 529 and 957 Broadway; corner 125th-st. and 3d-av., Harlem; No. 338 Fulton-st., Brooklyn; depots foot of Chambers-st. and foot of 23d-st., New-York; No. 3 Exchange-place and Long Dock Depot, Jersey City, and of the agents at the principal hotels.

* To Piermont only.

L. D. RUCKER, Gen'l Sup't. WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass'r Ag't.

SOUTH SIDE RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND.—Winter Arrangement.—On and after Oct. 25 the trains will leave the Roosevelt and Grand st. Ferries as follows: 8:45 A. M., mail and passenger for Patchogue; 10 A. M., for Merrick; 3:30 P. M., express to Patchogue; 4:30 P. M., accommodation for Islip, on Saturdays through to Patchogue; 6:30 P. M., for Merrick, on Saturdays through to Babylon. All trains connect at Valley Stream, except the Merrick late and early trains.

C. W. DOUGLAS, Superintendent.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

Corner 23d-st. and 8th-av.

JAMES FISK, JR..........................Proprietor
JOHN F. COLE..............................Manager

EASTER HOLIDAYS. OVERWHELMING ATTRACTION. ELEVENTH WEEK OF THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS.

First week of the AMAZON BALLET.

First week of the AJAX SPECIALTY. COLIN AND NINETTE.

THE GREATEST ATTRACTION IN THE CITY. EVERY NIGHT and SATURDAY MATINEE.

Shortly, a new, complete, and genuine SPANISH BALLET TROUPE.

Seats secured ten days in advance at the box-office; also, at Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and Erie Railway ticket-office, corner 23d-st. and Broadway.

BOOTH'S THEATER.

23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

SEASON OF COMEDY.

ON MONDAY, APRIL 18, AND EVERY EVENING DURING THE WEEK, The eminent Comedian, MR. JOHN S. CLARKE, will appear in his celebrated characters of MAJOR WELLINGTON DE BOOTS, In the comedy, in three acts, (altered by Stirling Coyne, from his play of "Everybody's Friend,") entitled, A WIDOW HUNT, AND TOODLES, In an entirely new version, never acted in New-York, of the comic drama of that name, both of which plays will be produced with special attention to detail.

A MAJOR DE BOOTS and TOODLES MATINEE, ON SATURDAY NEXT, AT 1½.

Seats secured SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE, at the box-office of the theater, or at its branch ticket-office, at the music-store of C. H. Ditson & Co., No. 711 Broadway.

OLYMPIC THEATER.

ANOTHER DECIDED TRIUMPH. MORE LAURELS FOR G. L. FOX. CONFIRMED SUCCESS of MACBETH, WITH ENTIRELY NEW SCENERY, COSTUMES AND APPOINTMENTS.

MACBETH.........................Mr. GEO. L. FOX

NOTICE. LOCK'S ORIGINAL MUSIC.

The management have spared no expense in order to give proper effect to this quaint and popular music. Additional vocal talent have been expressly engaged for the proper execution of THE WITCHES' CHORUSES.

MATINEES OF MACBETH, WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

Seats secured two weeks in advance, at the box office, and at the theater ticket-office, 114 Broadway.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATER.

24th-st., one door from Broadway. Begins at 8. Sole Lessee and Manager....Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY

EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK, Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY'S significant comedy of contemporaneous society, entitled, FROU FROU.

Characters by Miss ETHEL, Mrs. GILBERT, Miss NEWTON, Miss AMES, Mr. CLARKE, Mr. DAVIDGE, Mr. LEWIS, Mr. PARKES, Mr. DE VERE and others.

FROU FROU MATINEE SATURDAY NEXT at 2 o'clock.

MONDAY, April 25, BENEFIT of Miss ETHEL.

*,*VICTORIEN SARDOU'S new comedy, FERNANDE, received.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessees and Managers......JARRETT & PALMER.

Wonderful success of the LYDIA THOMPSON BURLESQUE TROUPE, And generous appreciation By the New-York public.

TUESDAY, APRIL 19, Will be presented, PIPPIN; OR, THE KING OF THE GOLD MINES, In which MISS LYDIA THOMPSON And troupe will appear.

Musical Director..................Mr. M. CONNOLLY.

PIPPIN MATINEE, SATURDAY AT 2.

Seats secured six days in advance.

TAMMANY.

THE ALHAMBRA PALACE, 14TH-ST.

Mr. JOSH HART..............................Manager

EVERYTHING NEW.

For the week commencing April 18, Johnny Wild, J. W. McAndrews, Dick Ralph and FIFTY OTHERS. FIFTY OTHERS.

PLEASE GET A PROGRAMME. PLEASE GET A PROGRAMME.

LADIES' MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE

Successor to Barnum's, BROADWAY, CORNER 30TH-ST.

OPEN EVERY DAY AND EVENING.

EVERY EVENING A new burlesque by the THE BLONDES, THE BOHEMIAN GIRL, Introducing LIVING WILD ANIMALS.

MATINEE DAILY. THE WHITE CAT.

BOWERY THEATRE.

EASTER WEEK—NEW LOCAL DRAMA. NEW-YORK 1840—1870. CLODOCHE TROUPE. CONCHITA RONZANTI. Variety Troupe. Le Quatre Amour. Pride of the Ocean.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.

CREAM DE LA CREAM OF MINSTRELSY.

Immense success of ROLLIN HOWARD, the great Burlesque artist.

BIRCH, WAMBOLD, BERNARD and BACKUS. SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.

Real Fun, Genuine Humor, Lovely Screams. Birch, Bernard and Backus in new acts.

APOLLO HALL. APOLLO HALL.

Corner Broadway and 28th-st.—Thirteenth Week. McEVOY'S NEW HIBERNICON; Or, A TOUR OF IRELAND.

All the principal cities and places, of interest in Ireland portrayed on over 12,000 feet of canvas making the largest and most beautiful panorama in the world.

BARNEY AND THE GHOST.

"The scene between Barney and the Ghost regularly awakens the wildest laughter."—*Mercury.*

Admission, 35 cents; reserved seats, 50 cents.

MATINEES, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 2 P. M.; children, 15 cents; adults, 25 cents.

THE GREAT IRISH ORATOR.

"ERIN GO BRAGH," TONIGHT at Steinway Hall.

MEETINGS.

TO BOSS BARBERS.—A SECOND MEETING of boss barbers will be held on THURSDAY, April 21, at 9 P. M., at the Germania Assembly-rooms, Nos. 291 and 293 Bowery. Business of great importance will be brought forward. Every proprietor is urged to attend.

F. REESE,
— RAYENKAL,
— WOLTZ, Committee.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS,
NO. 32 CHAMBERS-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 3, 1870.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL persons that the assessment rolls of the real and personal estate of the City and County of New-York, for the year 1870, will be open for inspection and revision on and after MONDAY, Jan. 10, 1870, and will remain open until the 30th day of April, 1870, inclusive, for the correction of errors and the equalization of the assessments of the aforesaid real and personal estate of the City and County of New-York. All persons believing themselves to be aggrieved must make application to the Commissioners during the period above mentioned, in order to obtain the relief provided by law.

GEO. H. ANDREWS,
W. H. KING,
NATHANIEL SANDS,
THOS. J. CREAMER,
Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments.

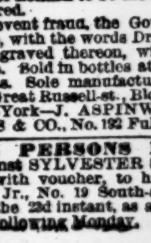
BY HON. HIRAM GARDNER, COUNTY Judge of the County of Niagara.—Notice is hereby given that an attachment has been issued against the estate of JOHN HARRINGTON, late of the town of Porter, in the County of Niagara and State of New-York, and now of Marshaltown, in the State of Iowa, an absconding debtor in due proof made to the said County Judge pursuant to the directions of the statute concerning attachments against absconding, concealed and non-resident debtors, and that the same will be sold for the payment of his debts unless the said John Harrington appear and discharge such attachment according to law within three months from the first publication of this notice; and that payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to the said debtor, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him for any purpose whatever, are forbidden by law and are void.—Dated March 4, 1870.

THOMAS M. WEBSTER, Attorney of Attaching Creditor, Lockport, N. Y.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT in consequence of the death of a majority of the trustees in whom was vested the fee simple of the premises known as the Tontine Building, in this City, an election of five persons, as such other trustees, will be held in Room No. 1, in said building, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of April instant, at 11 o'clock A. M. The owners of the several surviving shares are requested to attend at the above time and place, pursuant to the 7th article of the Constitution of this Association, to nominate such persons so then and there to be elected.—New-York, April 8, 1870.

FREDERIC DE PEYSTER,
WM. H. ASPINWALL,
WILLIAM T. HORN, Committee

MISCELLANEOUS.



INVALIDS' TRAVELING CHAIRS,

From $15 to $40, for in and out-door use.

Any one having use of the hands can propel and guide one. Having no use of the hands, any child of five years can push a grown person about. Invalids' carriages to order. Patent Sedan Carrying Chairs. State your case, and send stamp for circular.

STEPHEN W. SMITH, No. 90 William-st., New-York.

CHLORODYNE.

The most wonderful remedy ever discovered. Caution and advice to invalids: Beware of spurious imitations of DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE, the original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, DIARRHŒA, COLIC, CRAMP, NEURALGIA.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered.

To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp, with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65c., $1 40 and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, No. 33 Great Russell-st., Bloomsbury, London. Agents in New-York—J. ASPINWALL, William-st.; F. C. WELLS & CO., No. 192 Fulton-st.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against SYLVESTER S. MANGAM will present them, with voucher, to his assignee, L. HAZELTINE, Jr., No. 19 South-st., on or before SATURDAY, the 23d instant, as a dividend would be declared on the following Monday.

WAR TO THE KNIFE.

The Offending Members of Tammany Amputated.

The Finishing Touch Given to the "Young Democracy."

Election of Officers of the Tammany Society—Overwhelming Triumph of the Tweed Party—Savage Onslaught on Morrissey, Fox, and their Coadjutors.

The Tammany Society Sons of Columbia elected their officers for the year 1870 last evening. Much excitement and some slight disturbance was anticipated, wherefore Capt. CAMERON, with a body of Police, occupied the vestibule and entry to the hall in which the election was held. All went off very quietly, however. Sachem JAMES B. NICHOLSON, Father of the Council, presided over a very large meeting of the Society. The contest was between the Tweed party and the "Young Democracy." The latter sustained a Waterloo defeat. Two hundred and sixty-five votes were cast. Of these 242 were given to the successful ticket, which was the following:

WM. M. TWEED, Grand Sachem. Sachems—A. Oakey Hall, Matthew T. Brennan, Isaac Bell, John J. Bradley, Charles G. Cornell, Nathaniel Jarvis, Jr., Richard B. Connolly, E. B. Hart, Douglas Taylor, James B. Nicholson, Samuel B. Garvin, Joseph Dowling, Peter B. Sweeny. Treasurer—Henry Vandewater. Secretary—Wilson Small. Sagamore—George W. Roome. Wiskinkie—Stephen C. Duryea.

Only twenty-three were cast for the opposition ticket, which bore the following names:

For Sachems—John Fox, Samuel J. Tilden, John Morrissey, Manton Marble, George W. McLean, Edward Hogan, Augustus Schell, John H. McCunn, Andrew H. Green, James Hayes, John E. Develin, Samuel L. M. Barlow. Treasurer—Henry Vandewater. Secretary—Wilson Small. Sagamore—George W. Roome. Wiskinkie—Stephen C. Duryea.

The meeting then adjourned until the 12th of May, when the officers elect will be duly installed.

The following report of the Council of Sachems of the Tammany Society regarding the late "unpleasantness," and the subjoined order of the Grand Sachem based upon it, were promulgated last evening:

The Council of Sachems of the Tammany Society or Columbian Order, having received the petition signed by more than two-thirds of the members of the General Committee of Tammany Hall, requesting the Council, as a matter of party necessity, to investigate the facts and circumstances connected with the recent effort to break down the organization of the Democratic Party in this City, under the lead of JOHN MORRISSEY, JOHN FOX—who, while performing their unworthy parts, deserted their posts in Congress as Democratic representatives from this City during the entire session, and pending the decision of great vital questions of general and local concern, leaving two of the most important districts of the whole Union unrepresented in Congress, and when their votes, as in the case of the admission of Virginia, might, with those of the Democratic Representatives who remained faithfully at their posts, have secured signal Conservative triumphs—and other parties, do hereby certify that they have carefully examined such facts and circumstances, from the concoction of the plot by the said MORRISSEY, at Washington, in the interest of the Republican Party, down to the final effort of himself and associates to dispose of the Democratic vote which they claimed to control in the City of New-York, to a prominent Republican, and editor of a leading Republican newspaper, in his candidacy for Governor, if the then pending charter before the Legislature, restoring municipal rights to the City of New-York, should, by their joint efforts, be defeated. And the Council have prepared a report setting forth the details of this conspiracy against the integrity of the party and the welfare of our City; and the names and acts of the prominent confederates, which will be deposited in the archives of the Society, and a copy furnished to the General Committee, to be placed among its records.

The Council have unanimously decided, as the result of mature investigation and deliberation, under the authority conferred on them as aforesaid, by the General Committee, in order "to secure union and harmony, and just representation to the Democratic Party of our City in General Committee," as follows:

First—That the seats of the delegates from the First, Second, Third, Fifth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, and Twenty-first Wards in said General Committee, be and they are hereby declared vacant, and that new elections to fill such vacancies, and to secure representation in the General Committee from such wards, be held under the direction of inspectors to be named by the Chairman of the General Committee, and at such times and places as he shall designate.

Second—That new elections be ordered by the General Committee hereafter in such other wards as shall, by the vote of the majority of the delegates, request that the same shall be held.

Third—That Ward Committees, in the wards first named, be constituted by the delegates elected to the General Committee.

The Council have under consideration two other wards, and beg leave to report in regard to them at a future day.

Dated at Tammany Hall, April 16, 1870.

Sachems—S. B. Garvin, Isaac Bell, M. T. Brennan, Peter B. Sweeny, E. B. Hart, A. Oakey Hall, Joseph Dowling, Nathaniel Jarvis, Jr., John J. Bradley, C. G. Cornell.

Sachem JAMES B. NICHOLSON,
Father of the Council.

GENERAL COMMITTEE,
TAMMANY HALL, April 18, 1870.

Pursuant to the decision of the Council of Sachems of the Tammany Society or Columbian Order, made at the request of the General Committee of Tammany Hall in regard to the late difficulties in the organization, and this day transmitted to me, the Democratic Republican electors friendly to regular nominations and the usages of the party are hereby requested to attend a primary election to be held in the First, Second, Third, Fifth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Twenty-first Wards, on Wednesday, April 20, inst., between the hours of 6 and 7 P. M., for the election of delegates from said wards respectively to the General Committee. Each ward shall elect the number of delegates heretofore apportioned to it. The election shall be held at the places, and under the direction of the inspectors, hereinafter named.

First Ward—Inspectors Daniel Kennedy, James Hasson and Henry Bick, at Warnbagger's, No. 130 Greenwich-street.

Second Ward—Inspectors Patrick Keane, James Cowan and William Furlong, at No. 211 Front-street, corner of Beekman-street.

Third Ward—Inspectors James Feore, Adam Dabb and Edward Slavin, at No. 104 Vesey-street.

Fifth Ward—Inspectors Terrence Duffy, Michael Madigan and John M. Whitton, at the Vanderbilt House, corner of Hubert and Hudson streets.

Thirteenth Ward—Inspectors Matthew Patten, Daniel F. McIntire and Francis T. Brady, at No. 62 Pitt street.

Fourteenth Ward—Inspectors Walter Burke, Cornelius Jordon and James Barclay, at Paul Maddon's, corner of Mulberry and Hester streets.

Twenty-first Ward—Inspectors Daniel A. Bostwick, Philip Fisher and James Gorry, at Gorry's, corner of Thirty-second-street and Second-avenue.

Notice is further given that, inasmuch as several members of the General Committee will be required to attend at Albany in the discharge of legislative duties, a meeting of the General Committee, to provide for the election of delegates to the Democratic State Convention, will be held in Tammany Hall on Friday, April 22, inst., at 9 A. M.

Punctual attendance of the members is specially requested.

WM. M. TWEED,
Chairman General Committee.

Thus the offending delegates are removed from their seats in the General Committee, and provision is made for supplying their places with men of the Tweed stripe. The only question that remains is—will the rebellious politicians consent to be quietly shelved?

Brooklyn Board of Aldermen.

The Brooklyn Board of Aldermen yesterday adopted a resolution, directing that the Street Commissioner forthwith prevent the Williamsburg and Flatbush Railroad Company from excavating or constructing a track in any street or avenue of the city until further action of the Common Council.

The Committee on Assessments, to whom had been referred the petitions of the James Methodist Episcopal Church, Convent of Mercy, Williamsburg; Turnverein Society, and the Citizens' Union Cemetery, for remission of assessments, reported that they had examined the matter, and found that they had no authority to cancel these assessments. They recommended that the request of the petitioners be denied. Adopted. The contract for building a temporary bridge across Bushwick Creek was awarded to JOHN GILFORD at his estimate of $3,750.

The Board then adjourned.

A Train Saved from Destruction by a Woman.

As the Cincinnati express-train of the Erie Road was approaching Carr's Rock yesterday, it was stopped about twenty yards west of the scene of the terrible accident in 1868 by a signal of danger. It appears that a poor woman, who lives on the river bank at the foot of the precipice, heard a terrible crash, just before the train arrived, and ascertained that a huge rock had fallen from the top of the mountain, a distance of 125 feet, upon a rail of the down track, and had bent the rail to an angle of forty-five degrees, so that the ends protruded in such a manner as would have thrown a train from the track. The stone was lying on the rail, and could not be moved without aid. She knew that the express-train was nearly due at that point, and calling her little boy, who was fishing near by, she sent him up the road with a yellow handkerchief—the only signal she could find—and the boy waved it so effectually that the train was stopped. The passengers, on examining the injury to the rail, were satisfied that had not the train been stopped there would in all probability have been a repetition of the terrible Carr's Rock disaster. The Superintendent of the division, coming up on the next train, gave the boy $10, and promised to reward him further if he would go to Port Jervis. The names of the woman and lad were not ascertained by our informant.

THE FENIANS.

Meeting of the Line Officers Yesterday—A Raid to be Made Within Twenty Days—Gen. S. P. Spear to Command.

Yesterday forenoon, pursuant to an order of the Commanding-General, the line officers of the "Fenian Army" met at head-quarters, No. 10 West Fourth-street, for the purpose of receiving "preparatory instructions." These "instructions" are said to be for the guidance of regimental officers in the coming raid, which prominent Fenian leaders assured our reporter is to be made immediately. The expedition will start within twenty days, they say, and is fully prepared and equipped for a long campaign. There is no limit to the enthusiasm of those about to take part in it; but its destination is a closely-kept secret. Orders and plans to regulate the movements of the raiders have been promulgated.

The final preparations will be made at the Military Convention or Council of War to be held today, as already announced.

At an early hour yesterday the hall was thronged with anxious men, eager to hear something from the leaders and those who had been closeted with the President. Canadian spies were ubiquitous and were attempting to pump the soldiers of the "Sunburst," already bursting with importance and seemingly full of news. But they didn't. Nothing but bustle and loud talking and exulting ejaculations of "That's so," and "A few days' more will show people what we mean to do," greeted them. Many were suspected of being spies but none were definitely known. Rumor has it that Gen. SAM. T. SPEARS will command the forces. He is an old United States Army officer, having served thirty-one years. He was in the Florida and Mexican wars, was in Kansas during the troubles in that Territory, saw some service during the Mormon difficulty of 1855, and at the outbreak of the late war was an officer in the regiment of regulars commanded by ROBT. E. LEE, while HARDEE, E. VAN HORN and the late Gen. GEO. H. THOMAS were his comrades. With the last-mentioned officer he expressed his determination to stick by the old flag, when LEE, VAN HORN and others deserted it. From that day, until the surrender of LEE at Appomattox Court-house, Gen. SPEARS served and rose to the rank of Brigadier-General of the United States Army. Now he is on the retired list, with the brevet rank of Major-General. He is fifty-six years old, and so wedded to military life that on being offered a command in the Fenian Army, with which movement he has been long identified, he at once accepted it. He is strongly in favor of an immediate commencement of hostilities against the English, in which sentiment he is of course supported by masses of the Brotherhood. There is, however, a large party opposed to such a course. The Savage and O'Neil branches are both in favor of war, but they don't agree as to the point at which the blow should be struck. The O'Neil men believe Canada to be the proper objective point, while the others think the blow should be struck in Ireland. The O'Neil party seems to think itself strong enough to go in alone, and some of its prominent men declare that they will do so if driven to it. It is whispered that the advance guard of the expedition will move to-morrow night.

THE BELT RAILROAD STRIKE.

No Compromise Yet Between the Drivers and the Officers of the Road—Both Parties Confident.

The drivers of the east-side branch of the Belt Railroad that girdles the City as far up as Fifty-ninth-street, who abandoned their stations on Saturday morning last on account of the promulgation of a new order by the directors of the road, requiring them to make seven round trips daily, instead of six as heretofore, still continue to hold out against the Company, although offered twenty-five cents extra for the trip.

From present appearances it is extremely doubtful if a compromise will be satisfactorily effected. Thirty cars on the east side are thereby laid up, and traffic is entirely suspended. The drivers as yet have not taken a belligerent attitude, although at one time yesterday evening it was thought that they meditated an attack upon the office of Superintendent SMITH; but the prompt arrival of a platoon of Police from the Twenty-first Precinct, under command of Roundsman CONNOLLY, rendered things secure.

The drivers aver that the new regulations are harsh and entirely unnecessary, as it takes up all their time to accomplish their six long trips round the City, and leaves them under the necessity of going without their noon meal. The Superintendent and officers of the road say that under the old regulations the men made but six trips daily, averaging ten hours and forty minutes each, thus having from two to three hours between times to loaf; and, in consequence, the "gin mills" were their resorts, and they neglected to attend to their duties properly. The trip added requires them to be out but one hour and forty minutes longer, (even then being less time by one hour and a half than on any other road,) for which they receive twenty-five cents extra and plenty of time to eat their meals. The officers are inclined to deal justly with their drivers, but say they will not be "bullied." Those who have been endeavoring to incite riot, and who started the strike, will not be permitted to resume their situations. Should the strike continue beyond to-morrow, the Company will secure a new set of men, and resume traffic.

Easter Elections.

The results of the elections of parish officers, yesterday, in the several churches named below were as follows:

CHRIST CHURCH.

Wardens—Spencer K. Green, Jacob Lansing. Vestrymen—John H. Ruckel, Dr. George H. Perine, Chas. T. Cook, P. R. Wilkins, A. E. Douglass, J. R. Morewood, E. H. Clarke, Dr. H. D. Payne.

ANTHON MEMORIAL CHURCH.

Wardens—John Wheeler, F. D. Tappan. Vestrymen—R. B. Currier, Wm. H. Robinson, Alex. M. Hayes, Livingston Roe, Joseph Laroque, D. M. Fitch, Francis Emmons, Thos Fessenden.

ST. CLEMENT'S CHURCH.

Wardens—Jno. Buckley, Jr., Senior; Peter. J. Shults, Junior. Vestrymen—Edward H. Laurance, Eugene Dutilh, Jno. Wheeler, Jr., Stephen T. Wygant, Geo. H. Romaine, Gus. W. Faber, Chas. H. Ogden, Chas. A. Sherman.

ZION CHURCH.

Wardens—James O. Smith, Robert W. Nesbit. Vestrymen—Smith Barker, David Clarkson, Jr., A. Craig Palmer, William Reed, Chas. H. Van Brunt, Allan Melville, George L. Jewett, George N. Gardner.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH.

Wardens—Anthony B. McDonald, Francis Pott. Vestrymen—Isaac Seltzer, Alexander L. McDonald, Edward Taylor, Charles Hedges, Milo B. Root, John H. Pullis, Julian Botts, Frederick Cairns.

HOLY TRINITY.

Wardens—Hosea Webster and Wm. B. Leonard. Vestrymen—Chas. A. Townsend, Edward Todd, Samuel E. Howard, George H. Burritt, Joseph W. Greene, Charles P. Thayer, John D. Cocks and Wm. P. Clyde.

CHURCH OF THE REDEEMER.

Wardens—Ferdinand Walker and Christian W. Bouck. Vestrymen—William A. Cook, Robert L. Woods, John Cooper, M. D., Henry T. Brown, Daniel A. Smith, John A. Tucker, Dennis K. Neal and John L. Burleigh.

CHURCH OF THE MEDIATOR.

Wardens—Theodore F. Brett and Alfred Wayte. Vestrymen—Aaron Shute, William T. Anderson, Anthony T. Bessett, Charles Selden, George L. Ayers, Richard Griffith, Robert Yates and John B. Chase.

ST. JAMES.

Wardens—J. R. Shuttleworth, S. D. Van Bokkelen. Vestrymen—William S. Woodward, E. F. De Selding, Frank Washborne, H. H. Todd, John S. Lounsberry, B. F. Fessenden, B. A. Whittaker and J. I. Rhodes.

CHURCH OF THE EVANGELISTS.

Wardens—Samuel R. Trowbridge and John Phillips. Vestrymen—Nevin W. Butler, Thomas Wilde, M. D., James Bates, Wm. Poole, Cornelius Oakley, Wm. Taylor, Henry McGowan and Luke Robinson.

Commissioners of the Central Park—The Secretary's Salary.

The following preamble and resolutions were passed by the Commissioners of the Central Park at a meeting of the Commissioners held on Saturday, the 16th inst., and forwarded to the Legislature:

Whereas, The attention of the Board has been called to section 16 in the New-York Tax Levy, now before the Legislature, as published in a New-York journal this day, in which section is a provision in the following words, viz.: "The Public Parks—Section 16. No members of the Board of the Department of Public Parks shall receive any salary or other compensation for his services in any capacity connected with said department. But this shall not impair the right or claims of the late Commissioners of the Central Park to the compensation to which they are entitled by law, and the Controller of the City is authorized to pay to the person who has acted as Secretary to the Board of said last-named Commissioners a compensation during the period he has so acted equal to one-half the amount paid to the Treasurer of said Board in that time, and said amount shall be included in the taxes for the present year;" and

Whereas, The duties of Secretary of the Board have always been performed by the Clerk of the Board and his assistant, who have been paid a regular salary as such clerk, to their entire satisfaction, and

Whereas, The office of Secretary has been uniformly held by a Commissioner of the Park, whose duties as such Secretary have been merely nominal, calling for and receiving from him no active duties, and

Whereas, The provision above referred to if enacted by the Legislature, will take from the Treasury of the City a sum of more than $40,000, and

Whereas, The Board are apprehensive that the Legislature may be acting in this matter under some misapprehension or misinformation, and

Whereas, This Board deem it an act of conscientious duty on their part to make the above facts known to the members of the Legislature; therefore,

Resolved, That the President of the Board cause the same to be communicated to the Legislature by forwarding this preamble and resolution.

COMMON COUNCIL.

Meeting of the Board of Aldermen.

The Board of Aldermen met at 2 P. M. yesterday, Mr. COMAN in the chair. WALTER W. PRICE, JOHN H. WILLIAMS and MARTIN NACHTMAN were confirmed as Excise Commissioners under the new charter.

The Mayor transmitted a message vetoing the resolution to compile a Corporation Manual for 1870, for the reason that as a new Common Council is just about to be elected, such a compilation would be useless.

Resolutions were adopted authorizing the creation of City Lunatic Asylum stock to the amount of $400,000; to divide the Thirteenth Ward into more convenient election districts; directing the Department of Public Works to procure a full set of national and regimental colors for the Eighth Regiment.

A communication was received from the Controller stating that the receipts of the Sixth-avenue Railroad for 1869 were $683,179 71, and of the Eighth-avenue Road, $798,916 53.

The Board then adjourned.

Meeting of the Board of Assistant Aldermen.

The Board met at 2 P. M. yesterday, Mr. REILLY in the chair.

The resolution directing the Controller to lease the second and third stories of Nos. 106, 108 and 110 Center-street, for the use of the First District Court, at $7,500 per annum, was lost, reconsidered and laid over.

The Clerk of the Common Council was directed to employ a Counselor at Law to prepare for publication all leading law cases in which the Corporation has been concerned, and to cause 5,000 copies thereof to be published.

Twenty-ninth-street, from Broadway to Eighth-avenue, was directed to be paved with Belgian pavement.

The Board then adjourned to Monday next.

Kings County Board of Supervisors.

A regular meeting of the Kings County Supervisors was held in Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon, the President, W. J. OSBORNE, in the chair. The County Treasurer was directed to pay the Sheriff $8,000 on accounts. A resolution was adopted, on the recommendation of the Committee on Jail, ordering the Morgue to be supplied with furniture to the value of $1,400. A resolution was submitted by the Committee on Almshouse directing the County Treasurer to borrow $30,000 for the purpose of completing the building. Referred to the Law Committee in connection with the almshouse for the purpose of consulting the Treasurer and reporting to next meeting.

Mr. HARMON offered a resolution to the effect that it be illegal for any standing committee to contract a debt on any purchase exceeding $100, unless specially authorized by the Board. The resolution was amended by striking out the words following $100, and was adopted.

Mr. STELLWELL submitted a resolution requesting the representatives from this county in the Legislature to oppose the passage of the bill creating a Bureau of Elections. It was adopted and the Board adjourned till Monday next.

Mayne Reid's Lecture on Lord Byron.

The celebrated novelist, MAYNE REID, lectured last night upon Lord BYRON before a highly respectable and intelligent audience at Steinway Hall. Mr. JAMES W. GERARD presided, and introduced the lecturer in a happy and appropriate manner. The lecture, which, during its delivery, was listened to with deep attention and frequently applauded, portrayed the characteristics and qualities of BYRON as a man, a poet, and a soldier. BYRON's one fault was, the speaker claimed, more than atoned for by his many and eminent virtues. As a poet his fame was world-wide, and his services to the cause of freedom rendered during the war for the independence of Greece showed that he possessed no mean abilities as a statesman. During the lecture Mr. REID recited in a very effective manner selections from Childe Harold and other poems of LORD BYRON.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Emma Willard.

Mrs. EMMA WILLARD, the best known teacher in America, who has well been termed the pioneer of female education, who founded the first scientific female seminary in the country, wrote books of note, and who, perhaps, had more true personal friends North and South than any other woman, died in Troy on Friday afternoon, at the age of eighty-four. Mrs. WILLARD was a rare woman, and the story of her life is a good one to read. She was born in Berlin, Conn., on the 23d of February, 1787. Her father, SAMUEL HART, was a man of fine intellect and good literary tastes, though without much education. Mrs. WILLARD has said that when a girl she had access to a good village library, and was a voracious reader. She received her first lessons at home from her father, then studied in the common schools up to her fifteenth year, and then learned all that the master of the village academy could teach her, in two years. In 1804 she began to teach, opening a children's school in her native village, and for about three years she alternately taught school and attended school in the City of Hartford. When she had just passed her twentieth year she received three applications to take charge of as many schools, one at Westfield, Mass., one at Hudson, N. Y., and the third at Middlebury, Vt. She went first to Westfield. But, not finding her labors equal to her capacity, or her ambition, she accepted a second call to Middlebury, to take entire charge of its female academy. She had a brilliant success, and her school became famous.

In 1812 she married Dr. JOHN WILLARD, and for a time was not engaged in teaching. But her husband having met with financial reverses in 1814, she opened a boarding-school for girls in Middlebury, where she still lived. She was not slow to perceive the deficiencies of the course of study then uniformly pursued by young ladies, and she resolved to remedy the evil. For four years she experimented and improved her system of instruction, and mastered by night the studies she proposed to train her scholars in. The advanced sciences were one by one introduced into the school. As she progressed, the field widened before her. Encouraged by her husband, she determined to establish a female seminary worthy of the name, and after much deliberation it was decided to locate on the headwaters of the Hudson. She laid her plans, fully matured, before Gov. CLINTON, who gave the movement his warmest sympathies and heartiest support. This was in 1818. The following Winter the Waterford Academy was incorporated by act of the Legislature, and a law was passed giving institutions of learning for females their due proportion of the Literature fund. Thus encouraged, Mrs. WILLARD opened her school in Waterford in the Spring of 1819; and in his message of 1820, Gov. CLINTON directed the especial attention of the Legislature to the success already achieved by this, the "only attempt ever made in this country to promote the education of the female sex by the patronage of the Government," stating that it had "already attained great usefulness and prosperity." The citizens of Troy, in 1820, tendered a building to Mrs. WILLARD, if she would remove the seminary to their city, which offer she accepted, opening the school there in May, 1821. Her husband died in 1825, thus throwing the entire business management of the institution upon her. She was, however, equal to the task, and continued successful management in every department down to 1838, when her son and his wife relieved her of further care.

Mrs. WILLARD's labors were not confined to the building up and perfecting of her system of instruction. In 1830 she visited Europe, and became interested in the lamentable condition of Greece. Returning to this country, she planned and carried out the establishment of a school in Athens. In 1840 she went to Connecticut, and while residing in Kensington, she devoted her time to the improvement of the schools of the town and State. Before leaving Connecticut she projected a plan for a normal school at Berlin, her native town, that failed for that time, but has been the model for similar schools since established. During the next two years she was incessantly at work in the cause of education, visiting many places and writing many practical essays and papers. In 1846 she published a work on "The Motive Powers which Produce the Concentration of the Blood," contesting successfully the fallacious theory of Dr. WILLIAM HARVEY, that the heart is the moving force. She was then sixty years of age. Two years later she published a valuable treatise on "Respiration and its Effects," and three years subsequently a work on astronomy, which became a text-book in academies and colleges. Various other literary and educational papers, prepared from time to time, have also been contributed by her, and she has given largely of her means to aid the cause of education.

She was almost as active during her old age as when in her prime. In 1854 she attended the World's Educational Convention in London, and then traveled through France, Switzerland, Northern Italy, Germany and Belgium; and during the exciting times immediately preceding the war she toiled zealously in the interests of peace, going to Washington to attend the Peace Convention in 1861, and writing and talking to her Southern friends strongly against secession. But when war came she stood firm for the Union, and had unfaltering faith in its ability to conquer.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

NEW-YORK.

JOHN GUERKIN, of No. 63 New Bowery, was knocked down near his residence on Sunday by four men, who beat him over the head with a blunt instrument, and robbed him of $164. The Police arrested DANIEL and THOMAS MCGRATH, of No. 28 Madison-street, and WM. BROWN, of No. 103 Madison-street, on a charge of committing the robbery and assault. As the victim fully identified the prisoners, they were all held for trial by Justice HOGAN, in default of $2,000 bail each.

The New-York Association of Sunday-school Teachers held a monthly meeting last evening in the Fourth-avenue Presbyterian Church. Rev. T. K. BEECHER, of Elmira, made some remarks, during which he sought to impress upon his hearers the importance of Sunday-school teachers establishing intimate and friendly relations with the parents of the pupils. He had taken his life in his hand and traveled over the Erie Railway more than 250 miles for the purpose of telling the teachers what in his judgment is the difference between a Mission school and a Church school. In the Church Sunday-school the teachers had access to the parents; in a Mission school, as a rule, very little, if anything, was known about the parents or the home life of the children.

Two thousand Germans went over the South-side Railroad yesterday, in a special train, to view the grounds recently purchased as the site of a city to be called Breslau. It is situated near the South-side Railroad, about thirty-three miles from Brooklyn, near Wellwood Station. At Breslau some of the ladies of the party were insulted by some rowdies. A general fight ensued and the latter were badly beaten.

The Board of Managers of the New-York City Sunday-school and Missionary Society held an adjourned meeting at No. 805 Broadway, yesterday afternoon. President A. V. STOUT occupied the chair, and Mr. JAS. H. PELTON served as Secretary. The following-named gentlemen were chosen as "elected members:" J. B. Cornell, Daniel Drew, Rev. D. Curry, D. D.; D. W. Diggs, C. C. North, John Stephenson, Rev. W. H. De Puy, A. M.; Gilbert Oakley, J. S. McLean and Abram Mead. The following Committees were announced: Missionary—J. B. Cornell, Chairman, and Rev. D. Curry, D. D., J. D. Slayback, C. H. Applegate, G. J. Hamilton, J. H. Ockershausen, Abram Mead, and Presiding Elders Pease and Ferris. Visiting Committee—D. W. Diggs, Chairman, and Henry Moore, Thos. Nicholson, John Pullman, Thos. Kilpatrick, A. Losey, and S. E. Stevens. Public Meetings—Rev. W. H. De Puy, Chairman, and Revs. C. D. Foss, A. K. Sandford, D. L. Marks, W. H. Boole, Wm. McAllister and Vail. Ways and Means—J. D. Slayback, chairman, and C. H. Applegate, J. H. Pelton, Daniel Drew, Gilbert Oakley, J. D. McLean, Hiram Merritt, Bowles Colgate, and as ex-officio, the President and Treasurer of the Society. After a thorough discussion it was resolved not to change the hour of Board meetings, but to continue to hold the sessions in the afternoon, as heretofore, the Sunday-schools to be requested to send delegates who could attend at that time.

An examination of the charge against CHARLES SMITH, Captain of the brig *D. P. Stockwell*, running between this port and Montevideo, of having committed an indecent assault on a little girl named CAROLINE DAVIS, aged ten years, was commenced before Commissioner SHIELDS yesterday. The little girl made a very straightforward statement, and Mr. and Mrs. DAVIS, the parents of the girl, were called as witnesses by Mr. PURDY, Assistant District-Attorney, after which the case was adjourned until today at 1 P. M.

The case in which Postmaster JONES is charged with having detained letters addressed to confidence operators in an illegal manner, was summed up on both sides before Commissioner OSBORN yesterday. Assistant District-Attorney PHELPS and Mr. S. G. COURTNEY appeared for the Postmaster, Mr. EDWIN JAMES being present for WILLIAM M. MARTINE, the complainant. The Commissioner's decision will be given on Thursday.

The surviving officers of the famous Irish Brigade welcomed their numerous lady and gentlemen friends at a ball given under their auspices, last evening, at Apollo Hall. It was a brilliant success. Prominent among the guests present were Mayor Hall, Gen. Patrick H. Jones, Gen. O'Beirne, Judge Troy, Mayor Kalbfleisch, of Brooklyn, Mr. Richard B. Connolly, Mr Richard O'Gorman, Judge McCunn and Mrs. Meagher, wife of Gen. Meagher, the first commander of the brigade.

The German Republican Club of the Fourth Assembly District, held a meeting at No. 139 Division-street last evening, Mr. C. SCHWEDLER presiding, and nominated delegates to the District Primary Convention to be held tomorrow evening.

The Easter Monday amusements of the Germans of this City and Brooklyn consisted yesterday of several German theatrical performances, a number of concerts, chiefly in the the beer-gardens, and over forty balls.

At a meeting of the Board of Police yesterday afternoon, Detectives NAPOLEON WOOLRIDGE and JOHN DUNN, of the Sixth Precinct, were transferred to the Central Police Office. Both these officers were under the immediate command of Superintendent JOURDAN for several years, in the Sixth Precinct, on detective duty, and have acquired reputations as skillful, faithful officers.

Dr. JOHANNES ROESING, North-German Consul-General in this City, has been ordered by King WILLIAM of Prussia to contribute on his account annually the sum of $250 in gold to the funds of the German Immigrant Aid Society of this City, in order to further their good work.

CHARLES SULZER's East River Park, at the foot of Eighty-fourth-street, was opened for the season by a festival, yesterday, which on account of the stormy weather, attracted only a small gathering. The park is opposite Astoria and has a fine view over the East River toward Blackwell's and Ward's Islands. The platform in the park has been considerably enlarged.

JAMES MACGILLICUDDY was seen to steal a wallet, containing $50, from TIMOTHY DOWNING, at No. 258 West-street, and on being arrested and brought before Justice HOGAN, at the Tombs, yesterday, was locked up to answer.

The body of an unknown man, apparently much decomposed, was found floating in the East River, near Broome-street, yesterday morning, and removed to the Morgue.

DAVID SULLIVAN, a seaman on board the ship *Great Mogul*, was charged with mutiny before Commissioner SHIELDS, yesterday, by WM. FREEMAN, Captain of the vessel. He was committed for examination.

About 3 o'clock last Friday afternoon Mrs. HANNAH A. WORTHINGTON, wife of W. I. WORTHINGTON, No. 257 West Forty-third-street, left her home in a temporary fit of insanity and has not since been heard from. She wore a black alpaca dress, a blue and green plaid shawl and a black velvet bonnet. She was rather under the medium height and has dark eyes and complexion and looks sickly. Her age is about thirty-five. She was last seen at the corner of Warren-street and College-place about 4 P. M., and she is supposed to have been making her way to the Eastern boats.

At the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, before Judge BEDFORD, JAMES CAMPBELL was convicted of having committed an indecent assault on ELIZA MCKENZIE, a poor girl, living in Brooklyn. IDA CAMPBELL, the prisoner's wife, and a girl named KATE MARSH, have been indited as accessories to the act. CAMPBELL was sent to State Prison for ten years.

FRANK JOHNSON, a servant, was sent to State Prison for one year and six months by Judge BEDFORD, yesterday, for having stolen $96 worth of clothing from MARY E. STEERS, of No. 56 West Eleventh-street.

JOHN SULLIVAN, guilty of breaking into the shop of GEORGE P. EDWARDS & Co., at No. 239 Pearl-street, and of stealing a quantity of lead pipe, was sent to the Penitentiary for one year by Judge BEDFORD, yesterday.

CHARLES RICE was convicted by plea before Judge BEDFORD, yesterday, of having stolen $54 worth of property belonging to ANDREW A. BANKER, No. 69 South-street, from scow lighter No. 8. Another charge was made against him for having stolen various articles from Mrs. MARGARET SCOTT, of Yonkers. He was sent to State Prison for four years and six months.

HENRY BRODERICK was sent by Judge BEDFORD yesterday to the Penitentiary for one year for having stolen $40 from DENNIS MCCARTY, of No. 310 West Thirty-ninth-street.

Coroner ROLLINS held an inquest, yesterday, in the case of PATRICK LOFTUS, who was assaulted on the 15th day of December by THOMAS CROOK, and had his skull fractured by a blow on the head with a bottle. As, Dr. JOHN BEACH, who made the post-mortem examination, stated that LOFTUS died of consumption, and that the skull fracture had not caused or accelerated death, the jury so rendered a verdict, and CROOK was released.

Last evening a fire broke out on the fourth floor of No. 335 Canal-street, occupied by EUGENE ARNHEIN, manufacturer of straw goods, whose loss is about $1,500. The other occupants of the building suffered slight damage.

Mrs. MARIA HUGHES, aged twenty-nine, died in Bellevue Hospital, yesterday, from the effects of burns accidentally sustained on Sunday at No. 94 Cherry-street, by the explosion of a kerosene-oil lamp.

JAMES KIDDER, of No. 24 Washington-street, lost $21, and when EDWARD WELSH was arrested yesterday on suspicion, he simplified the case by confessing his guilt. Justice HOGAN held WELSH for trial.

Officer COGAN, of the Fourth Ward Police, arrested JAMES REED, aged nineteen, a native of Boston, residing at No. 4 Greenwich-street, as he was passing his post with a quantity of gin and cigars. It was subsequently ascertained that REED had broken into the premises of JAMES CHENY, at No. 94 Greenwich-street. He was arraigned before Justice HOGAN at the Tombs yesterday, and held for trial.

The St. Nicholas Society celebrated its Paas Festival at Delmonico's last evening. BENJAMIN H. FIELD presided, and among the members present were AUGUSTUS SCHELL, CHAUNCEY DEPEW, Judge JONES, Mr. MCMURRAY, Dr. MCMILLAN, Gen. DURYEE, E. C. BENEDICT and Mr. LANG, the artist. After partaking of a supper—one of DELMONICO's best—the guests passed a social evening in an informal but most agreeable manner. With impromptu songs and speeches, and cracking of eggs and jokes, the entertainment was prolonged until a late hour.

Last evening a fire occurred in the dwelling of GEORGE RODEMAN, No. 78 Delancey-street, damaging the contents to the amount of $500, and so injuring the building, which is owned by CARL NICHOLS, that $500 will be required for repairs. In endeavoring to save furniture, Mr. RODEMAN and wife both had their hands severely burned.

JOSHUA ALDRIDGE, aged sixteen years, was sent to the Penitentiary for one year by Judge BEDFORD yesterday, for having broken into a vacant dwelling at No. 334 West Twenty-eighth-street, owned by HENRY HART, with intent to steal. He was caught by JOHN REILLY, two other boys named LOUIS DELLITH and CHAS. BRYANT being apprehended in his company at the same time. The latter were discharged.

The body of an unknown man was found last evening in the East River, at Pier No. 56. It had apparently been in the water some time, as it was much decomposed. It was secured by the Police, and the Coroner was notified.

Yesterday afternoon GOTLEIB SCHNEIDER, of No. 113 Avenue A, quarreled with his wife, and her brother LUDWIG BENDER, and in the mêlée which ensued he received some severe wounds on the head from a club used by his male assailant. The wounds were dressed by a Police surgeon called in for the occasion, but it is not reported that any arrests were made.

BROOKLYN.

Yesterday evening, Hon. HENRY WILSON, United States Senator from Massachusetts, delivered an oration on Temperance in the Lafayette-avenue Presbyterian Church, (Dr. CUYLER'S,) Brooklyn. He made an eloquent appeal for united Christian effort in the great work. The lecture was frequently and loudly applauded, and at its conclusion a very hearty vote of thanks was awarded to the speaker.

The election of the Vestry and Wardens of the Church of the Messiah took place yesterday, as follows: Wardens—John Halsey, Franklin Bell. Vestrymen—Dr. J. B. Elliott, E. C. Humbert, W. N. Seymour, Col. Julian Allen, Alex. Agar, A. G. Johns, D. D. Ives, J. C. Perry.

ARMY AND NAVY RECORD.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Official dispatches from Commodore WALKER, of the United States steam frigate *Sabine*, dated Gibraltar, March 29, report his arrival at that place on the evening of the previous day. All were well on board. The *Sabine* was to sail for Madeira with the first fair wind.

The Secretary of War directs that nothing in General Orders No. 17, Feb. 8, 1870, shall be so interpreted as to prevent the use of volatile oils by commissioned officers in their quarters, provided the Subsistence Department shall not be required to keep them as articles of sale or issue, and provided all officers who use any such oils shall be responsible that every proper and reasonable precaution shall be taken against accident from their storage or use.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

PARIS, April 18.—The Bourse opened and closed firm. Rentes opened at 74f. 45c., and closed at 74f. 62c.

FRANKFORT, April 18.—United States Bonds closed firm; five-twenties, 95⅛@95¼.

HAVRE, April 18.—COTTON opened and closed quiet on spot and afloat; Low Middlings, to arrive, opened at 131f and closed at 130f.

LIVERPOOL, April 18.—COTTON.—The stock at sea bound to this port is estimated at 325,000 bales, of which 200,000 are from the United States. The shipments of Cotton from Bombay to the 16th inst., (Saturday,) since the last report, have been 50,600 bales. This is regarded as excessive among the cotton men here. BREADSTUFFS—The market closed firm. CORN buoyant and advanced to 30s. ⅌ quarter for European. PROVISIONS—Lard 6s. 6d. ⅌ cwt. Pork quiet. PRODUCE—Spirits Petroleum 1s. 2d. ⅌ gallon.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, April 18.—COTTON dull; Middling Uplands, 23c.@23¼c. FLOUR less active; small business; Superfine and Extras unchanged; Northwestern Extra Family, $5 25@$5 75; Pennsylvania do., $5 25@$6; Indiana and Ohio do., $5 25@$6 25; Fancy, $6 50@$7 50. WHEAT steady; Pennsylvania Red, $1 28@$1 30. RYE held at $1 05. CORN unsettled; Yellow, $1 10@$1 12. OATS steady; Pennsylvania and Western, 62c. PETROLEUM, very small business. GROCERIES unchanged. PROVISIONS held firmly. PORK, Mess, $28@$28 50. LARD, 16¼c. WHISKY held at $1 01 for wood and $1 03 for iron-bound. Beef CATTLE in fair demand this week, and prices a fraction lower; sales 17 head at 10c.@10¼c. for Extra Pennsylvania and Western Steers, 8c.@9½c. for fair to good do., 6c.@7½c. for Common. SHEEP in fair demand; sales 10,000 at 5½c.@7½c. for clipped, 7½c.@9c. for wool Sheep. HOGS held firmly; sales 3,000 head at $13@$14.

ST. LOUIS, April 18.—TOBACCO active. COTTON nominal. FLOUR quiet at $3 85@$4 10 for Fall Superfine; $4 25@$4 50 for Extra; $5@$5 25 for Double-extra. WHEAT dull; No. 2 Spring, 80c.; Choice Minnesota, 89c.@90c.; No. 2 Red Fall, $1 03@$1 05; No. 1 Red Fall, $1 14@$1 15. CORN heavy at 92c.@93½c. for Mixed; 93c.@95c. for Yellow; 93c.@98c. for White. OATS heavy at 53c.@56c. RYE steady at 75c.@77c. WHISKY, $1. PROVISIONS dull. PORK, $28 75@$29. Dry-salted MEATS quiet; Shoulders, packed, 11c.; Clear Rib Sides, 15c.; Clear Sides, 15½c. BACON—Shoulders, 11¾c.@12c.; Clear Rib Sides, 15¾c.@16c.; Clear Sides, 16¾c.@16¾c. LARD quiet at 15½c.@16c. CATTLE active at $4@$7 for Common to Choice Butchers'; $7@$8 for Choice Shipping. Live HOGS quiet at $7 50@$9. RECEIPTS—Flour, 7,000 bbls; Wheat, 62,000 bushels; Corn, 53,000 bushels; Oats, 32,000 bushels; Barley, 2,800 bushels; Rye, 1,900 bushels.

CHICAGO, April 18.—EXCHANGE, 1-10 premium selling, par, buying. FLOUR firm at $3 75@$4 75 for Spring Extra. WHEAT quiet; No. 2, 80¼c.@80¾c.; in the afternoon firmer at 80½c., cash; 80¾c.@80¾c., seller May. CORN firm; No. 2, 85½c.; in the afternoon strong at 85¾c.@87c., cash and seller May. OATS active and higher at 46½c. for No. 2. RYE dull at 76c. for No. 2. BARLEY dull and nominal. HIGHWINES nominally $1 01. PROVISIONS dull. Mess PORK, $27 75@$28. LARD, 15¼c.@15½c. Dry-salted SHOULDERS, 10¼c.@10¾c. FREIGHTS dull and nominally 5½c.@6c. on Corn, 6½c.@7c. on Wheat, to Buffalo. RECEIPTS—5,000 bbls. Flour, 16,000 bushels Wheat, 87,000 bushels Corn, 4,500 bushels Oats, 1,700 bushels Barley, 2,000 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—5,500 bbls. Flour, 85,000 bushels Wheat, 26,000 bushels Corn, 28,000 bushels Oats, 12,500 bushels Rye, 1,900 bushels Barley, 2,400 Hogs.

BUFFALO, April 18—GRAIN in store and afloat here—Wheat, 450,000 bushels; Corn, 3,000 bushels; Oats, 128,000 bushels; Rye, 1,000 bushels; Barley, 22,000 bushels; Peas, 12,000 bushels; Rye Malt, 29,000 bushels. FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT inactive; No. 1 Milwaukee can be bought at about $1. CORN very dull; New held at 97c.; Old, $1. OATS dull; sales one car Canadian at 54c. on the track. RYE held at about 96c. BARLEY dull and nominal at 82c. for four-rowed Canada. SEEDS firm at $7 for Timothy and $10 for Clover. FISH, $6 50 for Trout and $7 75 for Whitefish ⅌ half-bbl. PORK dull at $27 50@$27 75. LARD dull at 17c. HIGHWINES nominal at $1 03. Receipts, 5,200 bushels Corn; 2,000 bbls. Flour.

CINCINNATI, April 18.—FLOUR steady; Family, $5 10@$5 40. WHEAT in moderate demand at $1 10@$1 12; receipts light. CORN in fair demand at 84c.@87c. OATS firmer at 54c.@60c. BARLEY unchanged. RYE unchanged. COTTON firmer; Middling, 22c. TOBACCO firm, with light receipts. WHISKY in good demand and advancing; sales at 98c.@99c.; closing at 99c., with little offering. Mess PORK held at $28 25@$28 50, the latter for best City; no sales. Bulk MEATS quiet and firm; Shoulders, 10¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 13¾c.@14c.; Clear Sides, 15c. BACON quiet and firm; Shoulders, 11¾c.@12c.; Clear Rib Sides, 15¾c.@15¾c.; Clear Sides, 16½c.@16¾c. Sugar Cured HAMS, 18c.@18½c., with a fair demand. LARD held at 16c. for prime Kettle. EXCHANGE firm at par buying.

BALTIMORE, April 18.—COTTON quiet and steady; Middling, 22½c.; sales 100 bales; receipts, 216 bales; stock, 4,049 bales. FLOUR strong on Low and Medium grades, and 25c. advanced on Choice Winter; Howard-street Superfine, $4 87½@$5 12½; do. Extra, $5 37½@$6; do. Family, $6 25@$7 25; City Mills Superfine, $4 87½@$5 50; do. Extra, $5 50@$6 25; do. Family, $6 75@$9; Western Superfine, $4 75@$5.; do. Extra, $5 25@$5 62½; do. Family, $6@$6 75. WHEAT very firm; Maryland, $1 45@$1 50; Prime Amber Pennsylvania, $1 32@$1 35. CORN firm; White advanced to $1 06@$1 08; Yellow very firm at $1 07. OATS steady, 62c.@66c. PROVISIONS firm and unchanged. WHISKY firm and stock scarce, nominally at $1 04@$1 05.

OSWEGO, April 18.—FLOUR in good demand; sales, 1,700 bbls., at $5 50@$5 75 for No. 1 Spring, $6@$6 25 for Amber Winter, $6 50@$6 75 for White, and $7@$7 25 for Double Extra. WHEAT quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee Club, $1 10; No. 2 do., $1; choice White Canada, $1 44. CORN quiet at $1 02. BARLEY and RYE nominal. CORN-MEAL—$2 25 for bolted, and $2 15 for unbolted, ⅌ cwt. MILL-FEED unchanged; Shorts, $20; Shipstuffs, $23@$25; Middling, $30@$33 ⅌ ton, as to quality. Railroad FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston, 65c.; to New-York, 55c.; to Albany, 47c.; Grain and Mill-feed to Boston, $6 50; to New-York, $5 50; to Albany, $4 70 ⅌ ton. Lake IMPORTS, 680,000 feet of Lumber.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 18.—FLOUR dull at $4 12½@$4 20@$4 75@$5 75. CORN easier at $1 10@$1 12½. OATS dull at 61c.@64c. BRAN, $1 35. HAY—Prime, $27. PORK, $30. BACON quiet at 12½c.@12¾c.@16½c.@17¼c. HAMS, 18¾c.@19c. LARD firm; Tierce, 16¼c.@17c.; Peg, 17¾c.@18c. SUGAR—Prime, 11¼c.@11¾c. MOLASSES—Prime, 70c.; Reboiled, 65c.@70c. WHISKY quiet at 95c.@$1 07½c. COFFEE—The stock is light and prices are firm; Fair, 16¼c.@16¾c.; Prime, 17¾c.@18c. Sterling EXCHANGE 124@124¼. New-York Sight EXCHANGE, ¾ ⅌ cent. premium. GOLD, 113¼.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 18.—Nothing doing in the grain market to report. The supply of beef CATTLE is 1,000 head more than last week, and there is at least ¼c. decline; premium brought 9c.@9½c., and from that prices ranged down to 5c.@5½c. The receipts of SHEEP are 8,500 head; there is a decline of about ¼c.; the range of prices was from $6 62@$8 65.

TOLEDO, April 18.—FLOUR dull. WHEAT firmer; Amber Michigan, $1 04½; No. 1 Red, $1 07½; No. 2 Red, $1 03. CORN advancing; No. 1, 90c.; No. 2, 89c., Yellow, 95c. OATS firmer; No. 1, 55½c.; No. 2, 54c. RECEIPTS—1,000 bbls. Flour, 12,000 bushels Wheat, 4,500 bushels Corn. SHIPMENTS—2,400 bbls. Flour, 1,000 bushels Wheat, 10,000 bushels Corn, 2,800 bushels Oats.

MILWAUKEE, April 18.—FLOUR unchanged. WHEAT steady at 86c. for No. 1; 79½c. for No. 2. OATS firm at 46c. for No. 2. CORN nominal. RYE firm and unchanged. BARLEY nominal. FREIGHTS nominally 7c. to Buffalo; 13c. to Oswego. RECEIPTS—1,000 bbls. Flour, 4,500 bushels Wheat. SHIPMENTS—4,000 bbls. Flour, 73,000 bushels Wheat.

MEMPHIS, April 18.—COTTON quiet at 22c.; receipts, 796 bales; exports, 1,100 bales. FLOUR nominal. CORN active at $1 08@$1 10. OATS active at 66c.@68c. LARD steady at 16c.@17½c. PORK scarce; held, $29 50. Bulk MEATS—Sides, 14¾c.@15¾c. BACON—Shoulders, 12c.@12½c.; Sides, 16c.@17¼c.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 18.—COTTON firm and in moderate demand; Middling, 22¼c.; sales, 2,200 bales; receipts, 8,380 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 3,647 bales; to Havre, 3,059 bales; to New-York, 2,223 bales; to Boston, 690 bales; stock, 155,397 bales.

GALVESTON, April 18.—COTTON—Nothing doing; good Ordinary, 18½c.; no sales; receipts, 323 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 1,858 bales; coastwise, 509 bales; stock, 28,386 bales.

MOBILE, Ala., April 18.—COTTON quiet but steady; Middling, 21¼c.; sales, 250 bales; receipts, 672 bales; exports, to New-Orleans, 40 bales; stock, 52,256 bales.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 18.—COTTON firm and in fair demand; Middling, 21¼c.; sales, 200 bales; receipts, 124 bales; exports, coastwise, 407 bales; stock, 11,090 bales.

CLEVELAND, April 18.—WHEAT quiet and unchanged. CORN quiet and nominally unchanged. OATS quiet; held at 52c. RYE, 90c.@95c. BARLEY unchanged.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 18.—Spirits of TURPENTINE dull at 41c.@41½c. RESIN steady; Strained, $1 60. Crude TURPENTINE unchanged. TAR 10c. higher; sales at $1 60@$1 65. COTTON steady at 21c.

NORFOLK, Va., April 18.—COTTON quiet; Low Middling, 20½c.@21c.; sales, 30 bales; receipts, 563 bales; exports, coastwise, 1,149 bales; stock, 5,225 bales.

BOSTON, April 18.—COTTON quiet and weak; Middling, 22½c.; sales, 100 bales; net receipts, 10 bales; coastwise, 10 bales; total, 20 bales; stock, 11,000 bales.

DETROIT, April 18.—WHEAT advanced 1c.; White, $1 18@$1 19. CORN scarce at 90c. OATS, 53c. for State. BARLEY unchanged.

AUGUSTA, Ga., April 18.—COTTON firmer; sales, 450 bales; receipts, 158 bales; Middling, 21c@21¼c.

[Advertisement.]

KNOX, THE HATTER.—For street purposes a hat is to the human hair what human hair is to the head, for it glorifies the entire man and renders him generally acceptable—that is, when the hat is new and fashionable. To insure its being such we recommend the reader to call upon Mr. KNOX, the hatter, at No. 212 Broadway, where he will find every style in season.

Weather Report.

NEW-YORK, Monday, April 18—9 A. M.

Place.	Wind.	Weather.	Ther.
Port Hastings	S. W.	Foggy	46
Portland	E.	Cloudy	40
Boston	S. E.	Cloudy	50
New-York	E.	Showery	54
Philadelphia	N. E.	Raining	50
Wilmington, Del.	S. W.	Raining	52
Richmond	S.	Cloudy	48
Charleston	W.	Clear	47
Savannah	W.	Clear	52
Augusta, Ga.	W.	Clear	45
Buffalo	S. E.	Cloudy	59
Pittsburg	W.	Raining	43
Chicago	N. W.	Clear	42
Louisville	N. W.	Cloudy	44
Mobile	E.	Clear	53
New-Orleans	E.	Clear	54
Key West	N. E.	Clear	70
Havana	N. E.	Clear	74

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.			
City of Baltimore	April 19	New-York	Liverpool.
Holsatia	April 19	New-York	Hamburg.
Nevada	April 20	New-York	Liverpool.
Cuba	April 20	New-York	Liverpool.
Hermann	April 21	New-York	Bremen.
City of Washington	April 23	New-York	Liverpool.
Union	April 23	New-York	Bremen.
France	April 23	New-York	Liverpool.
FOR ASPINWALL, HAVANA, ETC.			
Arizona	April 21	New-York	Aspinwall.
Morro Castle	April 21	New-York	Havana.
Merrimack	April 23	New-York	Rio.
Cleopatra	April 23	New-York	Havana.

Foreign Mails Close at Post-Office.

TUESDAY.

For Europe, via Southampton, Cherbourg and Hamburg, by the *Holsatia*, at 12 M. Supplementary mail for *paid* letters on the pier, foot of Third-street, Hoboken, until 1:40 P. M.

WEDNESDAY.

For Europe, via Queenstown and Liverpool, by the *Nevada*, at 7½ A. M. Supplementary mail for *paid* letters on Pier No. 46 North River, until 9 o'clock A.M.

Closing of Domestic Mails.

North, Poughkeepsie Way	5 A. M.; 2 P. M.
North, through *via* H. R. R. R. and New-York Central	5 A. M.; 4:30, 9 P. M.
North Way, *via* Harlem R. R., Chatham Four-Corners	7 A. M.
East, *via* New-Haven	5 A. M.; 1:30, 6 P. M.
East, *via* Newport	4 P. M.
East, New-Haven Way	5 A. M.; 2:30 P. M.
East, Fall River, rail	6 P. M.
South, Through	7 A. M.; 7:30 P. M.
Philadelphia Way	5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Chicago, St. Paul, St. Joseph, Salt Lake and Denver	7 A. M.; 3:00 P. M.
West Mail, through to Cleveland, Toledo, and by A. & G. Western R. R. to Franklin and Meadville, Penn., &c.	5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.

Passengers Arrived.

APRIL 18—*In steam-ship Colorado, from Liverpool.*—Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Elliott and 3 children, Miss Glasgow, Miss R. Lamb, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Churchill, Rev. H. M. Harmann, Thos. Bridge, Jas. P. Fogg, W. T. Willis, J. T. Callender, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Thomas, Miss M. Horace, Mrs. Green and daughter, C. G. Johnson, Frank Jones, Henry Whittaker, Mrs. Samson, Mrs. Roberts and daughter, Miss Lydia Morgan.

APRIL 18—*In steam-ship France, from Liverpool.*—Mrs. J. Davies and child, Miss Davies, E. Chiver, Mr. and Mrs. Walls and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. Schneider, Mrs. M. Griffiths, 2 children and servant, Mr. and Mrs. Wunderleth, Mr. Lees, child and nurse, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Annott, Miss R. Gallagher, Mrs. Kelsey, Miss Kelsey, Miss R. Bunting, W. P. Collins, James Handford, Mr. Thacker.

NEWS PACKAGES FOR THE PRESS

Captains and pursers of vessels arriving at this port are requested to deliver packages addressed to the New-York Associated Press, only to parties exhibiting the written authority of J W. Simonton, General Agent.

News packages for the *Journal of Commerce*, *Times*, *Tribune*, *World*, *Sun*, *Express*, *Evening Post*, *Commercial Advertiser*, *Staats Zeitung* and *New-Yorker Demokrat*, should also be delivered only to the same parties.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises.... 5 16 | Sun sets..... 6 43 | Moon rises.11 19
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook.10 21 | Gov. Island.11 10 | Hell Gate..12 32

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....MONDAY, April 18.

Cleared.

Steam-ships Holsatia, (N. G.,) Meier, Hamburg, via Cherbourg, Kunhardt & Co.; City of Baltimore, (Br.,) Delamotte, Liverpool, J. G. Dale; Beverly, Price, Philadelphia, Jas. Hand; Mars, Grumly, Philadelphia; Dirigo, Johnson, Portland, J. F. Ames.

Bark Tynedale, (Br.,) Steele, Miramichi, Barclay & Livingston.

Brigs Aabine, (Norw.,) Blix, Alicante, Wendt, Tetens & Bockmann; Montrose, Johnston, St. Jago de Cuba, Waydell & Co.; J. A. Deveraux, Charleston, N. L. McCready & Co.; Salinas, (Br.,) Lind, Para, L. E. Amsinck & Co.; Wm. McKean, (Br.,) ——, St. John, N. F., Honey & Parker; Maria Crowell, (Br.,) Crowell, Pernambuco and Bahia, Moss & Ward.

Schrs. Nellie Crowell, Crowell, Galveston, C. W. Adams & Co.; C. A. Farnsworth, (Br.,) Benson, Maranham, L. E. Amsinck & Co.; Wake, Gandy, Baltimore, W. B. Vondersmith; Henry Landell, Taylor, Norfolk, Van Brunt & Slaght; Frank & Nellie, Kendall, Savannah, H. P. Brower & Co.; Harriet, Hover, Galveston, C. Luling & Co.

Arrived.

Steam-ship Colorado, (Br.,) Williams, Liverpool April 6, and Queenstown 7th, with mdse. and passengers to Williams & Guion. Was detained off Sandy Hook 9 hours by fog. The C. brings 1,234 passengers.

Steam-ship City of Manchester, (Br.,) Phillips, Liverpool April 2, and Queenstown 4th, with mdse. and 812 passengers to John G. Dale. Has had westerly gales the first part of the passage.

Steam-ship France, (Br.,) Grogan, Liverpool April 6, and Queenstown 7th, with mdse. and passengers to F. W. J. Hurst. April 10, lat. 48 09, lon. 26 50, passed a brig-rigged steamer, bound E.; 11th, lat. 46 57, lon. 31 50, passed an Inman steamer, bound W. The F. brings 1,268 passengers, and was detained off Sandy Hook 10 hours by fog.

Steam-ship Fanita, Freeman, Philadelphia, with mdse. and passengers to J. Lorillard.

Steamship Albemarle, Roberts, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steamship Co.

Steam-ship City of Washington, (Br.,) Jones, Liverpool April 7, and Queenstown 8th, with mdse. and passengers to John G. Dale.

Ship Constitution, Dutton, of and from Liverpool March 18, with mdse. to Williams & Guion. Is anchored in the Lower Bay.

Bark Arietta, (of Searsport,) Colcord, Buenos Ayres 62 ds., with hides to R. P. Buck & Co. Crossed the equator March 21, in lon. 37.

Bark Sirius, (Norw.,) Lund, Bordeaux 53 ds., with mdse. to Wendt, Tetens & Bockman. Came the southern passage, and has been 14 ds. W. of Bermuda, with heavy westerly gales.

Bark Carl, (N. G.,) Baas, Taragono 60 ds., via Gibraltar 50 ds., with wine to M. Lineau & Co. Has had westerly gales from Bermuda.

Schr. Elvira A. Conant, Brandtberg, Jacmel 20 ds., with mdse. to Merritt & Booth—vessel to Young, Smith & Co.

Schr. Mary Lee Newton, Carlow, Calais 10 ds., with plaster to John Boynton's Son & Co.

Schr. Loduskia, Means, Ellsworth, Me., 4 ds., with lumber to John Boynton's Son & Co.

Schr. G. W. Middleton, Campbell, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. John Warren, Magar, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. M. A. Predmore, Hart, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Silas Wright, Brown, Elizabethport, for Somerset.

Schr. E. J. Raynor, Hutchinson, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Connecticut, De Hart, Elizabethport, for Derby, Conn.

Schr. George & Edgar, Smith, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. J. J. Pharo, Soper, Providence, for Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. Dreadnaught, Willard, Portland, Me., for Virginia.

Schr. Lady Jackson, Bennett, Elizabethport, for Norwalk.

Schr. D. A. Berry, Walters, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Ida Phillips, Phillips, Port Johnson, for Taunton.

Schr. Sallie Chartre, Baxter, Port Johnson, for Taunton.

Schr. New Regulus, Hallock, Port Johnson, for New-Haven.

Schr. Ellen H. Barnes, Ferris, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Only Sun, Green, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Angler, Bessy, Wareham.

Schr. J. S. Weldon, Crowell, Providence.

Schr. John A. Crocker, Davis, Fall River.

Schr. Sarah Lavinia, Anderson, New-Haven.

Schr. M. L. Davis, Davis, New-Haven.

Schr. Lamartine, Gearney, Wareham.

Schr. S. S. Brown, Mott, Norwalk.

Schr. Sarah Jane, O'Brien, New-Haven.

WIND—At sunset, light, S. W., cloudy.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, April 18.—Arr. schr. Leona, Aux Cayes; Ada Ames, Savannah; bark Regina, Liverpool; schr. Victor, Arecaibo.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 17.—The steam-ship Victor, from New-Orleans for New-York, with rudder gone; steam-ship Tennessee, from New-York; schrs. F. H. Stickney, from Baltimore; Jane Durfee, from Norfolk; Daniel Britain, from New-York.

Sld. yesterday, steam-ships Champion, for New-York; Sea Gull, for Baltimore; ship Southern Chief, for Liverpool; schrs. Serene, for Baltimore; Zelman, for Woods' Hole.

18th—Arr. steamer J. W. Everman, Philadelphia.

Sld. schrs. Union Flag, Darien; J. Eddie, Satilla.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 18.—Passed in for Baltimore—Brig Mississippi, from Demerara; schrs. Harriet Baker and Willie, from Matanzas.

GLOUCESTER, April 18.—Arr. bark Solomon, from Liverpool.

KEY WEST, Fla., April 18.—Arr. schr. C. C. Clark, from St. Andrews, Caribbean Sea, with cocoanuts for Baltimore, leaking badly.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 17.—Arr. steam-ship Mariposa, from New-York.

Sld. steam-ship Teutonia, for Hamburg.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 18.—Arr. steam-ships H. Livingston, New-York; America, Baltimore; Norwegian bark Jif, Liverpool; schrs. Thomas Boos and Samuel Castner, New-York.

Cld. schr. Annie Borland, New-Haven; brig H. Stewart, Satilla.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 18.—Arr. ship Cremorne, New-York; bark Silver, Craig, Liverpool.

Spoken, &c.

Morning Star—Bark, hence for St. Jago, 11 ds. out, April 3, in Inagua Passage.

Samuel E. Spring—Bark, from Buenos Ayres for Boston, March 22, lon. 37.

Adeline Ellwood—Schr., from Portland for Liverpool, 125 ds. out, March 28, lat. 14 27, lon. 48 13.

Foreign Ports.

At Jacmel, March 28, schr. Isaac Keen, for New-York in 6 ds.

HAVANA, April 18.—Sld. Fr. steamer France, for St. Nazaire.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrived Out.

QUEENSTOWN, April 18.—The City of Antwerp arrived at this port yesterday, and not the City of Baltimore, as before reported.

SOUTHAMPTON, April 18.—The steam-ship Hansa, from New-York for Bremen, arrived here at noon today.

Miscellaneous.

LONDON, April 18.—The steamer Olinda, Pernambuco for Cronstadt, with a cargo of cotton, has put into Plymouth, short of coals.

AIR-LINE ROUTE.
THE FIRST MORTGAGE
SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS
OF THE
New-Haven, Middletown and Willimantic Railroad Company
of Connecticut

ARE BEING ABSORBED AS RAPIDLY AS THE WANTS OF THE COMPANY REQUIRE. The line is located between New-Haven and Willimantic, is fifty-two miles in length, and forms the CONNECTING LINK IN THE AIR-LINE ROUTE between New-York and Boston, reducing the distance TWENTY-SEVEN MILES, and the time about one hour.

One-half of the Road will be completed and Trains running early in May; two-thirds of the total cost of the enterprise has already been expended; nearly three thousand men are engaged on the work, and before the close of the year it is expected the WHOLE LINE WILL BE IN SUCCESSFUL OPERATION. The

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

present an attractive investment. They bear SEVEN PER CENT. INTEREST, payable half yearly—May and November, in New-York—FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX, AND FROM STATE AND LOCAL TAXES IN CONNECTICUT; are issued in denominations of $500 and $1,000, and can, at the option of the holder, be REGISTERED, with or without coupon attached.

This deservedly popular Security possesses advantages which will always make it a FAVORITE INVESTMENT, and one which must be constantly in demand.

PRICE PAR AND INTEREST.

HATCH & FOOTE,
Bankers and Dealers in Government Securities,
NO. 12 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

UPHOLSTERY
GOODS.
EMBRACING NOVELTIES IN SATIN, DAMASK AND SILK AND WOOL POPLINS NEVER BEFORE OFFERED IN THIS MARKET. ALSO, SILK AND WOOL PLAIN AND STRIPED TERRY, BROCATELS, SATINS AND WORSTED TUNIS, TAPESTRY AND EMBROIDERED PIANO AND TABLE COVERS.
ELEGANT STOCK OF LACE CURTAINS JUST OPENED.
LINENS, WINDOW-SHADES, ALL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
LINOLEUM!
THE BEST FLOOR-CLOTH EVER MADE for KITCHENS, HALLS, BATHROOMS, CHURCHES, PUBLIC HALLS, CLUBROOMS, THEATERS, BANKS, HOTELS and RESTAURANTS, RAILROAD and STEAM-SHIP OFFICES, LAWYERS', MERCHANTS' and OTHER OFFICES.
6,000 YARDS A WEEK SOLD IN ENGLAND!
It is water-proof, wears TWICE AS LONG as Oil-cloth, can be washed in the same manner, is warm and soft to the feet, and of Carpet-like appearance.
IMMENSE STOCK ON HAND.
JOSIAS TAYLER & CO.,
(Successors to I. E. Walraven,)
NO. 751 BROADWAY.

FURNITURE.
PARLOR, LIBRARY
AND
Bedroom Suites
At Greatly Reduced Prices.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
NOS. 657 AND 659 BROADWAY.

TABLE AND BED LINEN
AND EVERY KIND OF
CURTAIN GOODS,
AT
Lowest Market Prices.
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Report of the Judges:
No. 520—Patent Adjustable Trusses. W. Pomeroy & Co., No. 553 Broadway, New-York.—BEST. The Committee are unanimous in reporting in favor of the superior merits of this Truss, on account of the variable adjusting force produced by means of the serrated eccentric wheel and the Finger Pad, which admits of accurate adjustment to the point where pressure is desired.
LEWIS A. SAYRE, M. D., } Committee
JAMES R. MACGREGOR, M. D., } of Judges.
A true copy from the report on file.
JOHN W. CHAMBERS, Sec. Managers.
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